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UPGRADE AND EXTENSION OF THE DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM FOR PROPULSION AND GAS DYNAMIC LABORATORIES

by

Richard A. Wendland

June, 1992

Thesis Advisor:

Raymond P. Shreeve

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Upgrade and Extension of the

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by

Richard A. Wendland Lieutenant Commander, United States Navy B.S.A.E., United States Naval Academy, 1980

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

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Author:

Richard A. Wendland

Approved by:

Raymond P. Shreeve, Thesis Advisor

Lath V. Hobson, Second Reader

Dr. Daniel J. Collins, Chairman

Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics

ABSTRACT

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Turbopropulsion Laboratory (TPL) consists of two large buildings, each with a central data acquisition system (DAS) serving multiple rotating and cascade test rigs. One building is for low-speed and one is for high-speed flow experiments. The Gas Dynamics Laboratory (GDL) consists of a single large building, closely adjacent to the other two, for which components for a central data acquisition system had been purchased, but not installed, at the inception of the present work. The GDL houses three blow-down wind tunnel facilities and a shock tube.

In planning the DAS for the GDL, commonality of the controller with the systems in the TPL was desirable in order to eliminate the need for students to learn different machines, to simplify the support task, and to interchange parts in the event of a failure. Since the TPL low-speed building was recently upgraded to use a Hewlett-Packard HP9000 Series 300 computer, two additional similar computers were purchased, one for the DAS new DAS and one to upgrade the DAS in the TPL high-speed laboratory. Thus the task in the present work was two-fold. First, software was required to be generated on the HP9000 which would enable all established DAS functions and experiments in the high-speed laboratory at the TPL to be maintained. Second, a high-speed scanning data

system was required to acquire pressure measurements in the short (minutes) duration blow-down wind tunnel tests in the GDL. Future upgrading in all laboratories would clearly depend on the experience gained in developing the high speed scanning system.

The pre-existing DAS's at the TPL incorporated Hewlett Packard HP-IB compatible scanners, digital voltmeters, system voltmeters, frequency counters and a locally developed HG-78K controller for pneumatic Scanivalves. Prior to the HP9000 acquisition, in earlier updates, the HP9830, HP9845 and HP1000 computers had been used as system controllers. Because of almost unlimited run-times of the rigs at the TPL, and the need largely to record many channels of "steady-state" measurements, the data-recording times were not a critical issue. [For "real-time" pressure measurements, a 16-channel 100 Khz capability was provided using a (non HP-IB) DMA input to the HP1000 from a now-obsolete HP5610A A/D converter].

Data acquisition was accomplished in the "steady-state" system, by computers executing individual data measurement instructions under program control. The maximum data collection rate was determined by the speed that the computers could execute individual instructions within the program between consecutive data measurement steps. Pressure sensing unit operated by the NPS HG-78K Controller. The Scanivalve unit sequentially stepped through its block of

ports collecting single pressure data once every 1.5 seconds. The HG-78K stepped the Scanivalve to the specified measurement port on commands executed by the computer. In summary, the pressure data acquisition rate was limited by the speed of the peripheral devices and by the computer's speed in executing program instructions.

The first task in the present work, to regenerate the software for the TPL "steady-state" DAS in HP BASIC 5.13 on the HP9000, served to become familiar with the computer and its programming, but no detailed report is included herein. The main task was to develop a high-speed scanning system for GDL, and this is documented in detail.

The hardware for the new system included the HP9000 Desk Top Computer System, HP6944A Multiprogrammer, Scanivalve ZOC-14 Electronic Scanning Pressure Module and CALSYS2000 Calibrator. The HP9000 serves as the computer-controller using the BASIC programming language. Data and program storage for the HP9000 is handled by a HP9153C Disc Drive incorporating a 40 mega-byte hard drive and 1.44 mega-byte 3.25" floppy drive. (The HP9153C replaced the older HP7906 Disc Drive and HP7970E Tape Drive of the HP1000 system).

The HP6944A combines several data acquisition devices (I/O Cards) into one unit. The significant feature of the HP6944A is its ability to perform specific data acquisition functions, and to control the data measurement steps without intervention from the host computer (HP9000). The HP6944A removes the

individual data measurement instructions of the program from the acquisition process, resulting in data rates which are limited only by the speed of the individual I/O card and the non-Hewlett Packard device.

In comparison with the TPL "steady-state" system, the ZOC14 module replaces the low speed rotary Scanivalve and instead
provides high speed electronic scanning of the pressure ports.
The CALSYS2000 provides ZOC control and supplies calibration
pressures to it, making the ZOC and CALSYS2000 a "packaged"
pressure measurement system.

The software which was generated to integrate the HP9000, HP6944A and Scanivalve ZOC-14/CALSYS2000 system was designated as program SCAN_ZOC_05. The complete package of hardware and software is referred to hereafter as the ZOC-14 Data Acquisition System, or ZOC-14 DAS.

In the present document, Chapter Two describes and discusses the development of the ZOC-14 DAS. The hardware, individual component operation, integration of the components into a complete system, and the application programs to operate the DAS are discussed in detail. It is hoped that this chapter will serve as a manual for the system, and as a guide to those responsible for future extensions.

Chapter Three discusses the upgraded capabilities of TPL and GDL DAS's, potential extensions and outstanding issues. (The ZOC-14 DAS is fully operational, but requires resolution of these issues to optimize the system's performance).

Finally, conclusions are drawn and a particular recommendation is made in chapter Four.

Additional details are given in the Appendices. Appendix A contains the ZOC-14 DAS application program flow chart, the application program SCAN_ZOC_05, and associated utility programs. The utility programs are used to read and display the results of the data compiled by the SCAN_ZOC_05 program.

Appendix B contains four earlier versions in arriving at the SCAN_ZOC_05 program. The program evolved in steps, as knowledge was gained on the hardware operation and integration, and software programming. Each program is annotated with pertinent information to describe the program's functional routines, and are reported as and aid to future programming.

Appendix C contains a brief guide to managing data files provided by the ZOC-14 DAS collection process. A program is listed, and instructions provided, to view and delete selected data files from the hard drive. A sample print-out of the hard drive contents is provided, showing the data file listing and unique structure for the ZOC-14 DAS data files.

Appendix D provides a listing of all major programs developed for use on the HP9000 for the TPL. A compilation of all programs, listed in groups of "directories" contained on the HP9153C hard drive, is provided. The major program listings are divided into the categories of Turbocharger Performance, AE4431 Turbomachinery Design, and several sample

routines to operate devices, perform calculations, and manipulate files.

II. ZOC-14 DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM

A. General Overview

1. Hardware

The ZOC-14 Data Acquisition System (DAS) hardware includes the Scanivalve ZOC-14 Electronic Pressure Scanning Module (Figure 1), the Scanivalve CALSYS2000 Calibration System (Figure 2), the Hewlett Packard HP6944A Multiprogrammer (Figure 3), and the Hewlett Packard HP9000 Desk Top Computer System and peripherals (Figure 4).

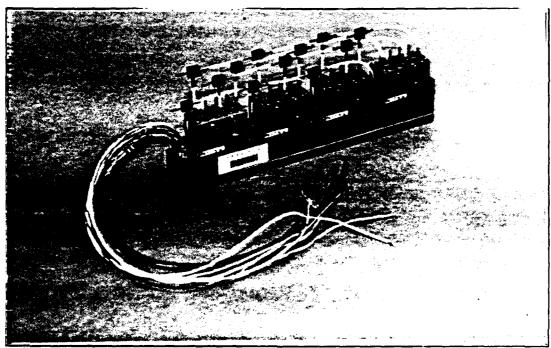


Figure 1 ZOC-14 Electronic Pressure Scanning Module

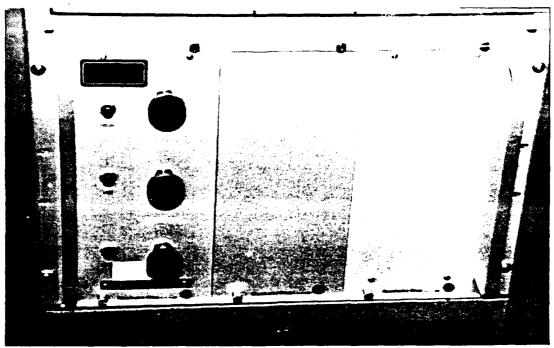


Figure 2 CALSYS2000 Calibration System

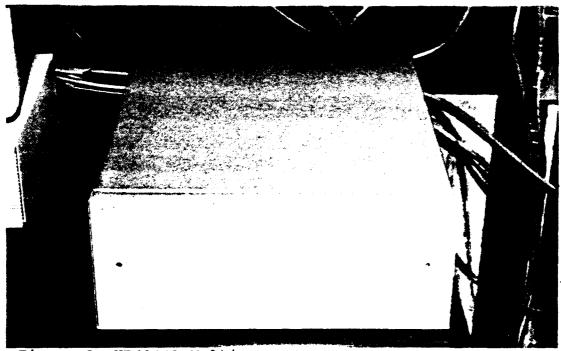


Figure 3 HP6944A Multiprogrammer

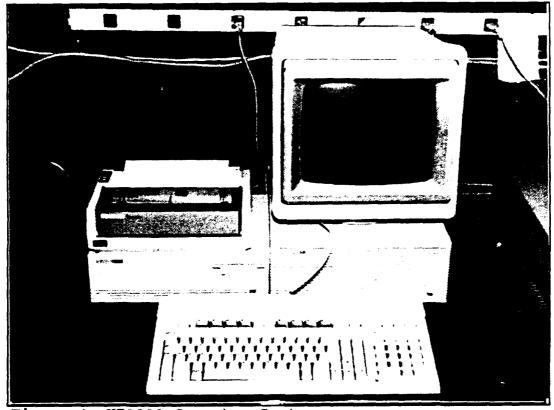


Figure 4 HP9000 Computer System

2. Software and Literature

The HP9000 is provided with BASIC 5.13 software. Online compilation occurs when a program is executed by the RUN
command. This user-friendly feature allows expeditious
changes to be made in a program without the separate time
consuming re-compilation process required by other high level
programming languages. The result is the ability to RUN a
program, change the program, and RUN the program again with
minimal effort and time, making BASIC an ideal tool for an
engineer.

The BASIC software system and documentation includes the necessary firmware provided on seven 3.25" floppy disks and twelve manuals describing the loading, utilization, and . maintenance of BASIC (Figure 5) [Ref. 1 through Ref. 12].

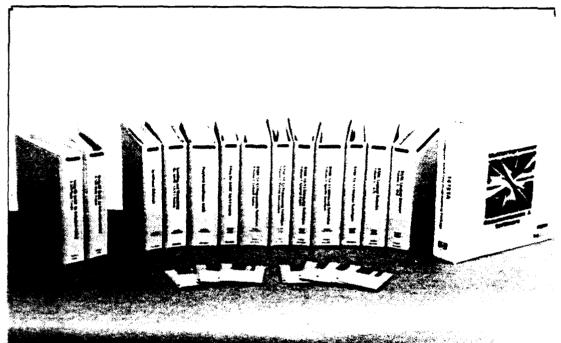


Figure 5 Hewlett Packard BASIC Program and Literature

The two volume Hewlett Packard Educational Package (Figure 5) [Ref. 13 through Ref. 14] is vital to quickly learn BASIC and its implementation with the HP9000 and the line of Hewlett Packard peripheral devices. This package condenses all the pertinent information contained in the BASIC program manuals. The novice programmer will find that the Educational Package provides the necessary fundamentals in how to use BASIC. The advanced programmer will be regularly referencing the BASIC program manuals for his programming requirements.

The HP14753A CAT Program Package (Figure 5) [Ref. 15] comprises the firmware and documentation required to set-up and operate the HP6944A Multiprogrammer. Details of this package will be discussed later in this chapter.

3. TPL ZOC-14 DAS System

The TPL ZOC-14 DAS System is an integration of all the aforementioned hardware, firmware, and newly developed software into an application package. The capability of the system is the ability to collect pressure data on multiple channels at high sampling rates, reduce the raw data, and store the reduced data using a user friendly, menu-driven operating program on the HP9000 computer. A schematic of the ZOC-14 DAS System is illustrated in Figure 6. The HP9000 computer is the central controlling device for the system. Software on the HP9000 controls data collection from the CALSYS2000 and HP6944A, data reduction, and data storage to the computer's hard drive and floppy drive. The HP6944A interfaces with the ZOC-14 modules providing electronic port selection, receiving analog voltages and converting to digital The CALSYS2000 is controlled by the HP9000, provides calibration pressure to the ZOCs, pneumatically sets the ZOC's operating modes, and provides digital data conversion of calibration pressure to the HP9000. The ZOC-14 module converts pneumatic pressures to analog voltage signals which are collected in the HP6944A.

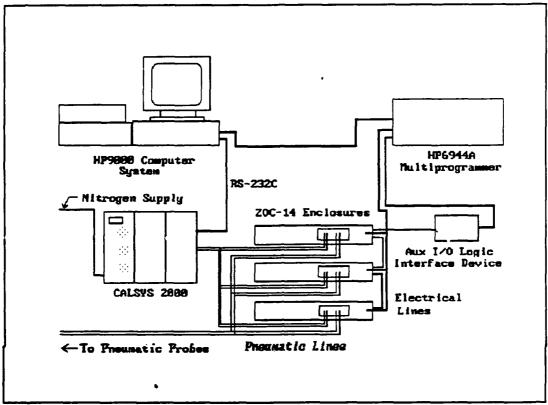


Figure 6 ZOC-14 Data Acquisition System

B. Hardware Description

1. ZOC-14 Electronic Pressure Scanning Module

a. Principle of Operation

The ZOC-14 is a 32 port electronically switched pressure sensing device. Internally, pressures are converted through semi-conductor strain gages to an analog voltage output signal for each selected port (Figure 7). The electronic switching feature allows the individual strain gages to be selected at random, and the output voltage signal to be read.

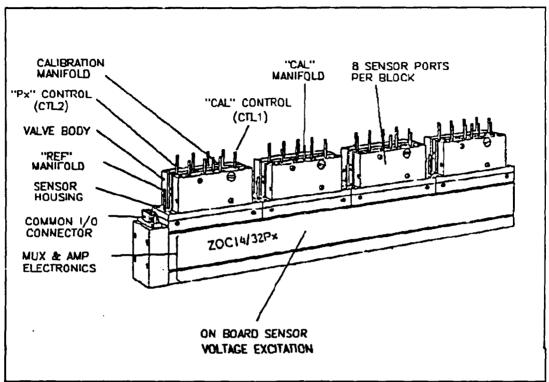


Figure 7 ZOC-14 Module Diagram

Each ZOC contains a series of valves that are pneumatically switched to set an operating mode. Shown in Figure 8 are the ports Pl through Px which are connected by pneumatic pressure tubing to the apparatus or probe where pressure is to be measured, such as the model in a wind tunnel. The Calibration Manifold and Sensor Reference Pressure Manifold are connected to the CALSYS2000 to receive a reference calibration pressure to be measured by the ZOC for calibration purposes. CAL Control (CTL1) and Px Control (CTL2) are pneumatic control lines that position the valves to set the required operating mode in the ZOC. CAL and Px control pressures are provided by the CALSYS2000.

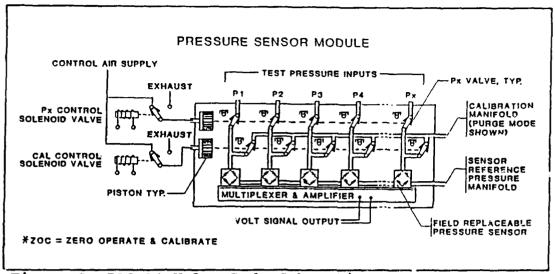


Figure 8 ZOC-14 Valve Body Schematic

The ZOC operates on the principle "ZERO OPERATE AND CALIBRATE"; hence the name "ZOC". This principle involves a two phase sequency. The first phase sets the ZOC into an "OPERATE" mode and experimental pressure data at pressure ports PI through Px are converted and recorded. The second phase sr the COC into the "CALIBRATE" mode. The CALSYS2000 provides a calibration pressure through the Calibration Manifold and Sensor Reference Pressure Manifold to each strain gage. Calibration pressure data are then collected from the ZOC for each port by the HP6944A. The HP9000 collects the pressure data from the HP6944A and digital converted calibration pressure data from the CALSYS2000. These two sets of data are plotted against each other to get a calibration curve for each ZOC strain gage.

Figure 9 illustrates the ZOC's four modes of operation. In the OPERATE mode, Pl.pressure is routed to the

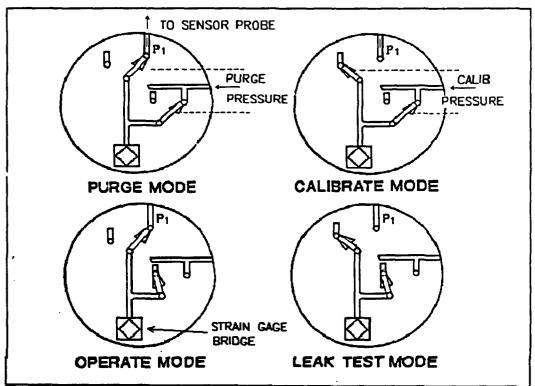


Figure 9 ZOC-14 Pneumatic Switching Modes

strain gage, and the Calibration Manifold is isolated. In the CALIBRATE mode, calibration pressure is routed to the strain gage, and the Pl pressure is isolated. The PURGE and LEAK TEST modes are used for clearing pressure lines and for diagnostic checks, respectively.

The Multiplexer and Amplifier section (Figure 8) facilitates the ZOC's high speed scanning capability. The multiplexer is driven by a five bit address input signal (AO through A4) from the HP6944A, selecting a specified port from 1 to 32 in binary code. The ZOC's electronic module is illustrated schematically in Figure 10. The analog output signal processing is accomplished within the electronic

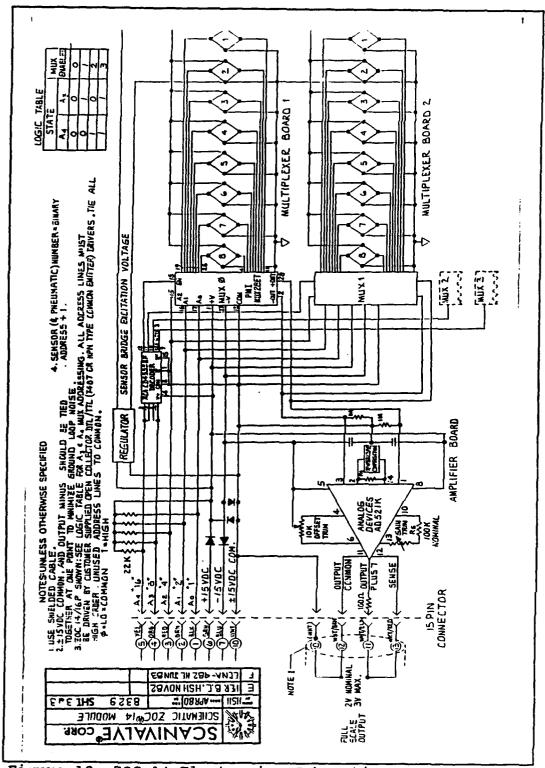


Figure 10 ZOC-14 Electronics Schematic

section of the ZOC.

Reference 16 provides all pertinent specifications, descriptions of the design and operation, and is the source document for the above technical information on the ZOC-14 Module.

b. ZOC-14 Enclosure

The ZOC-14 Enclosure was designed and built at NPS to provide a mobile and versatile module which was convenient for electronic and pneumatic connections, and provided protection in the laboratory environment. Components in the enclosure include one ZOC-14 Module (Figure 1), a 115 VAC power supply, a BNC connection for the output signal, Cannon plugs for the ZOC address input, and a pneumatic connection plate for measurement, control, and calibration pressure lines (Figure 11).

Each Px port on the ZOC-14 module has a corresponding port connection on the pneumatic connection plate. The connection plate port numbers 1 through 32 correspond to the ZOC's ports as selected by the binary address code. The Px Control, CAL Control, CAL, and REF ports on each valve block (Figure 7) are each connected to a common line as illustrated in Figure 12. The Px Control line is routed to port number 33, CAL Control to port number 34, CAL to port number 35, and REF to port number 36. Ports 37 through 48 are not used.

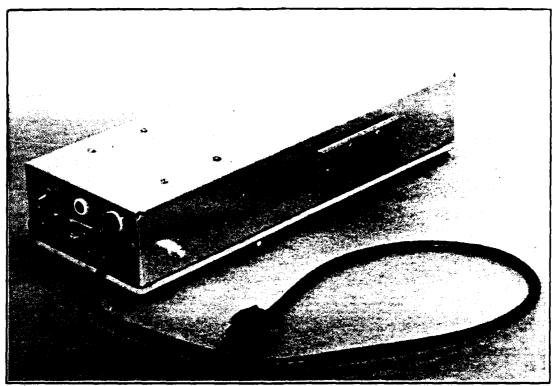


Figure 11 ZOC-14 Enclosure

The enclosure's electrical wiring is illustrated schematically in Figure 13. The two-five pin Cannon plugs are wired in parallel to jumper ZOC address line connection points between adjacent enclosures. This feature allows for one address line from the HP6944A to be connected to the first enclosure Cannon plug. The second enclosure receives its ZOC address signal from the second Cannon plug on the first enclosure by a jumper line. The third and following enclosures receive their ZOC address signals in the same sequence of connections.

A significant capability of the ZOC address control feature, in connection with the HP6944A, is the

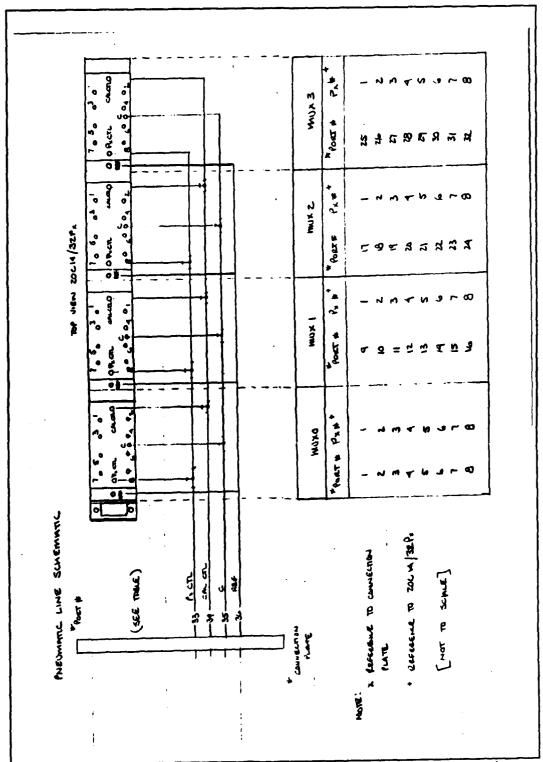


Figure 12 20C-14 Enclosure Pneumatic Line Schematic

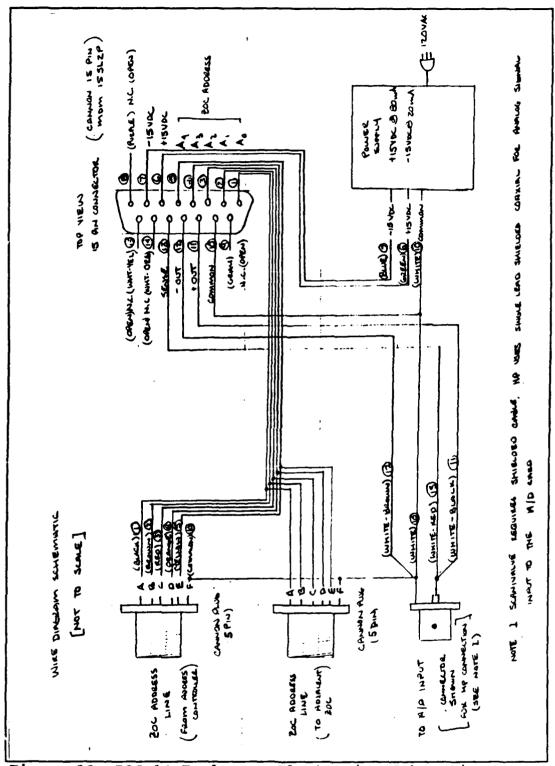


Figure 13 ZOC-14 Enclosure Electronics Schematic

ability to simultaneously collect pressure data from corresponding ports on a multiple ZOC configuration. This capability could play a significant role in determining the pressure behavior at two or more different points at the same instance in time. The number of instantaneous data points is determined by the number of ZOCs connected into the ZOC-14 DAS System.

2. CALSYS2000 Calibration Module

a. Description

The CALSYS2000 interfaces the ZOC module with the HP9000 computer by setting the ZOC mode selection as commanded by the HP9000, providing calibration information to the HP9000, and sending a reference calibration pressure to the ZOC for calibration purposes. Figure 14¹ shows a front view of the CALSYS2000 module.

The CALSYS2000 is comprised of a Calibration Module (CALMOD 2000) and a Power and Solenoid Control (PSC 2000) module. Figure 15 illustrates the external pneumatic and electrical line connections between the two modules, the nitrogen supply source and ZOC pneumatic line connections as seen in a rear view of the CALSYS2000 as it is installed at the TPL.

Figure 14 is found in Ref. 17, page 10, as Figure 1.

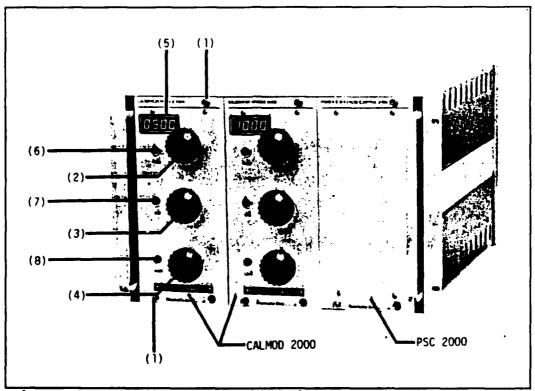


Figure 14 CALSYS2000 Calibration System

b. Calibrator Module (CALMOD 2000)

The CALMOD 2000 provides the electronic interface with the HP9000 through the serial RS-232C data link with a built-in processor. The processor responds to various commands from the HP9000 and issues control signals to actuate an array of solenoids within the CALMOD and PSC. The selective setting of the solenoids routes reduced nitrogen gas pressure to set the ZOC modes, and provide a regulated calibration reference pressure for ZOC transducer calibration. An internal Pressure Standard module samples the calibration pressure and provides a proportional analog voltage value to the processor. The processor's internal A/D and mathematical

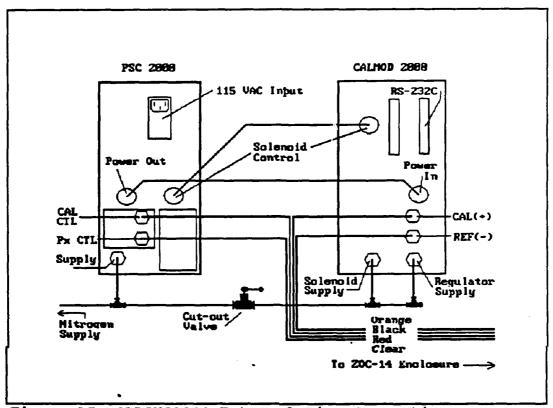


Figure 15 CALSYS2000 External Line Connections

processors return a digital measure of the pressure in either psia or inches of mercury. The CALMOD is currently set for inches of mercury. The processor provides this digital pressure value at the front window on the CALMOD (item 5, Figure 14), and also returns the value to the HP9000 following a "read pressure" command.

The CALMOD has three manually adjustable pressure regulators (items 6,7,8 in Figure 14) and associated pressure display buttons (items 2,3,4 in Figure 14). These regulators provide three different reference calibration pressures that the ZOC uses for calibration. During the calibration mode, each one of the three calibration pressures are sequentially

sent to the ZOC and the Pressure Standard. To calibrate the ZOC for positive pressures, the calibration pressure is provided through the Calibration Manifold to the strain gage transducers. To calibrate the ZOC for negative pressures, the calibration pressure is provided through the Sensor Reference Pressure Manifold to the backside of the strain gage transducer. Pressure data from the CALSYS2000 and ZOC are collected by the HP9000 and reduced to obtain calibration curves for each ZOC transducer.

Figure 16² shows the rear panel of the CALMOD 2000 with all the installed connection ports. Figure 15 illustrates the ports currently used at TPL. The CALMOD receives a camon low-pressure supply of nitrogen gas to the Solenoid Supply and Regulator Supply connections. Regulated calibration pressure is supplied to the ZOC Calibration Manifold through the CAL(+) connection, and the Sensor Reference Pressure Manifold through the REF(-) connection.

Figure 17³ shows the pneumatic lines between the CALSYS2000 and ZOC units. The TPL currently has two 15 psid and one 50 psid ZOCs. These ranges require a nominal 90 psi Regulated (Instrument' Air Supply to properly operate'. The solenoid supply is 90 psi for both the CALMOD and PSC.

² Figure 16 is found in Ref. 17, page 12, as Figure 2.

³ Figure 17 is found in Ref. 17, page 21, as Figure 5.

⁴ Refer to Ref. 17, dwg 16202, sht 1 of 9, in back of ref. 17.

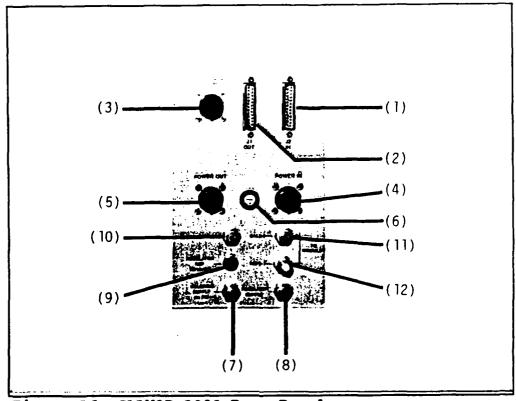


Figure 16 CALMOD 2000 Rear Panel

c. Power and Solenoid Control Module (PSC 2000)

and pneumatically controls the ZOCs. Figure 18 shows the rear panel of the PSC with all external connections. Electrical power is supplied to the CALMOD through an electrical jumper between the Power Out (item 3 in Figure 18) and Power In terminals shown in Figure 15. The PSC contains the solenoids which route control air, CAL CTL and Px CTL (item 5 in Figure 18) to the ZOC for mode selection. These two solenoids are controlled by the CALMOD through an electrical cable connecting the Solenoid Control connections (item 3 in

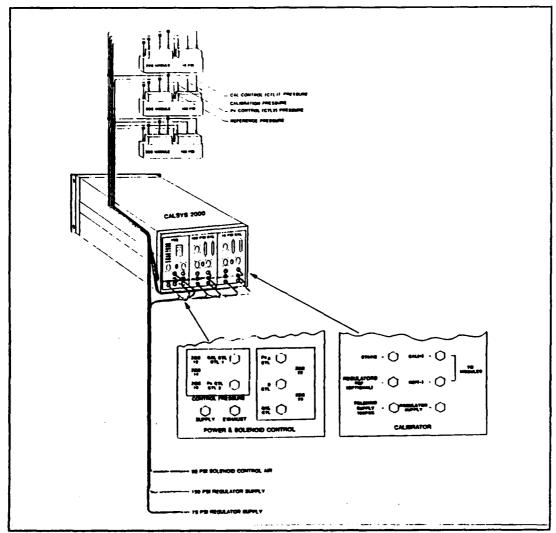


Figure 17 CALSYS2000-ZOC Pneumatic Hook-up

Figure 16 and item 4 in Figure 18). ZOC control gas to the solenoids is supplied at 90 psia from a high pressure nitrogen cylinder through the Supply port (item 7 in Figure 18).

d. CALSYS2000 Operation

The CALSYS2000 communicates with the HP9000 Computer through the RS-232C serial data link using ASCII character format commands. The commands used for the ZOC-14

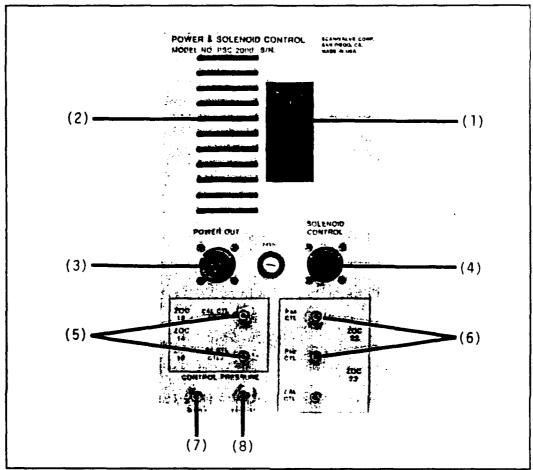


Figure 18 PSC 2000 Rear Panel

DAS are of two types:

- ◆ Commands from the HP9000 to set ZOC and CALSYS2000 modes by the actuation of control solenoids.
- Commands to provide pressure data to the HP9000, read from the Pressure Standard.

The command format for communications requires the HP9000 command statement to have the following ASCII character code format:

aCC(CR)

The "a" is the CALMOD address character which is currently "l" for the only CALMOD installed in the CALSYS2000 at the TPL. A second CALMOD would have the address character of "2". The "CC" part is the applicable command code such as "PH" which is discussed later. The "(CR)" is for a ASCII carriage return character which is "13" in decimal format.

The commands used to set ZOC and CALSYS2000 modes are summarized below:

OPERATE mode - This mode allows pressure to be measured by the ZOC by setting the valves in the ZOC to route Px air directly to the strain gage. Calibration functions are at idle. The OPERATE mode is the CALSYS2000 condition when it is first initialized or powered-up.

◆ aIC Initialize Calibrator to set the CALSYS2000 to its power-up condition

CALIBRATION mode - This mode is set at the ZOC. Calibration reference pressure is sent to the ZOC, and all gas is routed to the Pressure Standard for display on the CALMOD window, and made available to the HP9000.

- ♠ aPH Route high pressure gas from Regulator #1 to the ZOCs through the Calibration Manifold
- Route medium pressure gas from Regulator #2 air to the ZOCs through the Calibration Manifold
- aPL Route low pressure gas from Regulator #3 to the ZOCs through the Calibration Manifold

- aZO Gas in the Calibration and Reference Pressure Manifolds is equalized to atmopheric pressure in these manifolds
- aNL Route low pressure gas from Regulator #3 to the ZOCs through the Reference Pressure Manifold
- aNM Route medium pressure gas from Regulator \$2 to the ZOCs through the Reference Pressure Manifold
- aNH Route high pressure gas from Regulator #1 to the ZOCs through the Reference Pressure Manifold

Read Pressure - The CALMOD is asked for the current pressure value being sampled by the Pressure Standard. This command is used only by the ZOC-14 DAS program during the Calibration Mode. When the CALSYS2000 is in its "initialized condition", the Pressure Standard reads atmospheric pressure.

Reads the pressure sampled by the Pressure Standard and returns the value in inches of mercury in ASCII character format: "+/-1.23456E+78 at a"

Reference 17, Chapter 4, discusses the details and available command codes use by the CALSYS2000. The above codes are only used in the ZOC-14 DAS program with the HP9000. The CALSYS2000 is designed to operate from any PC using a standard modem control program.

The HP9000 and BASIC programming language required a modification of the CALSYS2000's command format factory settings. The Line-feed (LF) ASCII character in the command line corrupted the command message to the CALSYS2000 on any subsequent command following the initial HP9000 command.

Deletion of the LF from the HP9000 command resulted in uninterrupted command of the CALSYS2000.

its factory configuration, the CALMOD "handshakes" with a host computer using a "prompt record" to respond to a host computer command. (See Reference 17). Following a command issued to the CALMOD, the HP9000 would receive an interrupt error and halt the program. The BASIC line commands to handle the CALMOD prompt record could not be determined. Subsequently, the factory-set prompt record "(CR)(LF)(;)" was deleted to allow the HP9000 to continue without an interrupt error. Deletion of the prompt record "(CR)(LF)(;)" was accomplished by setting the "Null" prompt The Null prompt record was set into the CALMOD processor using the command " SMON " followed by " BP 1 ". The commands were communicated using a 386 PC with a modemcontrol program that performed computer to computer communication. The first command set the Null prompt record, the second command "burned" the Null prompt record into the CALMOD's PROM.]

e. CALSYS2000 Gas Supply System

The CALSYS2000 requires instrument quality air meeting ISA-S7.3 [Ref. 17, page 18]. The use of commercial bottled nitrogen gas more than satisfied this requirement. The supply system for the CALSYS2000 at TPL is illustrated in Figure 19. Nitrogen gas is reduced through a standard

regulator set at 90 psi, providing Solenoid Control and Regulator Air.

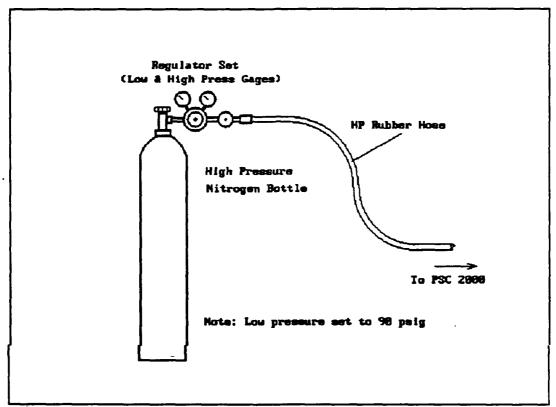


Figure 19 CALSYS2000 Nitrogen Supply

A cut-out valve (Figure 15) is installed between the PSC and CALMOD to minimize nitrogen gas consumption. The valve is set closed (handle down) when the CALSYS2000 is used in the OPERATE mode. The valve is opened for the CALIBRATE mode. Higher gas consumption occurs due to the design of the regulators in the CALMOD, which bleeds off gas to maintain a constant pressure setting.

3. Hewlett Packard Multiprogrammer (HP6944A)

a. General Description

The HP6944A (Figure 3) is a self-contained module with removable I/O cards which control various device operations or functions and interface with the HP9000. I/O cards are easily installed or removed by sliding the card into or out of an I/O slot in the enclosure. The HP9000 communicates with the I/O card through the HP6944A internal processor and Backplane Edge Connector which the installed I/O card plugs into. Electrical power supplies for the I/O cards are contained in the HP6944A enclosure. The HP6944A can support up to 16 I/O cards, depending on the cards' electrical power requirements. Figure 20 shows the HP6944A with the eight I/O cards and associated "edge plane" connecting cables used for the ZOC-14 DAS.

Reference 18 provides a detailed description of the HP6944A and a brief description of all the I/O cards available for the HP6944A. The I/O cards used in the ZOC-14 DAS are described in the following paragraphs.

b. I/O Cards

(1) 500 Khz A/D Card (HP69759A)

The A/D card provides analog to digital signal conversion from the ZOC-14 module. One A/D card is required for each ZOC. The card has a capability of performing A/D conversions at a rate of up to 500 Khz. The card is factory

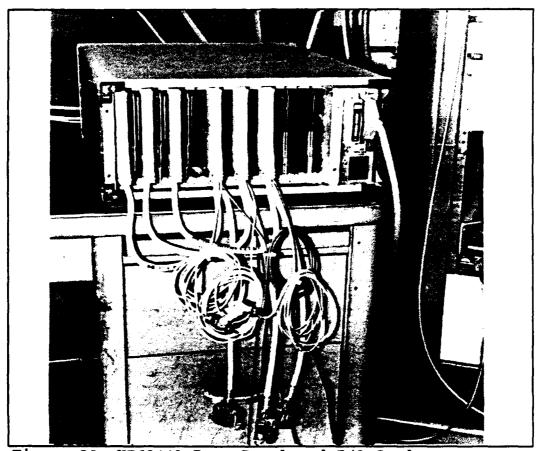


Figure 20 HP6944A Rear Panel and I/O Cards

set to handle input analog voltages between +/- 10 volts [Ref. 19]. The A/D process provides a 12 bit resolution resulting in a 5 mV digital output voltage resolution.

The HP1417A Chaining Cable (Figure 21⁵) interfaces the A/D card with the Memory Card, Pacer Card and ZOC. The digital output voltage value from the A/D card is read to the Memory Card through the HP1417A cable. The Pacer Card's trigger signal and ZOC voltage signal are received by the A/D card through Chaining Cable input leads.

⁵ Figure 21 is in Ref. 19 as figure 2-2.

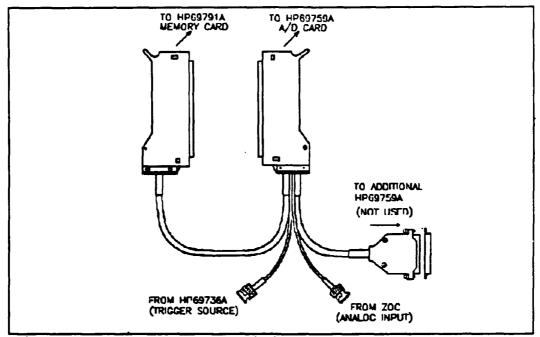


Figure 21 A/D-Memory Chaining Cable

(2) Memory Card (HP69791A)

The Memory Card is a digital data storage device used here to store ZOC voltage values from the A/D card. Data are stored in 16-bit words and the storage capacity is 65,536 words of RAM [Ref 20]. Data words can be written into the RAM at rates of up to 800 Khz. The data are extracted from the RAM into the HP9000 RAM at rates of up to 30 KHz. The difference in data rates does not limit the ZOC-14 DAS process. The DAS program is designed to collect and store all raw pressure data on the Memory Card for each acquisition cycle before any data are transferred to the HP9000.

(3) Counter/Totalizer Card (HP69775A)

The Counter Card is use in conjunction with the Timer/Pacer Card to count the number of events that occur during a specified data collection cycle. A trigger signal from the Timer/Pacer Card provides the signal pulse to step the Counter Card's integer "count-up" function. The Counter Card has two counting modes that count at rates of up to 1 Mhz [Ref. 15 and Ref. 21]. The mode used in the ZOC-14 DAS process counts from -32768 to 0. This capability allows 1023 samples per port of data, or 1023x32 events for a maximum of 32736 total data points per run.

The Counter Card provides the count value at the card's Edge Connector (Figure 22⁶) as an External Count Output. The output is a 16-bit number, which is the count value as the card is counting. Five of the sixteen bits (00 through 04) are used to drive the ZOC address value (bits A0-A4) through the Auxiliary I/O Logic Interface Device (Figure 6).

(4) Timer/Pacer Card (HP69736A)

The Pacer Card is a square wave pulse generator with a programmable pulse width feature. The pulse width is programmable down to one micro second duration or a

⁶ Figure 22 is figure 3-5 in Ref. 21.

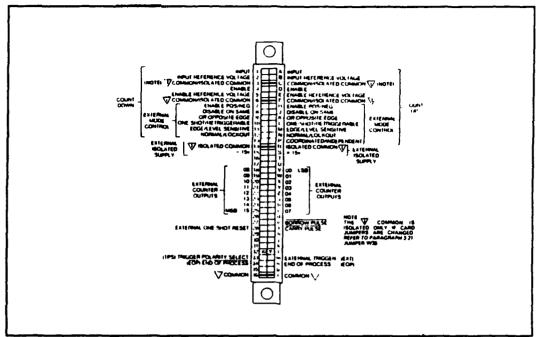


Figure 22 HP69775A Edge Connector

one MHz square wave'. The Pacer Card provides the trigger for the A/D Card and timing step trigger for the Counter Card.

c. Multiprogrammer Configuration

(1) ZOC-14 Integration

External Counter Output are the common link that interface the two devices. The Counter Card's count-up feature is used to control the ZOC port address. Starting at "-32", for which the binary equivalent is "00000" at the card edge, the card counts up to zero. Since 00000 is the binary number which is required to set the ZOC address to port number "1", the

Refer to Ref. 15 and Ref. 22 for details on the HP69736A.

counting process steps the ZOC from port 1 to port 32. The count-up process realizes the following sequence:

decimal count binary count ZOC port address

-32	00000	01
-31	00001	02
-29	00010	03
-02	11110	31
-01	11111	32

Initiating the count-up from "-64" results in two scanning passes through the 32 port ZOC-14 since only the last five bits are identified in the ZOC address. Selection of the count-up value determines the number of scans through all the ZOC's ports.

The Counter Card's external output is set to 0.0-0.5 volt for "logic low" and to 2.0-5.0 volt for "logic high" [Ref. 21, page 1-2]. The ZOC address bits (A0-A4 in Figure 10) require an open collector Transistor-Transistor-Logic (TTL) driver to provide a ground "low" and an open "high" signal. The Auxiliary I/O Logic Interface Device (Figure 23) was designed to interface the HP69775A with the ZOC. Figure 24 is the electrical schematic of the device. The TTL 7404 is powered by a 5 volt regulator [Ref. 23]. The regulator receives 15 VDC power from the Counter Card's external edge connector.

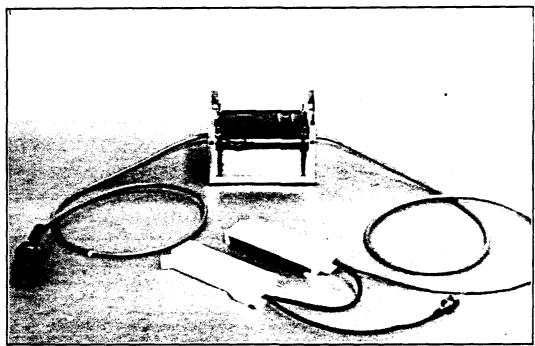


Figure 23 Auxiliary I/O Logic Interface Device

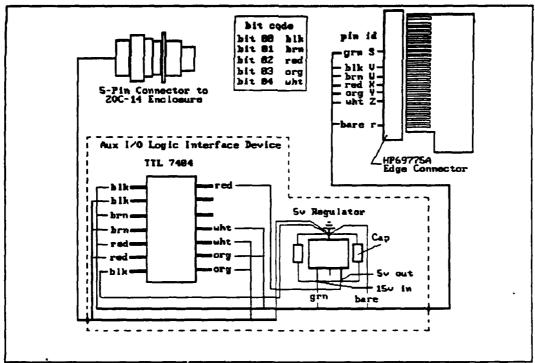


Figure 24 Auxiliary I/O Logic Interface Device Schematic

(2) I/O Card Slot Configuration

The current configuration of the I/O cards and HP6944A provides the capability to collect pressure data from up to three ZOC-14 modules. Figure 25 illustrates the I/O card configuration and wiring to support the full ZOC-14 DAS.

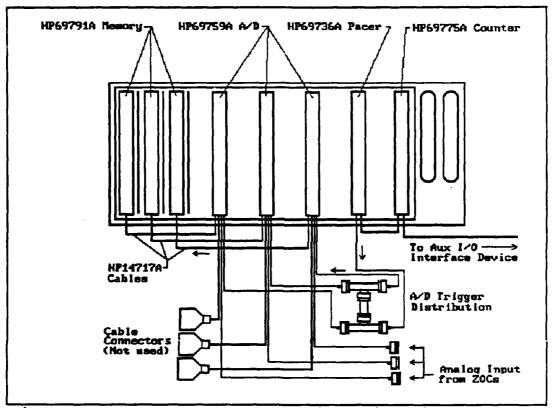


Figure 25 HP6944A I/O Card Configuration Diagram

Figure 26 shows the ZOC-14 DAS (not including the CALSYS2000) with one ZOC-14 module and all electrical lines connected.

The HP6944A has a power limitation determined by the built-in power supplies. Table I illustrates the HP6944A power supply availability and the I/O card power requirements. The HP6944A provides one 5 volt, one 12 volt and three 18 volt power supplies. The maximum amperage

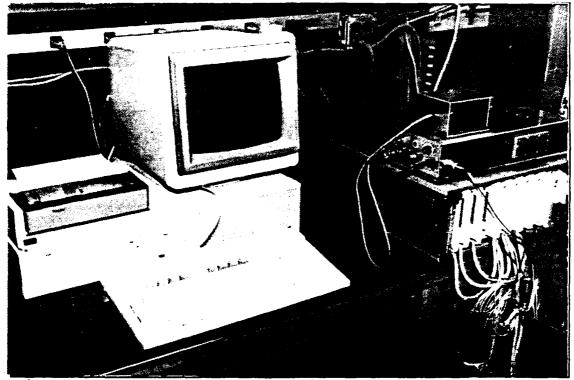


Figure 26 ZOC-14 Data Acquisition System (less CALSYS2000)

ratings are shown in Table I. The power required by the I/O cards are shown in amperes. The upper value in the table is the rating per card. For the HP69791A and HP69759A cards, the second value is the total rating for three cards of each type (which are required for three ZOC modules). The total amperage required for the three HP69759A cards exceeded the capacity of a single 18 volt power supply. Therefore, the first HP69759A card receives its power from the first 18 volt power supply. The second and third HP69759A cards receive their power from the second 18 volt power supply, from which they draw a total of 0.8 amperes. The HP69759A cards were set by the factory to draw power from the first 18 volt power

Table I HP6944A Power Supply Allocation

Device	Power	Suppli	es				
HP6944A	+5V 16.0A (1)	+12V 2.0A (1)	-12V 2.0A (1)	+18V 0.85A (3)	-18V 0.4A (3)		
Cards	Power	Power Required					
HP69791A	3.6A 10.8A						
HP69759A HP69759A HP69759A	0.7A 0.7A 0.7A			(1)0.4A (2)0.4A (2)0.4A	(1)0.075A (2)0.075A (2)0.075A		
HP69736A	0.75A						
HP69775A	0.75A	0.12A	0.15A	(1)0.12A	(1)0.150A		
TOTAL	14.4A	0.12A	0.15A	(1)0.52A (2)0.80A	(1)0.225A (2)0.150A		

supply. Access to the second 18 volt power supply required alterations to be made to the Power Supply Jumpers for the second and third HP69759A cards [Ref. 19, page 3-1].

C. ZOC-14 DAS Software Description

1. General Overview

Hewlett Packard's BASIC 5.13 program language is utilized by the HP9000. Code is written in this language to communicate with the various data acquisition devices, process data and store the data to disk, and to output results on a printer or plotter. The HP6944A, a central component of the ZOC-14 DAS, is a relatively complex device which can perform numerous functions depending on how it is configured. The use of the HP6944A here required the generation of a unique software package in BASIC that integrated the HP6944A internal processor with the configuration of I/O cards selected here. The HP14753A Computer Aided Test (CAT) Programming Package provided the means to generate the software for that interface.

2. Data Acquisition Program

a. HP14753A CAT Program Package

The HP14753A CAT Programming Package (Figure 27)[Ref. 15] is software (and documentation) required to operate the HP6944A and the associated I/O cards. The programmer uses the Hewlett Packard provided skeleton CAT example program to develop a tailored application program to perform specific processes. The ZOC-14 DAS application program, was developed using the CAT Programming Package, to



Figure 27 HP14753A CAT Programming Package

perform ZOC data collection, reduction, and storage titled "SCAN_ZOC_05" (Appendix A, Figure Al7).

The CAT programming package provides the capability of integrating selected I/O cards into a unique function that combines the cards' capabilities into one function. Two particular applications used here combined the A/D and Memory Cards into a "Buffer" function, and the Pacer and Counter Cards into a "Timer" function.

The Buffer function performs the task of collecting analog data at a collection rate controlled by an external trigger device, converts the analog data to digital format, and temporarily stores the data. The Buffer function allows the high speed data collection rate of 500 KHz, which is only limited by the A/D conversion rate. Figure 28 is a

schematic of the wiring that links the A/D and Memory Cards together through the HP1417A Chaining Cable (Figure 21).

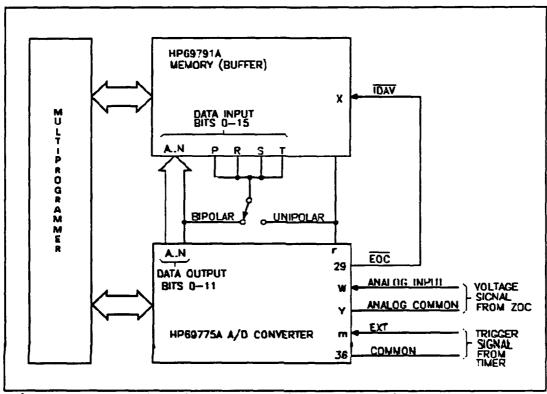


Figure 28 Buffered A/D Function Schematic

pulse of a specified pulse width and a specified number of repetitions. The pulse width determines the data collection rate. In the present application, the repetition number divided by 32, the number of ports on the ZOC-14, determines the number of scans the ZOCs undergo. The repetition number is therefore always a multiple of 32. Figure 29 is the schematic of the wiring that links the Counter and Pacer Cards together. The edge connectors and cables which were made to implement the wiring shown in Figure 29, can be seen in

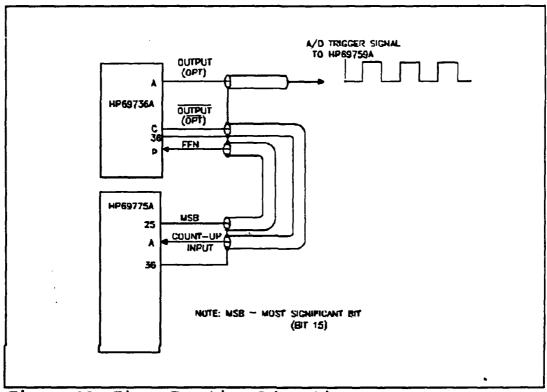


Figure 29 Timer Function Schematic

Figure 23.

The CAT programming process requires identification of the installed I/O cards and their initial function settings through a user-specified "Configuration File". The file provides the flexibility of writing a general application program that works readily with various configurations of the HP6944A(s). Each configuration file is unique to each HP6944A hardware configuration⁸.

⁸ The Configuration File must accurately reflect the HP6944A(s) I/O card configuration or a software error occurs.

Print-outs of the ZOC-14 DAS program Configuration

File are listed in Figure Al⁹. [Note that the names listed in Figure Al are variables used by the program SCAN_ZOC_05.]

b. DAS Program Design

(1) Program Design Features

The ZOC-14 DAS Program SCAN_ZOC_05 incorporated several design features intended to obtain a user-friendly data collection program. The program

- ♦ has full control of the ZOCs and CALSYS2000 as interfaced with the HP9000 and HP6944A
- utilizes the Zero Operate Calibrate principle for data collection from the ZOCs
- uses keyboard function keys to allow selection of various operations within the program
- creates and identifies data files automatically based on the type of data, date, and run number
- offers data file storage on hard and floppy disk drives.

(2) Data Files

Three different data files are used when acquiring data from each ZOC-14. Implementation of the Zero, Operate and Calibrate procedure required the data acquisition process to

collect and store raw pressure data from the ZOCs

⁹ Reference 15 provides details on Configuration File creation and alterations.

- collect and store calibration pressure data from the ZOCs and corresponding applied pressure standard data from the CALMOD 2000
- reduce the raw pressure date using calibration curves and store the reduced pressure data.

The program uses BDAT type files with Integer and Real number formats¹⁰. The raw data file is in Integer (2-byte) format, with each record corresponding to an output voltage value.

The calibration file uses a Real number (8-byte) format storing data from a 33 row by 11 column array¹¹. Each row (1-32) corresponds to a ZOC Port. The Zero (0) row contains ZOC-specific parameters. Columns 4-10 in the Zero row contains pressure values measured by the CALMOD Pressure Standard for each of the seven calibration settings. Columns 4-10 (rows 1-32) contain voltages output by the ZOC for each of the calibration pressures applied through the CAL and REF manifolds. Columns 0-3 (rows 1-32) contain calibration curve fit coefficients for a third order polynomial. These coefficients are derived using the Least Squares numerical curve fit method using the recorded voltages (rows 1-32) plotted against the applied (standard) calibration pressures (row zero). Each row in the array corresponds to a record in the calibration data file consisting of 8x33 bytes.

Refer to Ref. 6, chp 7, for details and advantages of BDAT format files compared to ASCII files.

Refer to Figure Al7, lines 2350 to 2440.

byte) format, storing data from a n-row by 33 column array.

Each row corresponds to one scan of a ZOC. The first column (0) stores the nth-scan number. Columns 1-32 correspond to the output of each ZOC port converted to pressure units (inches of mercury). Each array row occupies a record of 8x33 bytes in the reduced data file.

Figure 30 provides a sample listing of the data files created in acquiring data using three (3) ZOCs in one (1) acquisition cycle.

-	00,0,1 Umbe labe	T. DATA					
			REC/FILE	BYTE/REC	ADDRESS	DATE	TIME
ZW1	205161 •	BDAT	97	2	592	16-May-92	14:54
ZH2:	205161	BOAT	97	2	594	16-May-92	
ZH3:	205161	BOAT	97	2	596	16-May-92	14:54
ZC1:	205161	BDAT	33	88	598	16-May-92	14:55
ZC2	205161	BDAT	33	88	611	16-May-92	14:55
ZC3	205161	BDAT	33	88	624	16-May-92	14:55
ZR1	205161	BDAT	3	264	637	16-May-92	14:55
ZR2	205161	BDAT	3	264	642	16-May-92	14:55
ZR3	205161	BDAT	3	264	647	16-May-92	14:55

Figure 30 ZOC-14 DAS Data File Listing

Each data file name uses the format,

<ZW><ZOC #><Date><Run #>

"ZW" identifies raw data files. ("ZC" identifies calibration data files, and "ZR" identifies reduced data files). The ZOC # is for ZOCs 1-3. The format for the date is YMMDD. The Run # has values 1-99. Hence, for example, the file ZR1205161 holds reduced data for ZOC #1 collected on May 16, 1992 during

Run #1. The REC/FILE column shows three records, identifying that three scans of data for the 32 ports were collected. The BYTE/REC column identifies 264 bytes for each record (scan), corresponding to the 8x33 bytes for the row format addressed in the previous paragraph.

(3) Program Functional Flow Process

The program SCAN_ZOC_05 follows the functional flow process illustrated in Figure A2 through Figure A16 in Appendix A. The program relies on extensive use of subroutines to maintain program architectural simplicity through use of the CALL statement. The option to use one to three ZOCs requires only the repetitious use of the different subroutines.

The main program is segmented into blocks. Each block or set of blocks is initiated by a function key (ie. fl through f8). The "GOTO Hold" statement executes a continuous loop sequence which is only interrupted by a function key selection, thus providing the mechanism for program control.

The storing of raw pressure data and calibration data onto the hard drive allows repeated data collection runs. The data reduction routine is function key selected and can be performed after each data collection run, or at any later time. The program prompts the user for data

file name information when data reduction is not selected immediately following a data collection run.

c. DAS Program Use

(1) HP9000 Operation and Rudimentary Commands

The HP9000 is the controlling unit for the ZOC-14 DAS. Its operation is similar to that of a desk top computer system with no complex initialization or "boot-up" process.

The HP9000 has its own built-in boot-up routine as an integral part of BASIC [Ref. 4]. The boot-up process addresses the "SYSB51.HP-UX" file on the hard drive's root directory for loading various function drivers called "Binaries". Integration of the HP14753A CAT programming package in the present work required modification to the SYSB51 file to provide sufficient RAM space to operate the CAT programs¹².

The boot-up process is initiated when power is applied to the HP9000. The CRT begins displaying a series of screens during the boot-up. With the modification which was made to the SYSB51 file, completion of the boot-up process now gives the screen display shown in Figure 31, which is generated by the AUTOST program file. This screen, referred

Refer to Ref. 4, chp 5 and Ref. 15, pg. 1-5, for details on the SYSB51 file modifications.

to as the "Main Menu", provides a function key selection menu to access the operations available on the HP9000.

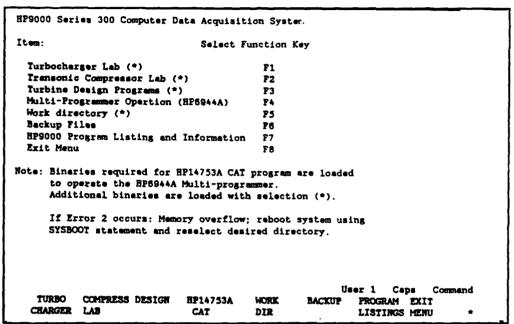


Figure 31 HP9000 Initial CRT Screen Display

Selection of the "F8" function key clears the screen and places the user in the root directory. At any time when the term "idle" is displayed in the lower right corner of the CRT screen, there are no programs in execution, and the user can make keyboard command entries.

There are five essential, rudimentary commands that the user needs to know to use BASIC¹³. These commands are LOAD, RUN, CAT, MSI, and RE-S DRE. The LOAD command will load the program which is named between quotes into the HP9000 RAM. RUN will execute the program currently in RAM. CAT will

¹³ It is recommended that the user reviews Ref. 13 and 14 for an operational understanding of BASIC.

list to the CRT screen all the files on the current storage drive and directory. MSI ("MASS STORAGE IS") will select a directory and/or drive to be what is named between quotes. The RE-STORE command copies the program in the RAM to the file on the currently named MSI. Caution must be applied when using the RE-STORE command. This command will write over any previously existing program with the same name, resulting in the loss of the previous program.

Return to the Main Menu is possible from any directory on the hard drive. Located on the root directory of the hard drive is a program called "RETURN_MAIN". Load the program by typing the following commands:

- ◆ LOAD "/RETURN MAIN", followed by the <Enter> key
- RUN, followed by the <Enter> key

The "/" character identifies the root directory. The above two steps apply for loading and executing any program.

(2) Operating the ZOC-14 DAS Program

The ZOC-14 DAS Program uses function keys and selective keyboard data entries. The following steps should be followed to operate the ZOC-14 DAS.

- 1. Main Menu: Depress function key F4 (Figure 31) to call-up the HP Multi-programmer Operating Menu.
- 2. HP6944A Operation Menu: Depress function key Fl to call-up the ZOC-14 Modules Menu.

3. Zoc Electronic Pressure Module Operation Menu: Figure 32 is displayed.

```
Zoc Electronic Pressure Module Operation Menu
                               Select Function Key
 Scan 1-3 ZOC-14 Modules (32 ports ea)
 Read reduced data from ZOC-14 module
                                          F2
 Plot reduced data from ZOC-14 module
 Read CALSYS 2000 calibration pressures
                                         F4
 Read tabulated calibration data
                                          F5
 Plot Calibration data
                                         FS
 HP6944A Main Menu
                                         F7
 Exit Menu
                                          FA
                                                       User 1 Caps
                                                                      Command
  SCAN 1-3 READ ZOC PLOT ZOC READ
                                        TABULATE PLOT CAL HP6944A EXIT
  20CS
           DATA
                   DATA
                            CALSYS20
                                        CAL DATA DATA
                                                          MENU
                                                                   MENU
```

Figure 32 Zoc Electronic Pressure Module Operation Menu

- 4. Check: Ensure that the CALSYS2000, ZOC Enclosure and HP6944A are properly connected and energized.
- 5. Check: Ensure that the nitrogen gas supply is connected to the CALSYS2000 and about 90 psi is set on the regulator.
- 6. CALSYS2000 Regulators: Set the High, Medium, and Low Pressure regulators on the CALSYS2000. The three pressure values should be evenly distributed within the span of the ZOC's positive pressure rated range. Precise settings are not critical. Since 50 psid and 15 psid ZOCs are used presently, set the regulators between 0-30.6 inches of mercury to avoid over pressurizing the 15 psid ZOCs.
- 7. CALSYS2000 Verification: Select function key F4 (Figure 32) to cycle the CALSYS2000 and verify the pressure settings. (Note: This should be done whenever the CALSYS2000 is first energized to clear the RS-232C of noise). Completion of this step returns the HP9000 to the ZOC operation menu.

- 8. Load SCAN_ZOC_05: Select function key F1 (SCAN ZOCS) from the ZOC operation menu to initiate ZOC scanning program SCAN_ZOC_05.
- 9. Introduction: A series of screen displays occur while SCAN_ZOC_05 is loading. The "Introduction" screen (Figure 33) is displayed indicating that the program is waiting for a function key input.

Introduction. Program SCAN_ZOC_05: - Scans 1-3 Zoc-14 Modules simultaneously (32 pressure sensing ports each). - Uses Zero Operate Calibrate (ZOC) principal: - Collects raw pressure data (Zero Operate) - Collects calibration data (Calibrate) - Reduces and stores data on selected hard or floppy drive. - CALSYS2000 Calibration Module used for the reference pressure standard. - Raw pressure data reduced using calibration data from CALSYS2000 and Zocs in the calibration mode. Input variables: Hard and Floppy drive for data storage Sample frequency per port (1-50,000 Hz) Samples per Port (1-1021) Number of Zocs and their capacity Output files: Rew data -> ZW(Zoc#)(Date YMMDD)(Rum#) Calibration => ZC(Zoc#)(Date YM*DD)(Run#) Reduced data => ZR(Zoc#)(Date YM*DD)(Run#) Select F2 key for Key Menu, F3 for system inputs, or F6 for data reduction. User 1 Caps Command Collect Reduce Exit Intro Kay Set-up Data List Menu Preps Data Data Copy

Figure 33 SCAN ZOC 05 Introduction Screen

- 10. Set-up Selection: Select function key F3 (Set-up) to initialize the program. The "Set-up" screen will be displayed. (Note, selection of F4 or F5 at this time results in an error message and asks for reselection.)
- 11. Set-up Inputs: The user will be prompted for the designated data storage drive (select :,700,0,1 if equipped) 14, data acquisition rate, the number of

TPL's HP9153C Disk Drive has two partitions. Drive:,700 is the main drive and is in HFS format with 10 Mbytes of space. Drive:,700,0,1 is the second "DATA" drive and is in LIF format with 30 Mbytes of space. LIF format has faster data transfer rates.

samples per port (scans) of data to be taken, and the number of ZOCs to be used. For each ZOC, the user will be prompted for the CALMOD to be assigned to the ZOC. Currently only one CALMOD is installed. Enter 1 for all three ZOCs. When two CALMODs are installed, enter 1 or 2 to the applicable ZOC according to the CALMOD regulator settings.

12. Set-up Display: The System Set-up screen (Figure 34) is updated as entries are made. The program searches the data drive for data files and creates the next sequential data file name for the current date.

System Set-up. Data acquisition rate: 10000 Hz Number of samples per port: Number of Zocs to be scanned: 3 Total raw data acquisition time: .0093 sec. Total calibration data acquisition time: 10.5155 sec. Data storage disc =>:,700,0,1 Data will be stored in the following files beginning with Run # 1 ZW1204291 Raw data file: Calibration data file: ZC1204291 Reduced data file: ZR1204291 Raw data file: ZW2204291 Calibration data file: ZC2204291 Reduced data file: ZR2204291 Raw data file: ZW3204291 Calibration data file: ZC3204291 Reduced data file: ZR3204291

Figure 34 SCAN ZOC 05 System Set-up Screen

- 13. Data Collection Preparations: Select function key F4 (Data Preps) for data collection preparations (Figure 35).
- 14. Collect Data: Select function key F5 (Collect data) to begin data collection. The CRT will display the results of the collection as illustrated in Figure 36.
- 15. Data Reduction: To reduce data, select function key F6 (Reduce Data). To make changes to the Set-up, select function key F3. To conduct another raw data collection run, select function key F4. To exit the

program, select function key F8. Selection of F6 results in the display illustrated in Figure 37.

16. List/Copy Files: Selection of function key F7 (List Files) will list all current data files on the storage drive as illustrated in Figure 38. The user

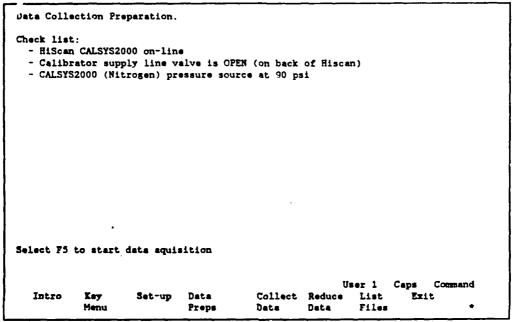


Figure 35 SCAN ZOC 05 Data Preparations Screen

will be prompted if he wants to store all the listed files to the floppy drive :,700,1. Selection of "Yes" results in the over-writing of the old files with the same file name.

- 17. Exit: Select function key F8 (Exit) to exit the SCAN_ZOC_05 program and return to the ZOC operation menu (Figure 32).
- 3. Data Analysis and Auxiliary ZOC-14 Programs

a. Utility Programs

The ZOC operation menu (Figure 32) displays several utility programs which were written for system analysis and

```
Collecting raw pressure data.
Raw data collection complete.
Raw pressure data: Run# 1 , Zoc# 1 , storage drive file ZW1204291:,700,0,1
Raw pressure data: Run# 1 , Zoc# 2 , storage drive file ZW2204291:,700,0,1 Raw pressure data: Run# 1 , Zoc# 3 , storage drive file ZW3204291:,700,0,1
Collecting calibration data.
Calibration data: Run# 1 , Zoc# 1 , storage drive file ZC1204291:,700,0,1
Calibration data: Run# 1 , Zoc# 2 , storage drive file ZC2204291:,700,0,1 Calibration data: Run# 1 , Zoc# 3 , storage drive file ZC3204291:,700,0,1
Calibration data collection complete.
*** Secure Calibrator pressure valve to conserve Nitrogen ***
CALSYS2000 Calibration modes and pressures (in Hg):
      Mode
                     Zoc #1
                                        Zoc #2
                                                          Zoc #3
      NH
                     -30.1544
                                       -30.1544
                                                          ~30.1544
                                                          -17.9976
       NM
                     -17.9976
                                       -17.9976
       NL
                      -7.3819
                                        -7.3819
                                                          -7.3819
       70
                        .0034
                                           .0034
                                                             .0034
       PL
                       7,4005
                                         7.4005
                                                           7.4005
       PM
                      18.0194
                                        18.0194
                                                           18.0194
       PH
                      30.2072
                                        30.2072
                                                           30.2072
Select F4 for another data run, or F6 to reduce data
                                                                 User 1 Caps Command
             Key
                        Set-up Data
                                                Collect Reduce List
                                                                               Exit
   Intro
             Menu
                                   Preps
                                                Date
                                                           Data
                                                                     Files
```

Figure 36 SCAN_ZOC_05 Data Collection Screen

data display. These utility programs, listed in Appendix A, are tailored for use with the SCAN_ZOC_05 data file formats¹⁵.

b. ZOC-14 Utility Program Application Examples

An air source regulated to 30.0 inches of mercury gauge was used to verify the acquisition hardware and software. Application programs were written to analyse the results.

Data files created from previous versions of the SCAN ZOC programs listed in Appendix B are not compatible with the listed utility programs.

Calibration and Raw data reduction and storage. Current files on storage disc :,700,0,1 for data 20429 ZW1204291 ZC1204291 ZW2204291 ZC2204291 ZW3204291 ZC3204291 Data reduction: Run# 1 , Zoc# 1 Calibration data reduced and transferred to ZC1204291 Raw data reduced and transferred to ZR1204291 Data reduction: Run# 1 , Zoc# 2 Calibration data reduced and transferred to ZC2204291 Raw data reduced and transferred to 7R2204291 Data reduction: Run# 1 , Zoc# 3 Calibration data reduced and transferred to ZC3204291 Raw data reduced and transferred to ZR3204291 Select F3 reinitialize set-up for data collection, or F8 to Exit User 1 Command Intro Key Set-up Data Collect Reduce List Exit Menu Preps Data Data Files

Figure 37 SCAN_ZOC_05 Data Reduction Screen

List Raw, Calibration and Reduced data files. Data storage drive name => :,700,0,1 Current files on storage disc for date 20429 ZW1204291 ZC1204291 ZR1204291 ZW2204291 ZC2204291 ZR2204291 ZW3204291 ZC3204291 ZR3204291 Select F2 to return to menu, or F8 to Exit Command Intro Key Set-up Data Collect Reduce List Exit Menu Preps Data Data Files

Figure 38 SCAN ZOC 05 List Files Screen

The program "READ_ZOC" (Figure A18) is selected by function key F2 (READ DATA). The program's results are illustrated in Figure 39 for ZOC #3 (rated at 15 psid). The

```
Period between samples (sec): .0001
    Sample collection rate (Hz): 10000
    Number of samples per port:
    Length of data run (sec):
Data Tabulation for Port # 1 from file: ZR3204291
Sample
            Time (sec)
                           Pressure (Hg.)
             0.00000
                            29.62346
              .00320
                            29.56425
              .00640
                            29.62346
Data Tabulation for Port # 2 from file: ZR3204291
Sample
            Time (sec)
                           Pressure (Hg.)
             .00010
                            29.62771
              .00330
   2
                            29.62771
              .00650
                            29.62771
Enter port number for data (0=Exit):
                                                        User 1 Caps
                                                                      Command
  EDIT
           Continue RUN
                             SCRATCH
                                         LOAD "" LOAD BIN LIST BIN RE-STORE
```

Figure 39 READ_ZOC Data Results

displayed pressure is the reduced pressure value calculated from the SCAN_ZOC_05 program. The output pressure is derived using the recorded transducer output voltage and the curve fitted to the calibration data for the identified port. The output values are seen to be within 1.3% of the applied pressure.

The program "PLOT_DATA" (Figure A19) is selected by function key F3 (PLOT DATA). The results from ZOC #3 are displayed in Figure 40 and Figure 41.

The program "CAL_READ_PR1" (Figure A20) is selected by function key F4 (READ CALSYS20). The results are displayed in Figure 42.

The program "TABULATE_ZOC" (Figure A21) is selected by function key F5 (TABULATE CAL DAT). This program displays the

```
Program plots reduced data from file ZR3204291
Statistics for Zoc # 3
    Period between samples (msec): .1
    Sample collection rate (Hz): 10000
    Number of samples per port:
   Length of data run (msec):
Data point can be plotted as a continuous line, or squares.
Note: Wait for symbol '*' in lower right corner of CRT to change
     to a '-' before pressing <Shift><Dump Graph>
                                                        User 1 Caps
                                                                       Command
  EDIT
                                         LOAD "" LOAD BIN LIST BIN RE-STORE
           Continue
                      RUN
                             SCRATCH
```

Figure 40 PLOT DATA Alpha Screen Display

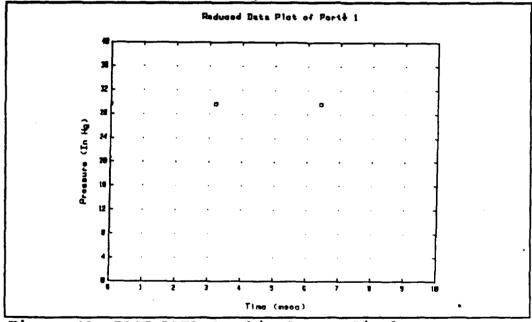


Figure 41 PLOT DATA Graphic Screen Display

first three reduced data samples of selected ports, and the associated calibration data for each selected port. Figure 43 displays the results for ZOC #3.

```
Program: CAL_READ_PR1
   This program sequentially sets the CAL2000 calibration
   modes and reads the corresponding internal Pressure Standard
   for that mode.
          PĦ
                        Positive high range pressure to CAL(+)
                        Positive mid range pressure to CAL(+)
          PM
          PL.
                        Positive low range pressure to CAL(+)
          20
                        CAL(+) & REF(-) connected together
                        Negative low range pressure to REF(-)
          NL.
          NM
                        Negative mid range pressure to REF(~)
                        Negative high range pressure to REF(~)
CAL2000: Calibration modes and pressures.
 Mode
          Pressure (in Hg)
  NH
                30,1606
  NM
                17.9945
                 7.3788
  NL.
  70
                  .0034
   PL
                 7.3912
                18.0194
   PM
   PĦ
                30.2072
```

Figure 42 CAL READ PR1 Results

```
Program tabulates Zoc pressures and calibration data from
the SCAN ZOC 05 program.
Reduced Data Tabulation at a sample rate of 10000 Hz
Port Sample 1 Sample 2 Sample 3
         29.623
                  29.564
                              29.623
                   29.628
         29.528
                              29,628
   2
   3
         -.414
                    -.414
                               -.351
          -.495
                    -.425
                               -,425
Calibration Data Tabulation for Zoc# 3
Pressure voltage readings:
Port NH
                nm nl
                                 20
                                          PL.
                                                   PM
  0 -30.154 -17.998 -7.382
                              .003
                                        7.401 18.019 30.207
 1 -2.194 -1.310 -.521 .040
2 -2.594 -1.659 -.850 -.276
3 -1.853 -1.018 -.250 .272
4 -1.770 -1.036 -.362 .101
                                        .723 1.688
.450 1.478
                                .040
                                                         2.704
                                                        2.549
                                          .909 1.820 2.770
                                          .673
                                                1.485 2.320
Calibration polynomial coefficients for Zoc# 3
Port.
            ΑO
1 -1.00116186204
2 2.45870376346
                         11.8955586742
                                             -.435562698234
                                                                  .106534210924
                         11.1095966035
                                            -.349715337703
                                                                  0940454333066
   -3.96668335674
                         12.8254266665
                                             -.523187753647
                                                                  .119575469008
   -1.98202140047
                         14.2260022322
                                             -.645728820628
                                                                  .20262038018
```

Figure 43 TABULATE_ZOC Results

The program "LS_PLOT" (Figure A22) is selected by function key F6 (PLOT CAL DATA). Figure 44 displays the calibration data with voltage verses CALMOD calibration

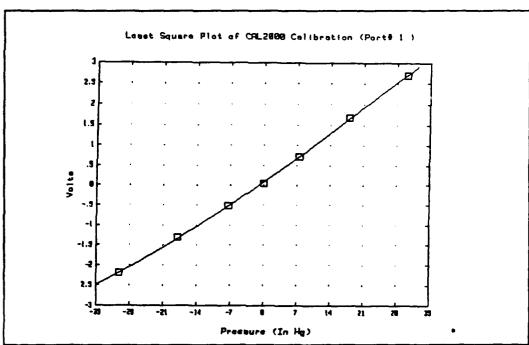


Figure 44 LS PLOT Graphic Results

pressure (squares), and the curve fitted to the collected data by the least squares method (continuous line). The results are from port #1 on ZOC #3.

III. DISCUSSION

A. Upgraded Capabilities

The ZOC-14 DAS provides the capability to perform fully automatic high-speed pressure data aquisition, data storage and reduction. For the Gas Dynamics Laboratory (GDL), this upgraded capability allows very short run-times in the transonic and supersonic wind tunnels, resulting in greatly reduced electrical power consumption by the laboratories air compressors and the elimination of delays between wind tunnel tests. Additionally, wind tunnel models will have a longer useful life. The shorter run times will reduce model erosion and the net effect is a reduced cost to operate the wind tunnels and to maintain models.

The HP9000 now serves as the controller for the DAS's in each of the three laboratories comprising TPL and GDL. Each DAS includes Hewlett Packard HP-IB compatible instruments and the HG-78K Scanivalve Controller. Low speed pressure data acquisition, using the HG-78K to operate the Scanivalve rotary port pressure sensing unit, is retained. However, for turbomachinery measurements, phase-lock data acquisition using TPL's Digital Programmable Timing Device (or PACER), can not yet be performed using the HP9000 to replace the HP1000 [Ref. 24]. TPL's PACER is electrically hard-wired into the HP1000

as an I/O device. However, the integration of the HP9000 and HP6944A, as demonstrated in the ZOC-14 DAS, is known to provide the interface capability to operate the PACER.

Temperature and low-speed pressure measurement data acquisition and processing using the HP9000 has been demonstrated in turbocharger performance mapping laboratories and transonic wind tunnel thesis research [Ref. 25]¹⁶. The HP9000 was shown to provide improved data storage handling and display capabilities (over the HP1000 system) using the HP9153 series hard/floppy disk drive and HP7475A plotter.

Development of the ZOC-14 DAS served to identify the programming and integration requirements, and the capabilities of the HP9000 and HP6944A as a subsystem. The HP9000/HP6944A as a controller and data acquisition sub-system provides to TPL and GDL the potential for extension in several prospective applications.

B. ZOC-14 DAS Outstanding Issues

The ZOC-14 DAS development is not fully complete. Several hardware, software, and performance issues need to be resolved, namely;

◆ Hardware: The CALSYS2000 is using only one CALMOD to provide calibration pressures for a specific ZOC operating range. A second CALMOD is required.

Appendix D, Figures D3-D6 are HP9000 controlled Turbocharger Performance Mapping and data display programs.

- ♦ Hardware: It was not possible to set the "PURGE" mode to clear pressure sensing lines using nitrogen gas supply.
- ◆ Software: SCAN_ZOC_05 uses a "set" 1.5 sec time delay to account for calibration pressure stabilization during the calibration process, vice a technique to monitor the calibration pressure and digitize when found to be stable.
- Performance: The maximum data sampling rate acheivable with the ZOC modules needs to be verified.
- Performance: A data error analysis needs to be carried out.
- Performance: The calibration of the CALMOD Pressure Standard needs to be verified.

Some elaboration of each of these issues follows.

The use of the present one CALMOD results in only the 15 psid ZOC being calibrated over its full pressure range when 15 psid and 50 psid ZOCs are used in the DAS. The 50 psid ZOC must be used without the 15 psid ZOCs if they are to be calibrated and used over their full range. This would reduce the pressure data measurement availability from 96 (3x32) to 32 ports. Installation of a second CALMOD would allow independent calibration of the 15 psid and 50 psid ZOC modules. The program SCAN_ZOC_05 incorporates the steps to use two CALMODs, and requires no modifications.

The PURGE mode is set by providing control gas through both the Px and CAL control lines as illustrated in Figure 8¹⁷. Currently, the required control gas pressure is not provided by the PSC when the appropriate command is sent from

¹⁷ Refer to Ref. 17, dwg 17750, PNEUMATIC DIAGRAM OF PSC.

the HP9000 to the CALMOD. The commands to set the PURGE mode are "aEC 8 Y" followed by "aEC 10 N" to set the solenoids in the PSC.

The calibration process requires a stabilization time delay to elapse between the setting of a calibration mode and the sampling of the calibration pressure by the Pressure The best method to determine the required time delay is to continuously sample the calibration pressure until the pressure stabilizes, then record the calibration pressure. The program SCAN ZOC 05 uses an empirically derived 1.5 sec "wait period" between the calibration mode selections and the pressure sampling. This time value was determined using a modified CAL_READ_PR1 program, stopwatch and oscilloscope. CAL_READ PR1 was modified with a PAUSE statement to allow observation of the ZOC voltage signal on the oscilloscope. When the signal appeared to stabilize on the oscilloscope, the CONTINUE key (F2) was depressed to sample the pressure and select the next mode. The times for six complete mode selections were recorded. The average time was found to be 1.34 seconds between depressions of the CONTINUE key. value of 1.5 seconds was selected as a conservative value to use for the time delay.

The maximum sample data collection rate has not yet been realized with the ZOC-14 DAS. Preliminary observations revealed a random fall-off in pressure values when the "input" data sampling rate was greater than 50 KHz. A more careful

analysis of the sampling rate is required to validate the current 50 KHz value and to determine the maximum data sampling rate.

An error analysis of the ZOC-14 DAS is required to determine the accuracy of the data collection and reduction process. The HP67959A A/D Cards have a documented resolution of five milli-volts for their factory set configuration as installed in the HP6944A. The Pressure Standard mounted in the CALMOD has accuracy specifications documented in Reference 17. The ZOCs have measurement accuracy specifications documented in Reference 16. The numerical Least-Squares curve fitting routine introduces a so-far unspecified uncertainty. The reduced pressure readings provided in Figure 39 compared to the 30.0 inches of mercury source pressure, provide only a single example of the pressure measurement uncertainty given by the DAS18. Derivation of the overall system uncertainty needs careful attention.

The Pressure Standard's calibration has not been verified since it's delivery. Calibration verification is essential prior to accepting pressure measurement data. Accordingly, the CALMOD calibration coefficients, derived from the calibration verification, need to be changed on the CALMOD

¹⁸ Uncertainty in the source pressure of 30.0 inches of mercury as measured by the TPL Calibration Pressure Manometer needs to be considered in the uncertainty analysis.

EPROM. Reference 17 provides the details to conduct Pressure Standard calibration and coefficient changes on the EPROM.

C. Potential Extensions and other Applications

The HP9000/HP6944A subsystem provides the hardware features necessary to integrate computer control of experiments with the data acquisition process. Three immediate applications using the HP9000/HP6944A are identified here:

- ◆ The TPL PACER can be interfaced with the HP9000/HP6944A to provide phase-locked data acquisition capability¹9.
- Kulite pressure probe measurements can be acquired using the analog signal from the conditioning amplifier. The signal would be routed directly to the Buffer A/D Function input connector, using the Timer Function to set the data collection rate and number of samples.
- ♦ GDL's transonic and supersonic wind tunnels can be operated with fully automated data acquisition and experiment control systems. The tunnel's manual backpressure valve, and electro-servo controlled translating survey probe can be operated by the HP9000/HP6944A to give fully automated control.

¹⁹ Preliminary TPL PACER interfacing techniques have been examined but not yet documented.

IV. CONCLUSIONS

The DAS upgrade and extension which is reported here has included the adoption of the HP9000 as a controller for existing HP-IB compatible DAS instrumentation, the generation of acquisition and reduction software for the existing system, and the development of a new high-speed pressure data acquisition capability. The new high-speed system involved an integration of the HP9000 with the HP6944A Multiprogrammer and with Scanivalves's ZOC-14 and CALSYS2000 systems. In the present account, emphasis has been placed on reporting the development of the ZOC-14 DAS. The hardware and software for the system have been successfully demonstrated. It has been shown that the use of the system in the Gas Dynamics Laboratory can reduce wind tunnel test times by a factor of 20.

Six issues concerning the present hardware and software have been identified as needing to be resolved, and immediate applications of the HP9000/HP6944A system to Kulite and Phase-Locked data acquisition, probe survey and tunnel condition control, have been identified. The programs and experience reported in the present document can serve to guide these extensions.

The key to developing the capabilities resident in the HP9000/HP6944A system is a thorough familiarity with HP BASIC

and HP14753A CAT programming. Therefore, the recommendation is made that formal instruction in this language and programming techniques be provided before the recommended extensions of the system are attempted.

APPENDIX A. ZOC-14 PROGRAMS

Appendix A is a compilation of pertinent information and programs used to operate the ZOC-14 DAS.

Figure Al is the ZOC-14 DAS program configuration file, "ZOC_CONFIG_05", print-out for the I/O Cards installed in the HP6944A. The print-out is produced using the CAT program "DOCUMENT". The DOCUMENT program is located on the "/HP6944A" directory (Figure D1). ZOC_CONFIG_05 is a BDAT file located in the /HP6944A directory.

Figures A2 through A16 are parts of the SCAN_ZOC_05 program flow chart. Figure A17 is the SCAN_ZOC_05 program listing with program-specific remarks anotated after the "!" character.

Figures A18 through A22 are ZOC-14 DAS utility programs located on the /HP6944A directory.

Figure A23 is the program used to display the ZOC operation menu, and define the function keys to provide menu item selection by function keys.

```
File Name: ZOC_CONFIG_05
                          26 Apr 1992 16:53:12
User ID:
List of Names:
  Bufferl
                Adcl
                              Buffer2
  Adc2
                Buffer3
                              Adc3
  Timer
*************
        Configuration for Bufferl
        Model Buffer
***********************************
Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Frame ..... 0
Slot ..... 0
Initial Mode ..... FIFO
Initial Lockout ..... Off
Timeout ..... 10
Memory Type .... 69791A
No of Extenders ... 0
Ref Reg 1 .. 0
Ref Reg 2 ... 0
Buffer Direction .. In
Front End Type .. 69759A
A/D Nemes: 1 . Adc1
2 . None
3 . None
4 . None
5 . None
5 . None
7 . None
8 . None
        Configuration for Adcl
       Model 69759A 500 KHz A/D
***********
Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Frame ..... 0
Slot ..... 7
Full-scale Range ..... +~10.24 volts
Initial Internal Range ... 10
Range Source ..... Internal
Scanner ..... None
Timeout ..... 10
Data Conversion ..... Standard
Internal Trigger ..... Disabled
External Trigger ..... Enabled
Trigger Mode ..... Multiple
Trigger Polarity ..... Negative
Lockout Polarity ..... Disabled
Master Output Enable ..... Enabled
Mux Output Control ..... Disabled
External Output Enable .... Disabled
Gate Mole ..... Multiple
Return Data With ..... Sign Extension
```

[Page 1) ZOC_CONFIG_05

Figure Al ZOC-14 Configuration File

```
Configuration for Buffer2
       Model Buffer
*********
Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Frame ..... 0
Slot ..... 2
Initial Mode ..... FIFO
Initial Lockout ..... Off
Timeout ..... 10
Memory Type .... 69791A
No of Extenders ... 0
Ref Reg 1 .. 0
Ref Reg 2 ... 0
Buffer Direction .. In
Front End Type .. 69759A
A/D Names: 1 . Adc2
2 . None
3 . None
4 . None
5 . None
6 . None
7 . None
8 . None
**********
       Configuration for Adc2
       Model 69759A 500 KHz A/D
*************
Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Frame ..... 0
Slot ..... 9
Full-scale Range ..... +-10.24 volts
Initial Internal Range ... 10
Range Source ..... Internal
Scanner ..... None
Timeout ..... 10
Data Conversion ..... Standard
Internal Trigger ..... Disabled
External Trigger ..... Enabled
Trigger Mode ..... Multiple
Trigger Polarity ..... Negative
Lockout Folarity ..... Disabled
Master Output Enable ..... Enabled
Mux Output Control ..... Disabled
External Output Enable .... Disabled
Gate Mode..... Multiple
Return Data With ...... Sign Extension
```

[Page 2] ZOC_CONFIG_05

Figure Al (cont) ZOC-14 Configuration File

```
Configuration for Buffer3
       Model Buffer
****
Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Frame ..... 0
Slot ..... 4
Initial Mode ..... FIFO
Initial Lockout ..... Off
Timeout ..... 10
Memory Type .... 69791A
No of Extenders ... 0
Ref Reg 1 .. 0
Ref Reg 2 ... 0
Buffer Direction .. In
Front End Type .. 69759A
A/D Names: 1 , Adc3
2 . None
3 . None
4 . None
5 . None
6 . None
7 . None
8 . None
**********
       Configuration for Adc3
       Model 59759A 500 KHz A/D
*********
Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Frame ..... 0
Slot ..... 11
Full-scale Range ..... +-10.24 volts
Initial Internal Range ... 10
Range Source ..... Internal
Scanner ..... None
Timeout ..... 10
Data Conversion ..... Standard
Internal Trigger ..... Disabled
External Trigger ..... Enabled
Trigger Mode ..... Multiple
Trigger Polarity ..... Negative
Lockout Polarity ..... Disabled
Master Output Enable ..... Enabled
Mux Output Control ..... Disabled
External Output Enable .... Disabled
Gate Mode..... Multiple
Return Data With ..... Sign Extension
```

[Page 3] ZOC_CONFIG_05

Figure Al (cont) ZOC-14 Configuration File

Configuration for Timer Model Timer

Multiprogrammer Type ... HP6954A or HP6944A
Interface Select Code .. 29
Iimer-Pacer Frame ... 0
Timer-Pacer Slot ... 13
Counter Frame 0
Counter Slot 15
Counter size ... 15 Bits
Timeout 10
Data Conversion Standard
Run Time Limit Checking ... No
Initial Period 2.E-6
Initial Count 0
Digital Out Controller ... No

[Page 4] ZOC_CONFIG_05

Figure Al (cont) ZOC-14 Configuration File

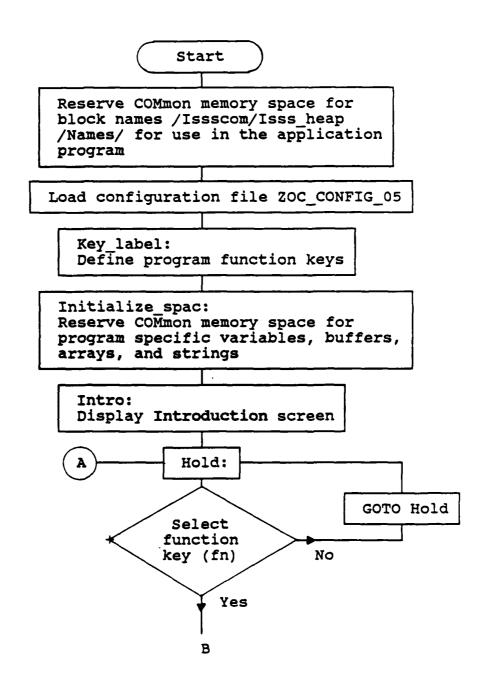


Figure A2 Program: Start-up and Initialization

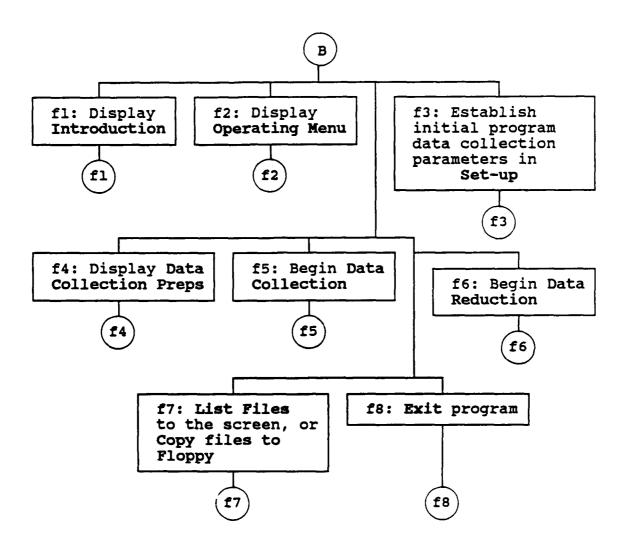


Figure A2 (cont) Program: Start-up and Initialization

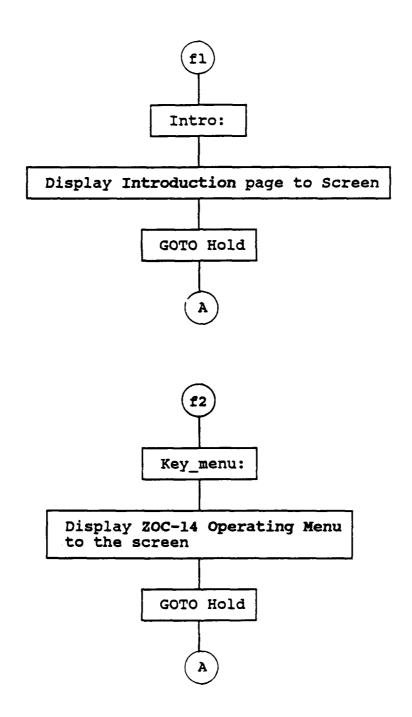


Figure A3 Program: Introduction and Operating Menu

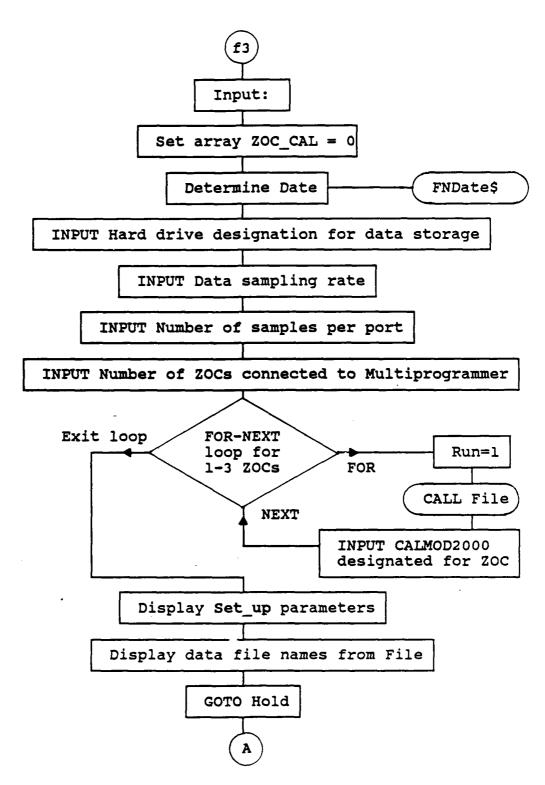


Figure A4 Program: Set-up Parameters

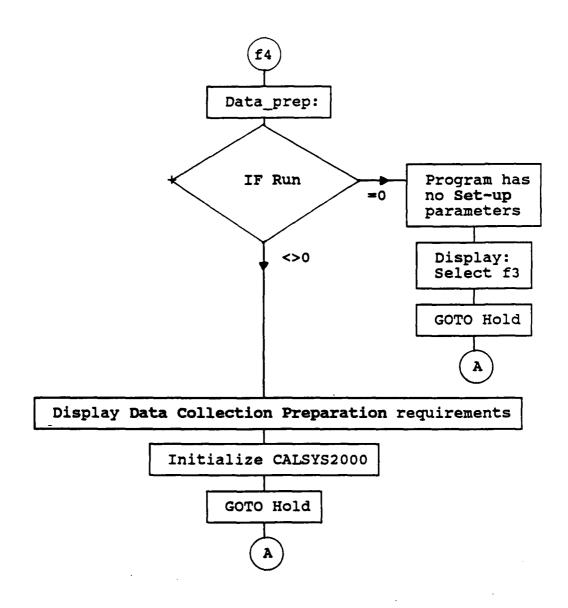


Figure A5 Program: Data Collection Preparations

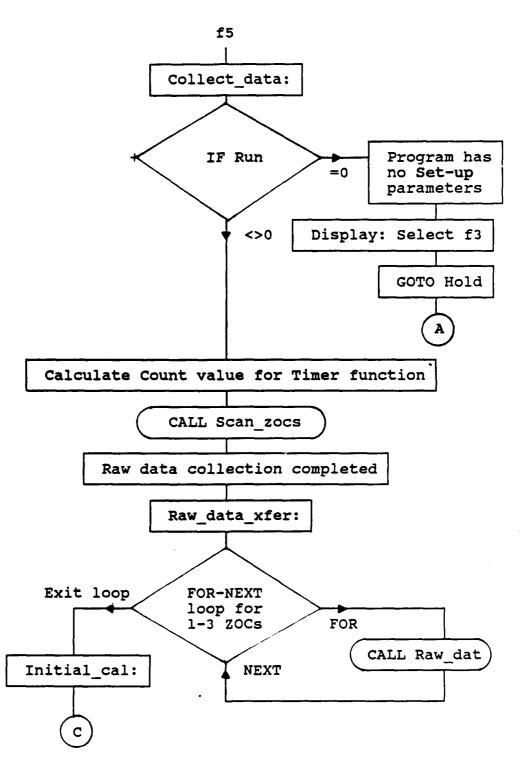


Figure A6 Program: Data Collection

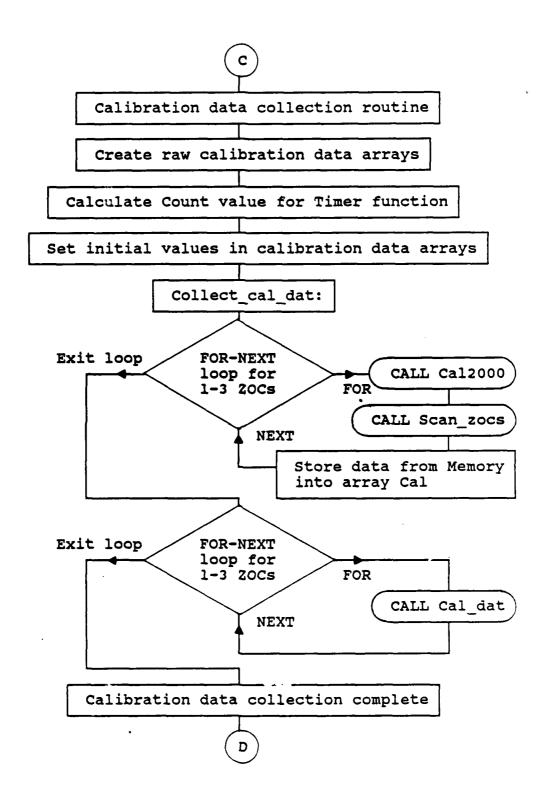


Figure A6 (cont) Program: Data Collection

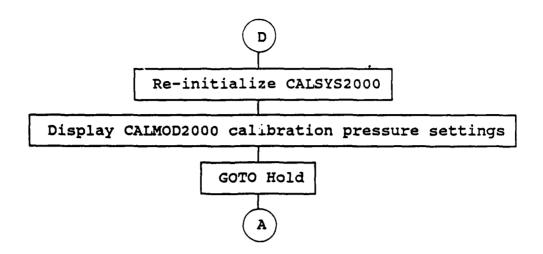


Figure A6 (cont) Program: Data Collection

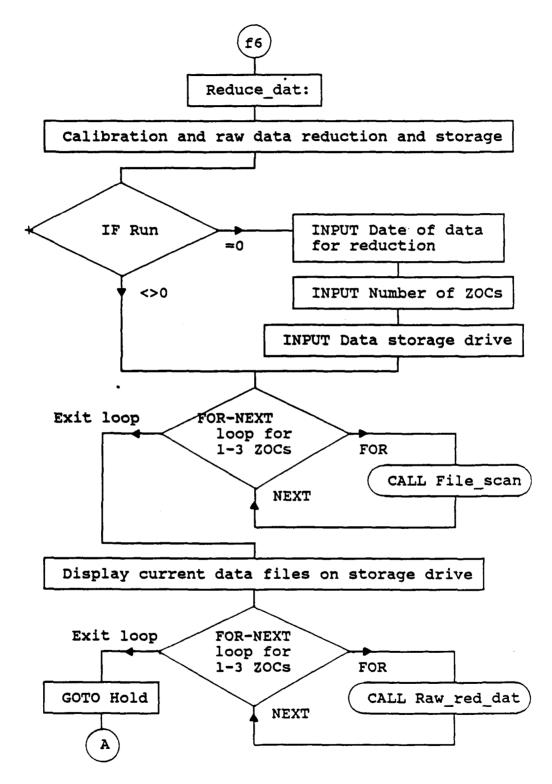


Figure A7 Program: Data Reduction and Storage

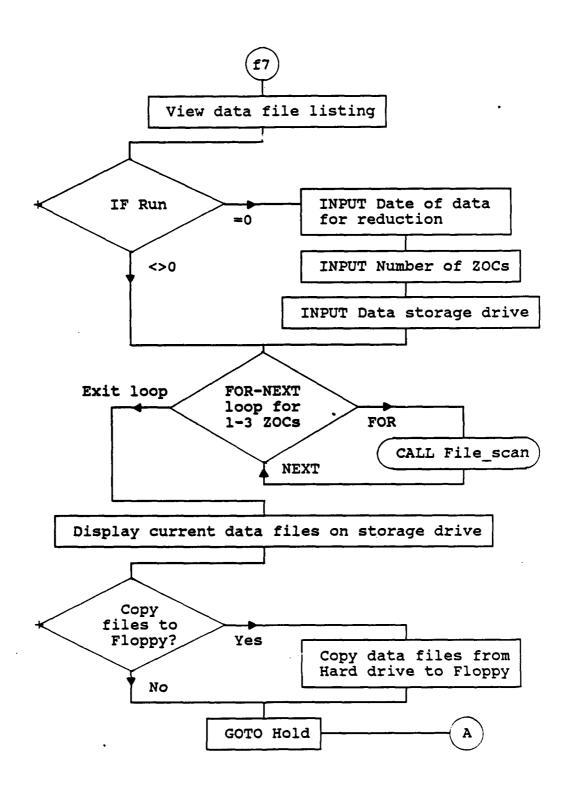
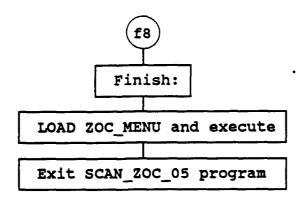


Figure A8 Program: Data File Listing and Storage



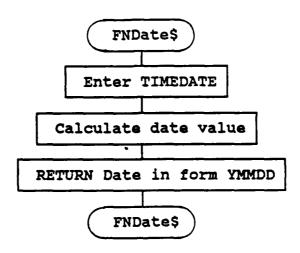


Figure A9 Program: Exit / Subprogram: FNDate\$

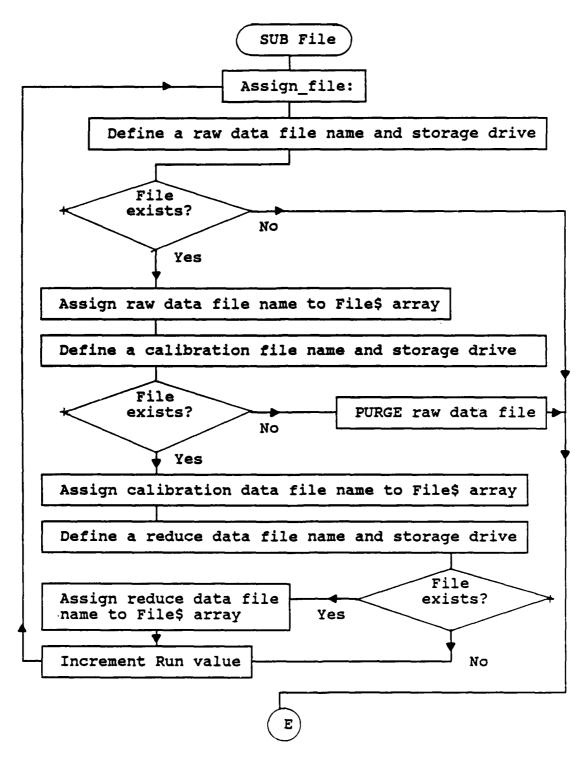


Figure AlO Subprogram: File

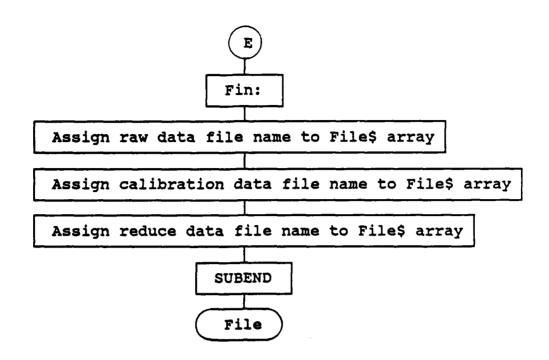


Figure Al0 (cont) Subprogram: File

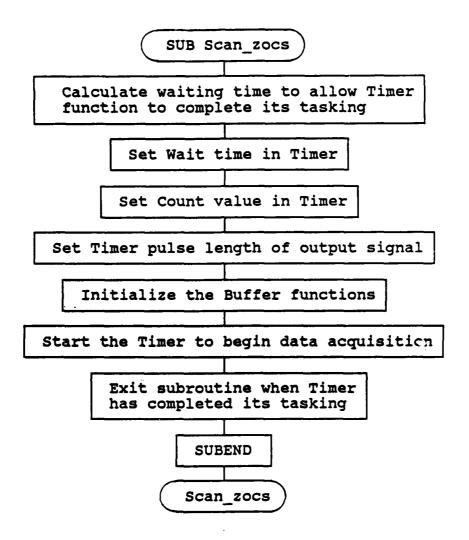


Figure All Subprogram: Scan_zocs

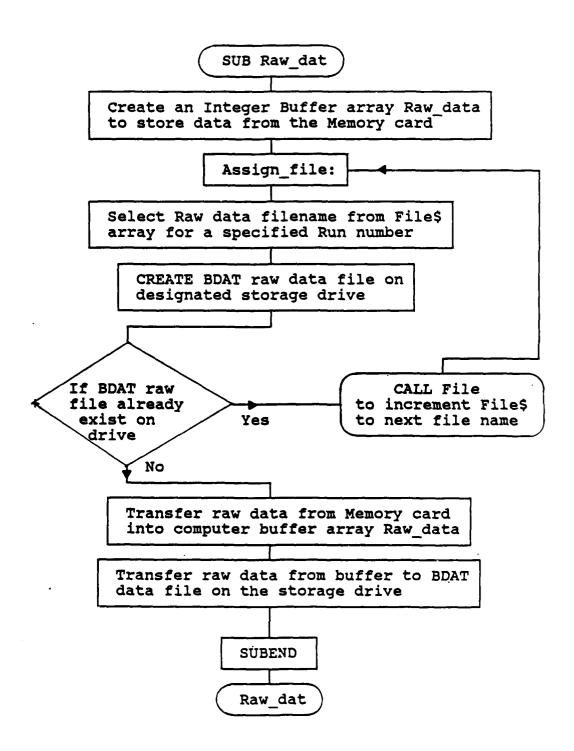


Figure Al2 Subprogram: Raw_dat

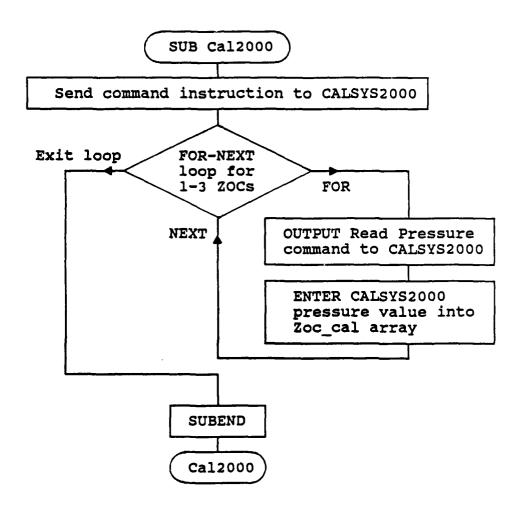


Figure Al3 Subprogram: Cal2000

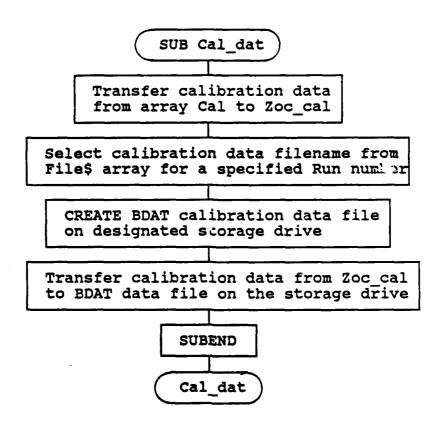


Figure Al4 Subprogram: Cal_dat

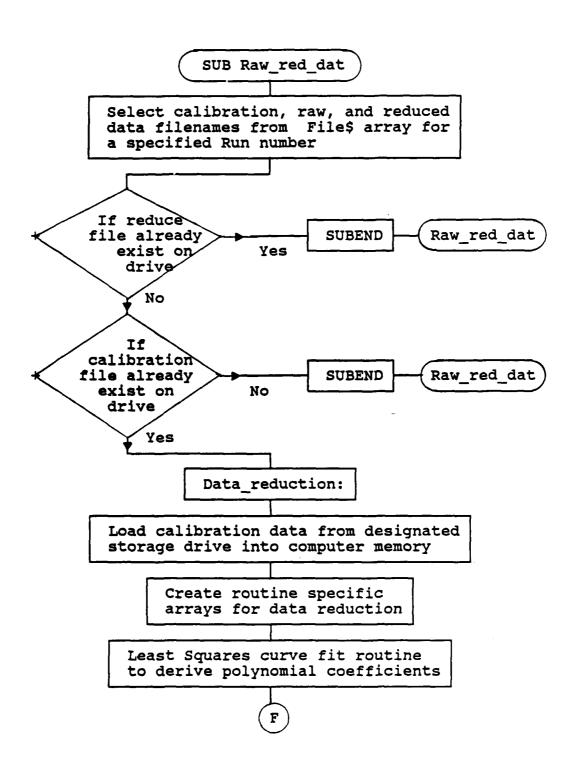


Figure Al5 Subprogram: Raw_red_dat

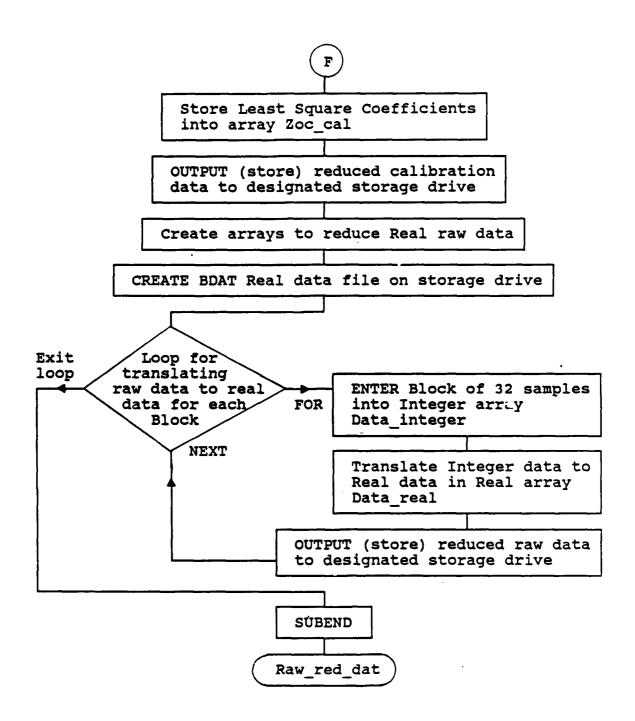


Figure Al5 (cont) Subprogram: Raw_red_dat

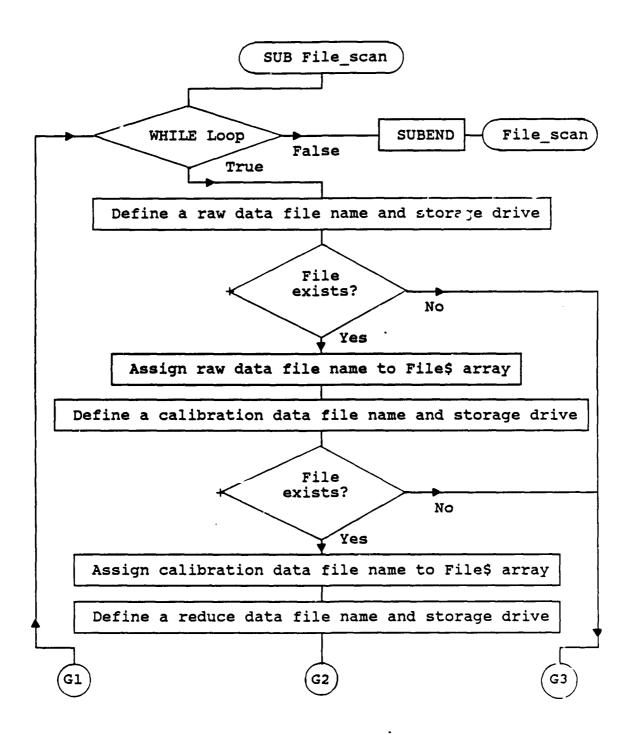


Figure Al6 Subprogram: File_scan

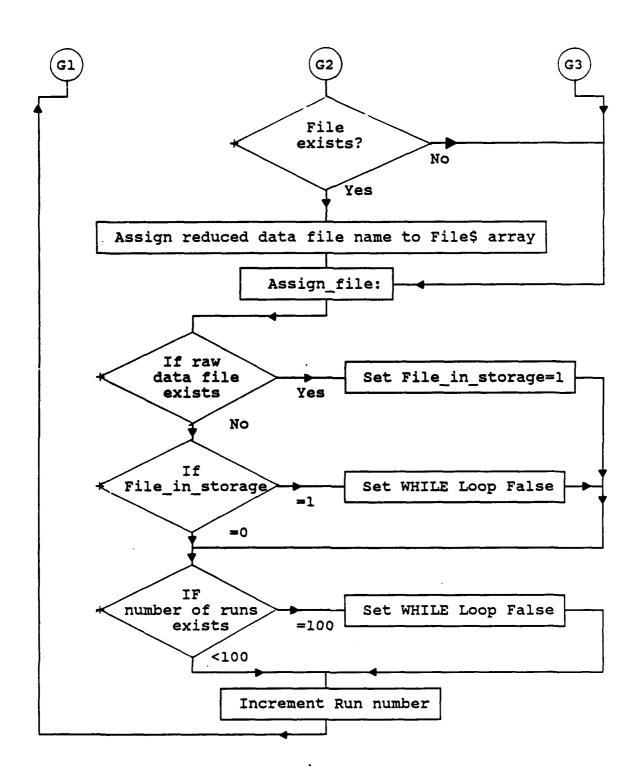


Figure Al6 (cont) Subprogram: File_scan

```
! Program: SCAN ZOC_05
20
      ! Description: Application program to operate HP6944A collecting pressure
30
                     readings from 1-3 ZOC-14 32 port modules using the CALSYS
40
                    2000 to provide calibration data, reduce raw pressure data
 50
                     and store data to the hard drive.
60
     ! Rardware: (1) HP6944A Multi-processors
70
                    (3) 500 kHz A/D Cards (HP69759A)
                   ~ (3) High Speed Memory Cards (HP69791A)
80
90
                   - (1) Timer/Pacer Card (HP69736A)
                   ~ (1) Counter Card (HP69775A)
100
110
                   (1) HiScan CALSYS 2000 Calibration Module
120
                  (3) ZOC-14 32 port Electronic Pressure Scanning Modules
130
     ! Notes: 1. This program utilizes up to three (3) ZOC Modules storing data
140
              of each ZOC into a seperate buffer Memory System (HP69791A).
150
              2. COM /Names/ line and BDAT file ZOC_CONFIG_05 must match for
160
              this program to operate.
170
              3. CALSYS2000 requires a short period to stabilize before reading
180
              the pressure valves. The Pause for statement sets (line 470) this
              wait period in seconds. Adjustment of the variable my be required
200
              as additional ZOCs are integrated into the Data Acquisition System.
210
              4. CALSYS2000 currently configured for one (1) calibrator. This
220
              program is written to operate one (1) or two (2) calibrators.
230
240
     ! Buffer Memory: 65536 16-bit data words in HP69791A per system
250
     1 Timer: Maximum 32767 counts for one HP69775A (32*1023=32736 data points)
250
     ! Max speed of HP system is Period=0.000002 sec. or 500 kHz.
270
280
      COM /Issscom/ INTEGER X(1:1106)
290
      COM /Isss_heap/ Isss_heap(1000)
300
      COM /Nemes/ Buffer1, Adc1, Buffer2, Adc2, Buffer3, Adc3, Timer
310
      Configure("Menu_off", "ZOC_CONFIG_05")
320
     !Configure("Ask_me","ZOC_CONFIG_05")
330 I
340 Key_label: !----- KEY LABEL ASSIGNMENT ------
350
      KEY LABELS ON
360
      ON KEY 1 LABEL "Intro" GOTO Intro
370
380
      ON KEY 2 LABEL "Key
                             Menu" GOTO Key_menu
390
      ON KEY 3 LABEL "Set-up" GOTO Input
400
      ON KEY 4 LABEL "Data
                            Preps" GOTO Data prep
410
      ON KEY 5 LABEL "Collect Data" GOTO Collect_data
420
      ON KEY 6 LABEL "Reduce Data" GOTO Reduce data
      ON KEY 7 LABEL "List
                             Copy" GOTO View_files
430
440
      ON KEY 8 LABEL "Exit" GOTO Finish
450
460 Initialize_spac: !---- ASSIGN MEMORY SPACE -----
470
     Pause_for=1.5
                                         ! Wait time for CALSYS2000 stabilization
480
     ! COM assigns calibration data array for 32 Zoc ports and standard values.
490
     COM /Zoc_dat/ REAL Zoc_cal1(33,10) BUFFER, Zoc_cal2(33,10) BUFFER, Zoc_cal3(33,10) BUFFER
500
      COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), DateS[6], Run
510
      COM /Files/ Files(1:99,1:9)[14], Data_driveS[11] !Data_file & storage drive.
520
530
     DIM Command_mode$(1:7)[2]
540
      Command mode$(1)="NH"
550
      Command mode$(2)="NM"
560
     Command_modeS(3)="NL"
     Command_mode$(4)="ZO"
570
580
      Command_modeS(5)="PL"
590
      Command mode$(6)="PM"
     Command_modeS(7)="PH"
600
610
620
      Run=0
630
     Data_reduced=0
640
650 Intro: !---- INTRODUCTION SCREEN -----
```

Figure Al7 ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
660
670
     CLEAR SCREEN
     PRINT "Introduction. Program SCAN_ZOC_05:"
680
690
     PRINT
              - Scans 1-3 Zoc-14 Modules simultaneously (32 pressure sensing ports each)."
     PRINT "
700
     PRINT "
710
             - Uses Zero Operate Calibrate (ZOC) principal:
     PRINT "
                  - Collects raw pressure data (Zero Operate)"
720
     PRINT "
                  - Collects calibration data (Calibrate)"
730
     PRINT "
                  - Reduces and stores data on selected hard or floppy drive."
740
     PRINT "
              - CALSYS2000 Calibration Module used for the reference pressure standard."
750
     PRINT "
              - Raw pressure data reduced using calibration data from CALSYS2000"
760
     PRINT "
770
                and Zocs in the calibration mode.
780
     PRINT
      PRINT "Input variables: Hard and Floppy drive for data storage"
790
                             Sample frequency per port (1-50,000 Hz)"
800
     PRINT
     PRINT "
                             Samples per Port (1-1023)"
810
     PRINT "
                             Number of Zocs and their capacity"
820
830
     PRINT
840
      ! Note: HFS Files limited to 14 characters, LIF Files limited to 10 char.
             Output files have a length of 10 characters to support LIF for at.
850
             Hard drive :,700 is HFS format, :,700,0,1 is LIF format.
ARO
870
             Floppy drive :,700,1 is LIF format.
880
     PRINT "Output files:
                             Raw data =>
                                            ZW(Zoc#)(Date YMMDD)(Run#)"
     PRINT "
                             Calibration => ZC(Zoc#)(Date YM*DD)(Run#)"
890
     PRINT "
                             Reduced data => ZR(Zoc#)(Date YM*DD)(Run#)"
900
     DISP "Select F2 key for Key Menu, F3 for system inputs, or F6 for data reduction."
910
920 Hold: !
930
     GOTO Hold
940
950 Key_menu: !---- KEY MENU ----
960
970
     CLEAR SCREEN
980
     PRINT "20C-14 Operating Henu."
990
     PRINT
     PRINT "Function
1000
                                                   Function Key"
1010 PRINT
                                                       F1"
     PRINT "
1020
              Introduction
                                                       F2"
1030
     PRINT "
              Operating Menu
1040 PRINT "
              System Set-up
                                                       F3"
     PRINT "
              Data Collection Preparation
                                                       F4"
1050
     PRINT "
                                                       F5"
              Data Collection
1060
     PRINT "
                                                       F6"
1070
              Data Reduction
     PRINT "
              List Files (Copy files to Floppy)
                                                       F7"
1080
1090 PRINT
1100 PRINT " Exit
                                                       F8"
1110 !
1120 GOTO Hold
1130 !
1140 Input: !---- INPUT VARIABLES -----
1150 MAT Zoc call= (0)
1160 MAT Zoc_cal2= (0)
1170 MAT Zoc_cal3= (0)
1180 MAT FileS= ("-")
     DateS=FNDateS(TIMEDATE)
1190
1200
1210 CLEAR SCREEN
1220
     PRINT "System Set-up."
1230
     INPUT "Select Hard drive for storing data (0=:,700 1=:,700,0,1)", Drv
1240
     IF Drv=0 THEN
1250
       Data_driveS=":,700,0,0"
1260
1270
     ELSE
       Data_driveS=":,700,0,1"
1280
1290
     END IF
     INPUT "Enter data sampling rate (1-50kHz):",Hz
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
1310 PRINT "Data acquisition rate: "; TAB(50); Hz; " Hz"
1320 INPUT "Number of samples per port (1-1023): ", Sample_number
1330 PRINT "Number of samples per port:"; TAB(50); Sample_number
1340 INPUT "Number of Zoc's connected to Multi-programer", Zoc_number
1350 PRINT "Number of Zocs to be scanned:"; TAB(50); Zoc_number
1360 Cal_mod_id(0)=Zoc_number
     FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
1370
        SELECT Zoc_case
1380
        CASE 1
1390
1400
          Run=1
1410
          CALL File(1)
          INPUT "Enter Calibration Module number set for Zoc #1 (Enter 1 or 2):",Cal_mod_id(1)
1420
1430
        CASE 2
1440
          Run=1
1450
          CALL File(2)
1460
          INPUT "Enter Calibration Module number set for Zoc #2 (Enter 1 or 2):",Cal_mod_id(2)
1470
        CASE 3
1480
          Run=1
1490
          CALL F11-(3)
1500
          INPUT "Finter Calibration Module number set for Zoc #3 (Enter 1 or 2): ", Cal mod id(3)
        END SELECT
1510
1520
      NEXT Zoc_case
1530 1
1540 Period=1/Hz
1550 Pulse=Period/2
                                         !Pulse length of HP69736A trigger signal
1560 1
1570 FRINT "Total raw data acquisition time:";TAB(50);Period*Sample_number*31;" sec."
1580 FRINT "Total calibration data acquisition time:";TAB(50);Period*5*31+(7*Pause_for);" sec."
1590 PRINT
1600 PRINT "Data storage disc =>"; Data drive$
1610 PRINT "Data will be stored in the following files beginning with Run #"; Run
1620 PRINT
1630 FOR I=1 TO Zoc_number
1640
        J=(I-1)*3
1650
                                        ";FileS(Run, J+1)
        PRINT "Raw data file:
                                        ";File$(Run,J+2)
        PRINT "Calibration data file:
1660
        PRINT "Reduced data file:
                                        ";FileS(Run, J+3)
1670
1680
       PRINT
1690 NEXT I
1700
1710 DISP "Select F4 key to begin data aquisition"
1720 GOTO Hold
1730 !
1740 Data prop: !---- FREPARE FOR DATA COLLECTION -----
1750 CLEAR SCREEN
1760 PRINT "Data Collection Preparation."
1770 PRINT
1780 IF Run=0 THEN
1790
        PRINT "Program not initialized for data collection."
1800
        DISP "Select F3 to initialize Set-up"
       GOTO Hold
1810
1820 END IF
1830 PRINT "Check list:"
1840 FRINT " - HiScan CALSYS2000 on-line"
1850 FRINT " - CALMOD supply line valve is OPEN (on back of CALSYS2000)"
1860 PRINT " - CALSYS2000 (Nitrogen) pressure source at 90 psi"
1870
1880
                                        ! Set DTR & RTS to Active for CALSYS2000
1890 CONTROL 9,5;3
1900 OUTPUT 9; VALS(1); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #1
1910 OUTPUT 9; VALS(2); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #2
                                         ! Allow CALSYS2000 to set Zocs
1920
     WAIT Pause_for
1930
1940
      DISP "Select F5 to start data aquisition"
1950 GOTO Rold
```

Figure A17 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN ZOC 05

```
1960 !
1970 Collect data:!----- COLLECT DATA -----
1980 IF Run=0 THEN
       PRINT "Program not initialized for data collection."
1990
       DISP "Select F3 to initialize Set-up"
2000
       GOTO Hold
2010
2020 END IF
2030 CLEAR SCREEN
      PRINT
2040
      PRINT "Collecting raw pressure data."
2050
2060 Count=Sample_number*32
                                      ! Set Count as function of sample number
2070
                                       ! and number of port readings (32) on
2080
                                       ! Zoc for raw data collection.
2090 CALL Scan_zocs(Count, Pulse)
                                      ! Collect raw data into Memory System
2100 PRINT
2110 PRINT "Raw data collection complete."
2120 BEEP
2130 !
2140 Rew_data_xfer: '----- TRANSFER RAW DATA FM MEMORY SYSTEM TO HARD DISC -----
2150 PRINT
2160 !
2170 FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
                                       ! Collect raw data, reduce data and
       SELECT Zoc_case
                                       ! and store reduce data on hard drive
2180
2190
       CASE 1
         CALL Rew_dat(Buffer1,1)
2200
2210
       CASE 2
2220
         IF Run>1 THEN
2230
           Run=Run-1
2240
          END IF
2250
         CALL Rew_dat(Buffer2,2)
       CASE 3
2260
2270
         IF Run>1 THEN
2280
           Run=Run-1
         END IF
2290
2300
         CALL Rew_det(Buffer3,3)
2310
       END SELECT
2320 NEXT Zoc_case
2330 1
2340 Initial_cal:!----- CALIBRATION SET-UP ------
2350 ! Calibration data array for each Zoc: Zoc_cal_(33,10)
2360 ! Format:
2370 ! For ports i=1 to 33
2380 !
           Row 0, column 0: Period
           Row 0, column 1: Sample number
2390 !
2400 !
           Row 0, column 2: Zoc ₽
2410 1
           Row 0, column 3: Calibrator module ID (1=50 psi 2=15 psi)
                              NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (pressure Hg.)
2420 1
           Row 0:
2430 !
           Row 1: AO A1 A2 A3 MH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (LS coef, press volts)
2440 !
       LS coef are Least Squares curve fit coef for third order polynomial.
2450 1
2460 PRINT
2470 PRINT "Collecting calibration data."
2480 REAL Call(1120), Cal2(1120), Cal3(1120)! Calibration data array
2490 Count=32*5
                                      ! Set count to collect calibration data
2500
2510 MAT Zoc_call= (0)
2520 MAT Zoc_cal2= (0)
2530 MAT Zoc_cal3= (0)
2540 Zoc_call(0,0)=Period
2550 Zoc_call(0,1)=Sample_number
2560 Zoc_cal1(0,2)=1
2570 Zoc_cal1(0,3)=Cal_mod_id(1)
2580 Zoc_cal2(0,0)=Period
     Zoc_cal2(0,1)=Sample_number
2590
2600 Zoc_cal2(0,2)=2
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
2610 Zoc_cal2(0,3)=Cal_mod_id(2)
2620 Zoc_cal3(0,0)=Period
2630 Zoc_cal3(0,1)=Sample_number
2640
     Zoc_cal3(0,2)=3
2650 Zoc_cal3(0,3)=Cal_mod_id(3)
2660
2670 Collect_cal_dat: !--- COLLECT RAW CALIBRATION DATA -----
2680 !
2690 ! Collect raw calibration data for each CALSYS2000 setting
2700 FOR Index=1 TO 7
2710
        CALL Cal2000(Command_modeS(Index), Index)
2720
        CALL Scan_zocs(Count, Pulse)
2730
        FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
2740
          SELECT Zoc_case
2750
          CASE 1
2760
            Input_rblock(Buffer1,Cal1(*),160,(Index-1)*160+1)
2770
          CASE 2
            Input_rblock(Buffer2,Cal2(*),160,(Index-1)*160+1)
2780
2790
          CASE 3
2800
            Input_rblock(Buffer3,Cal3(*),160,(Index-1)*160+1)
2810
          END SELECT
        NEXT Zoc_case
2820
2830
     NEXT Index
2840
2850
      ! Store collected calibration data
2860
      FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
        SELECT Zoc_case
2870
        CASE 1
2880
2890
          CALL Cal_dat(Call(*), Zoc_c#l1(*))
2900
        CASE 2
2910
          CALL Cal_dat(Cal2(*), Zoc_cal2(*))
2920
        CASE 3
2930
          CALL Cal_dat(Cal3(*), Zoc_cal3(*))
        END SELECT
2940
     NEXT Zoc_case
2950
2960
2970
     PRINT
2980
      PRINT "Calibration data collection complete."
2990
     BEEP
3000
     WAIT .25
3010
     BEEP
     OUTPUT 9; VALS(1); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #1
3020
     OUTPUT 9; VALS(2); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #2
3030
3040
     PRINT
     PRINT "*** Secure Calibrator pressure valve to conserve Nitrogen ***"
3050
3060
     PRINT
     PRINT "CALSYS2000 Calibration modes and pressures (in Hg):"
3070
3080 Fmt1: IMAGE /, 5X, K, 10X, K, 10X, K, 10X, K
3090 - PRINT USING Fmt1; "Mode", "Zoc #1", "Zoc #2", "Zoc #3"
3100 Fmt2:IMAGE 6X,K,10X,3D.4D,8X,3D.4D,8X,3D.4D
3110 FOR I=4 TO 10
3120
       FRINT USING Fmt2; Command_modeS(I-3), Zoc_cal1(0,I), Zoc_cal2(0,I), Zoc_cal3(0,I)
3130 NEXT I
3140 DISP "Select F4 for another data run, or F6 to reduce data"
3150
     GOTO Hold
3160
3170 Reduce data: !---- REDUCE DATA AND STORE ON HARD DRIVE --
3180 ! Routine loads raw and calibration data from storage drive, reduces the
3190 ! data, and stores the data to the storage drive.
3200 !
3210 CLEAR SCREEN
     PRINT "Calibration and Raw data reduction and storage."
3220
3230
     PRINT
3240
     IF Run=0 THEN
        INPUT "Enter the date of data for for reduction (YMMDD):",DateS
3250
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
INPUT "Number of Zoc's connected to Multi-programer", Zoc_number
3250
        INPUT "Select data storage drive (0=:,700 1=:,700,0,1 2=:,700,1)",Drv_case
3270
3280
       SELECT Drv case
3290
       CASE 0
3300
         Data_driveS=":,700,0,0"
3310
        CASE 1
3320
         Data_drive$=":,700,0,1"
3330
       CASE 2
3340
         Data_driveS=":,700,1"
3350
       END SELECT
3360 END IF
3370 !
3380
     MAT FileS= ("-")
3390
     3400
       SELECT Zoc_case
3410
       CASE 1
3420
         CALL File_scan(1)
3430
       CASE 2
         CALL File_scen(2)
3440
3450
       CASE 3
3460
         CALL File_scen(3)
3470
       END SELECT
3460 NEXT Zoc_case
3490 1
3500
     PRINT "Current files on storage disc ";Data_driveS;" for date ";DateS
3510
     PRINT
3520 FOR Rn=1 TO Run
3530
       FOR Zn=1 TO Zoc_number
3540
         FOR I=1 TO 3
3550
           PRINT USING "3X,K,#";FileS(Rn,(Zn-1)*3+I)
3560
         NEXT I
3570
         PRINT USING "+,L"
       NEXT Zn
3580
3590 NEXT Rn
3600 PRINT
3610 1
3620 FOR Run_red=1 TO Run
                                      ! Reduce data routine.
3630
       FOR Zoc case=1 TO Zoc number
         SELECT Zoc_case
3640
3650
         CASE 1
3660
           CALL Rew_red_dat(1,Run_red)
3870
         CASE 2
3580
           CALL Rew_red_dat(2,Run_red)
3690
         CASE 3
3700
           CALL Rew_red_dat(3,Run_red)
         END SELECT
3710
3720
       NEXT Zoc_case
3730 NEXT Run_red
3740 Run=0
3750 Data_reduced=1
3760 BEEP
3770 DISP "Select F3 reinitialize set-up for data collection, or F8 to Exit"
3780 GOTO Hold
3790
3800 View files: !---- VIEW FILES ON STORAGE DRIVE -----
3810 ! Routine loads files from storage drive and displays file names.
3820 !
3830 CLEAR SCREEN
3840 PRINT "List Raw, Calibration and Reduced data files."
3850
    PRINT
     IF Data_reduced=1 THEN Print_files
3870 IF Run=0 THEN
       INPUT "Enter the date of data for for reduction (YMMDD):", DateS
3880
       INPUT "Number of Zoc's connected to Multi-programer", Zoc_number
3890
       INPUT "Select data storage drive (0=:,700 1=:,700,0,1 2=:,700,1)",Drv_case
3900
```

Figure A17 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
3910
        SELECT Drv case
3920
        CASE 0
3930
          Data_driveS=":,700,0,0"
        CASE 1
3940
3950
          Data_drive$=":,700,0,1"
3960
        CASE 2
3970
          Data_driveS=":,700,1"
3980
        END SELECT
     END IF
3990
4000 Print_files: !
     PRINT "Data storage drive name -> ":Data driveS
4010
4020 1
4030
      MAT FileS= ("-")
4040
      FOR Zoc case=1 TO Zoc number !Assign files from storage to FileS(*)
        SELECT Zoc_case
4050
4060
        CASE 1
4070
          CALL File scan(1)
4080
        CASE 2
4090
          CALL File_scan(2)
4100
        CASE 3
          CALL File_scan(3)
4110
        END SELECT
4120
4130
     NEXT Zoc_case
4140 1
      PRINT
4150
      PRINT "Current files on storage disc for date "; DateS
4160
4170
      PRINT
                                           !Print the files listing on the
4180
     FOR Rn=1 TO Run
        FOR Zn=1 TO Zoc_number
4190
                                           !designated storage drive.
4200
          FOR I-1 TO 3
4210
            PRINT USING "3X,K,#";File$(Rn,(Zn-1)*3+I)
4220
          NEXT I
4230
          PRINT USING "/"
4240
        NEXT Zn
     NEXT Rn
4250
4260
      IF Drv_case<2 THEN
4270
        IMPUT "Do you want to copy files from the Hard drive to Floppy? (0-No 1-Yes)",Copy_h_to_f
4280
4290
        IF Copy h to f=0 THEN End view
        ON ERROR GOSUB View_error
4300
        PRINT
4310
4320
        PRINT "WARNING: Any duplicate existing files on the Floppy will be copied over!"
                                           !Copy the files from the designated
4330
        PRINT
4340
        FOR Rn=1 TO Run
                                          !hard drive to the floppy drive.
          FOR Zn=1 TO Zoc_number
4350
4360
            FOR I=1 TO 3
              FiS=FileS(Rn,(Zn-1)*3+I)
4370
4380
              COPY FiSaData_driveS TO FiSa":,700,1"
4390
              IF F1S<>"-" THEN
                PRINT "File "; FiS; " copied to Floppy"
4400
4410
              END IF
4420
            NEXT I
          MEXT Zn
4430
4440
        MEXT Rn
4450
        PRINT
       PRINT "Files have been copied from ";Data_driveS;" to Floppy :,700,1"
4460
4470 END IF
4480 GOTO End view
4490 View_error:
4500 SELECT ERRN
4510
     CASE 56
                                            !File does not exist, then continue.
       CLEAR ERROR
4520
        ERROR RETURN
                                            !Return to line following COPY
4530
4540
     CASE 54
                                            !Duplicate file exist on the floppy,
       PURGE F1$&":,700,1"
                                            !then purge the dup file, retrun to
4550
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
4560
        CLEAR ERROR
                                             !the line COPY and copy the file.
4570
        RETURN
4580 CASE ELSE
4590
        DISP ERRMS
4600
        PAUSE
4610
     END SELECT
4620
4630
4640 End_view: !
4650 Run=0
     DISP "Select F2 to return to menu, or F8 to Exit"
4660
4670
      GOTO Hold
4680
4690 Finish:!
4700 LOAD "ZOC_MENU", 10
4710 !
4720 END
4730 End: !=
4740 ! Function to return todays date for input into file names
4750 DEF FNDateS(Seconds)
        Julian=Seconds DIV 86400-1721119
4760
4770
        Year=(4*Julian-1) DIV 146097
4780
        Julian=(4*Julian-1) MOD 146097
4790
        Day-Julian DIV 4
4800
        Julian=(4*Day+3) DIV 1461
        Day=(4*Day+3) MOD 1461
4810
        Day=(Day+4) DIV 4
4820
        Month=(5*Day-3) DIV 153 ! Month
4830
4840
        Dey=(5*Dey-3) MOD 153
4850
        Day=(Day+5) DIV 5
                                  ! Day
4860
        Year=100*Year+Julian
4870
        IF Month<10 THEN
4880
          Month-Month+3
4890
        ELSE
         Month-Honth+3
4900
4910
         Year=Year+1
4920
        END IF
        Year$=VAL$(Year)
4930
4940
        IF Month<10 THEN
4950
         Month$="0"&VAL$(Month)
4960
4970
         Month$=VAL$(Month)
4980
        END IF
4990
        IF Day<10 THEN
5000
          Day$-"0"&VALS(Day)
5010
        ELSE
5020
          DayS=VALS(Day)
        END IF
5030
5040
        D$=Year$[4]&MonthS&Day$
5050
        RETURN DS
      FNEND
5060
5070
     ! Subroutine to build file names as required by Run number for a specified
5080
     ! Zoc, and assign existing files to the FileS matrix.
5090
5100 SUB File(Zn)
5110
        COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), Date$, Run
5120
        COM /Files/ FileS(*), Data driveS
5130
        DIM Data_disc1$[23],Data_disc2$[23],Data_disc3$[23]
5140
        ON ERROR GOTO Error
5150
        J=(Zn-1)*3
5160 Assign_file:
5170
        File1=0
        Data_file1$="ZW"&VALS(Zn)&Date$&VALS(Run)
5180
        Data_disc1S=Data_file1S&Data_driveS
5190
        ASSIGN 6Check_path1 TO Data_disc1S !Check for existence of ZW_
5200
```

Figure A17 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
5210
        FileS(Run, J+1)=Data file1S
                                               !Assign ZW to matrix.
5220
        File1-1
                                               !Flag to ID file exists.
5230
5240
        F11e2=0
5250
        Data file2S="ZC"&VALS(Zn)&DateS&VALS(Run)
5260
        Data_disc2S=Data_file2S&Data_driveS
5270
        ASSIGN @Check_path2 TO Data_disc2S
                                               !Check for existance of ZC_.
        FileS(Run, J+2)=Data_file2S
                                               !Assign ZC_ to matrix. !Flag to ID file exists.
5280
5290
        File2-1
5300
5310
        Data file35="ZR"&VALS(Zn)&DateS&VALS(Run)
        Data_disc3$=Data_file3$&Data_drive$
5320
5330
        ASSIGN Check_path3 TO Data_disc3$
                                               !Check for existence of ZR_.
        FileS(Run, J+3)=Deta_file3S
5340
                                               !Assign ZR_ to matrix.
5350
5360
        Run=Run+1
                                               !If ZW_ exist, reassign Run #
5370
        ASSIGN @Check_path1 TO *
5380
        ASSIGN @Check_path2 TO *
5390
        ASSIGN @Check_path3 TO *
5400
        GOTO Assign_file
                                               !Check storage disc again.
5410 Error: ! Subroutine if ERROR=56, files donot exist for Run and Zoc
        IF ERRN<>56 THEN
5420
5430
          PRINT ERRMS
5440
          PAUSE
5450
        END IF
                                               !File ZW_ doesnot exist, exit
5460
        IF File1-0 THEN Fin
5470
        IF File1=1 THEN
                                               !File ZW_ exists
5480
          IF File2-0 THEN
                                               !File ZC_ doesnot exists, therefore
            ASSIGN @Check_path1 TO *
5490
5500
            PURGE Data_disc1$
                                               !delete ZW_.
5510
          KLSE
5520
            Run-Run+1
                                               !File ZW_ & ZC_ exist, step Run
          END IF
5530
                                               land continue.
5540
        END IF
5550
        ASSIGN @Check path1 TO *
        ASSIGN @Check_path2 TO *
5560
        ASSIGN Check_path3 TO *
5570
5580
        GOTO Assign_file
5590 Fin:
        ASSIGN @Check_path1 TO *
5500
5610
        ASSIGN @Check_path2 TO *
        ASSIGN @Check_path3 TO *
5620
        Data_file28="ZC"&VAL$(Zn)&Date$&VAL$(Run)
5630
5640
        Data_file3S="ZR"&VALS(Zn)&DateS&VALS(Run)
                                              !Create ZW_ to matrix. !Create ZC_ to matrix.
5650
        FileS(Rum, J+1)=Data_file1$
5660
        FileS(Run, J+2)=Data_file2S
5670
        FileS(Rum, J+3)=Data_file3S
                                              !Assign ZR_ to matrix.
5680
5690
5700
      ! Subroutine to operate the HP6944A Multi-programmer for scanning Zocs.
5710
      SUB Scan_zocs(Count, Pulse)
5720
        COM /Names/ Bufferl, Adcl, Buffer2, Adc2, Buffer3, Adc3, Timer
        Weit_time=Count*2*Pulse+10.0
                                          ! Set Timer wait time to +10 secs.
5730
5740
        Init(Timer)
                                         ! Initialize Timer system
5750
        Set_timeout(Timer, Weit_time)
                                        ! Set Pause_for period of xx secs.
        Set_count(Timer,Count)
5760
                                         ! Set Count number into Timer
                                         ! Set Timer pulse length in secs.
5770
        Set_period(Timer, Pulse)
5780
        Init(Buffer1)
                                         ! Initialize Buffer for data storage
5790
        Init(Buffer2)
5800
        Init(Buffer3)
                                         ! Start data sample collection
5810
        Start(Timer)
5820
        Wait_for(Timer)
                                         ! Data samples stored in Memory System
5830 SUBEND
5840 !----
5850 ! Subroutine to collect raw pressure data from Memory System and store
```

Figure A17 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
5860 ! onto the hard drive for future data reduction.
5870 SUB Raw_dat(Buff, Zn)
        COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), DateS, Run
5880
        COM /Files/ FileS(*), Data_driveS ! Data file listing for 99 runs.
5890
5900
        ON ERROR GOTO Error
        INTEGER Raw_data(32672) BUFFER ! Integer raw data buffer for 32*1021
5910
                                         ! data samples. Integer format for
5920
5930
                                         ! minimum transfer time to storage.
5940
        DIM Data_discS[23]
5950
        Sn=Sample_number
5960 Assign_file:
        Data_fileS=FileS(Run,(Zn-1)*3+1) ! Raw data file
5970
5980
        Data_disc$-Data_file$&Data_drive$
5990
        CREATE BDAT Data_disc$,32*Sn+1,2
                                            ! Create BDAT file of 2 byte records.
6000
        ASSIGN @Data_path TO Data_discS ! Assign path to hard drive
6010
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO BUFFER Raw_data(*); FORMAT OFF
                                                     ! Load data samples
6020
        Input_iblock(Buff,Raw_data(*),Sn*32,1)
        CONTROL @Buffer_path, 4; 32*2*Sn+2
6030
                                                ! Close buffer when full
6040
        TRANSFER &Buffer path TO Data path
                                                1 Transfer data Data_disc
6050
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO *
5050
        ASSIGN @Deta_path TO *
        PRINT "Rew pressure data: Rung"; Run; ", Zocg"; Zn; ", storage drive file "; Data_fileS&Data_driveS
6070
6080
        GOTO Fin
6090 Error: 1
        IF ERRN<>54 THEN
6100
6110
          PRINT ERRMS
6120
          PAIISE
6130
        END IF
        IF ERRN-54 THEN
6140
                                             ! Run step routine when compiling
6150
          Run=Run+1
                                             ! multiple data runs without data
          CALL File(Zn)
6160
                                             ! reduction.
6170
        END IF
6180
        GOTO Assign_file
5190 Fin:
6200 SUBEND
8210 !---
6220 ! Subroutine controls calibration mode and reads pressure from Pressure
6230 ! Standard into Zoc_cal(*) array.
5240 SUB Cal2000 (CommandS, I)
       COM /Zoc_dat/ REAL Zoc_call(*) BUFFER, Zoc_cal2(*) BUFFER, Zoc_cal3(*) BUFFER
6250
        COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), DateS, Run
6260
6270
        DIM PressureS[5]
                                                 ! Required to read data stream
6280
        OUTPUT 9; VAL$(1); Command$; CHR$(13); END ! Sets calibrator #1 mode
6290
        OUTPUT 9; VALS(2); CommandS; CHRS(13); END ! Sets calibrator #2 mode
                                                 ! Allow CALSYS2000 to stabilize
6300
        WAIT Pause_for
        FOR K=1 TO Cal_mod_id(0)
6310
                                                 ! Read CALSYS2000 cal press
6320
          SELECT K
          CASE 1
6330
6340
            OUTPUT 9; VALS(Cal_mod_id(1)); "RP"; CHR$(13); END
6350
            ENTER 9 USING "#, SD. 5DESZZ, K"; Zoc_cal1(0, I+3), PressureS
6360
6370
            OUTPUT 9; VAL$(Cal_mod_id(2)); "RP"; CHR$(13); END
6380
            ENTER 9 USING "#,SD.5DESZZ,K"; Zoc cel2(0,I+3), Pressure$
6390
          CASE 3
6400
            OUTPUT 9; VAL$(Cal_mod_id(3)); "RP"; CHR$(13); END
6410
            ENTER 9 USING "#,SD.5DESZZ,K"; Zoc_cal3(0,I+3), PressureS
6420
          END SELECT
6430
        NEXT K
6440
        IF I<=3 THEN
                                            ! Account for positive pressures used
          Zoc_call(0,I+3)=-Zoc_call(0,I+3) ! by CALSYS2000 in the NH,NM, & NL mode.
6450
6460
          Zoc_cal2(0, I+3)=-Zoc_cal2(0, I+3)
5470
          Zoc_cal3(0, I+3)=-Zoc_cal3(0, I+3)
5480
        END IF
     SUBEND
6490
6500 !----
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
6510 ! Subroutine stores calibration data collected from Memory System and
6520 ! CALSYS2000 calibration pressure data onto the hard drive.
6530 ! Zoc cal is then stored onto the hard drive.
6540 SUB Cal_dat(REAL Cal(*), Zoc_cal(*) BUFFER)
6550
        COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), DateS, Run
        COM /Files/ FileS(*), Data_driveS ! Data file listing for 99 runs.
6560
6570 !
6580 ! Converting Cal(*) to Zoc_cal(*)
6590
        FOR J=4 TO 10
                                        ! Cal runs: NH, NM, NL, ZO, PL, PM, PH
6600
          FOR I=1 TO 32
                                        ! Zoc ports per calibration run
6610
            FOR K-0 TO 4
                                        ! Number of samples per run
6620
              Zoc_cal(I,J)=Zoc_cal(I,J)+Cal(I+K*32+(J-4)*160)
6630
            HEXT K
6640
            Zoc_cal(I,J)=Zoc_cal(I,J)/5 ! Average of 5 samples per port I
6650
          NEXT I
        NEXT J
6550
5570 1
5680 ! Transfer calibration data to hard drive.
        ON ERROR GOSUB Purge_file
6690
6700
        DIM Data_disc$[23]
                                       ! Define string for data file name
                                       ! Define Zoc number
6710
        Zn=Zoc cal(0,2)
6720
        Data_file$=File$(Run,(Zn-1)*3+2) ! Calibration data file
6730
        Data_discS=Data_fileS&Data_driveS
6740
        CREATE BDAT Data_discS,33,8*11 ! Create BDAT file of 11*8 byte
6750
        ASSIGN @Data_path TO Data_disc$ ! Assign path to hard drive
6760
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO BUFFER Zoc_cal(*); FORMAT OFF
6770
        6780
        TRANSFER Couffer path TO CData pathiStore cal date on hard drive
6790
        ASSIGN CBuffer path TO *
                                        ! Close path
                                        ! Close path
6800
        ASSIGN (Data path TO *
        PRINT "Calibration data: Rum#";Rum;", Zoc#";Zn;", storage drive file ";Data_disc$
6810
6820
        GOTO Fin
6830 Purge_file:
5840
        IF ERRN=54 THEN
          PRINT "Error occured in SUB Cal_dat. Error:"; ERRN
6850
          PAUSE
6860
6870
       END IF
       RETURN
6880
5890 Fin:
5900 SUBEND
6910
     ! broutine loads raw and calibration data from the storage drive.
6920
6930
     ! reduces the data, and stores the data onto the storage drive.
6940
      ! Calibration data is reduced using the Least Squares Curve fit to obtain
6950
     ! coefficients for a third-order polynomial. The raw pressure data is
     ! reduced using these coefficients.
6960
6970
       Buffer arrays are replaced with standard arrays for data manipulation.
6980
       Utilization of Buffers and the TRANSFER routine results in lost of the
     ! first several data bytes when data is transferred from floppy media to
6990
     ! the buffer. Utilization of OUTPUT, ENTER, and arrays results in no
7000
7010
     ! data lost with floppy media. Hard disc media works well with either
7020
     ! data manipulation technique using buffers or standard arrays.
7030
     SUB Raw_red_dat(Zn,Rn)
7040
       COM /Names/ Buffer1, Adc1, Buffer2, Adc2, Buffer3, Adc3, Timer
7050
       COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), DateS[6], Run
       COM /Files/ FileS(*), Data driveS !Data file listing for 99 runs.
7060
7070
       Data_file1$=File$(Rn,(Zn-1)*3+2)
                                          ! Calibration data file
7080
       Data_file2$=File$(Rn,(Zn-1)*3+1)
                                          ! Raw data file name
       Data_file3$=File$(Rn,(Zn-1)*3+3)
7090
                                          ! Reduced data file name
7100
7110
       IF Data_file3$<>"-" THEN
                                           ! Contirs if Reduce data file
7120
         GOTO Fin
                                           ! doesnot exist.
        END IF
7130
7140
        IF Data file1S="-" THEN
7150
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
7160
          PRINT "Calibration file doesnot exist for Run#"; Rn; ", Zoc#"; Zn
7170
          GOTO Fin
7180
        END IF
7190
        ON ERROR GOSUB Error
7200
7210
        DIM Data disc1$[23]
7220
        DIM Data_disc2$(23)
7230
        DIM Data_disc3$(23)
7240
        Data disc1$=Data_file1$&Data drive$
7250
        REAL Zoc_cal(32,10)
                                            !Array to handle calibration data
7260
7270 Data_reduction:
7280
        PRINT "Data reduction: Run#": Rn: ". Zoc#": Zn
7290
7300
        ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO Data_disc1$; FORMAT OFF
7310
        ENTER @Data_path1; Zoc_cal(*)
                                           !Load raw calibration data into array
7320
        ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
7330
7340 ! Calibration data reduction using Least Squares Polynominal fitting.
7350
        REAL A(3,3),B(3),C(3),Sum_x(6),A_inv(3,3)! Least Square reduction arrays
7360
        FOR K=1 TO 32
                                    ! Loop for each port
7370 !
7380
          MAT C= (0)
7390
          MAT Sum_x= (0)
7400 !
          FOR J-1 TO 6
7410
                                    ! Routine to reduce individual port cal
7420
            FOR I=4 TO 10
                                    ! data into elements to a power x^j
7430
              Sum_x(J)=Sum_x(J)+Zoc_cal(K,I)^J
7440
            NEXT I
7450
          NEXT J
7460 1
7470
          FOR I-0 TO 3
                                    ! Derive A array
7480
            FOR J=0 TO 3
7490
              A(I,J)=Sum_x(I+J)
7500
            NEXT J
7510
          NEXT I
7520
          A(0,0)=7
7530 !
7540
          FOR J=0 TO 3
                                    ! Derive C array
7550
            FOR I=4 TO 10
7560
             C(J)=C(J)+Zoc_cal(K,I)^J*Zoc_cal(0,I)
7570
            NEXT I
7580
          NEXT J
7590 !
          MAT A_inv= INV(A)
7600
7610
                                    ! B array is matrix of Least Square
          MAT B= A_inv*C
7620 !
                                      coefficients a0, a1, a2, & a3 for polynomial
7630 !
                                      equation fitting calibration data for a
7640 1
                                      specified port
7650 !
7660 ! Collect Least Square coefficients
7670
          Zoc_cal(K,0)=B(0)
                                    !Coefficient a0
7580
          Zoc_cal(K,1)=B(1)
                                    !Coefficient al
7690
          Zoc_cal(K, 2)=B(2)
                                    !Coefficient e2
7700
          Zoc_cal(K,3)=B(3)
                                    (Coefficient a3
7710 1
7720
        NEXT K
7730
7740
        ASSIGN @Data path1 TO Data disc13; FORMAT OFF
        OUTPUT @Data_path1; Zoc_cal(*)
ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
                                           !Store reduced calibration data
7750
7760
7770
7780
        PRINT "Calibration data reduced and transferred to "; Data_file1S
7790
7800
        ! Recover raw data, convert to real, reduce then store in blocks
```

Figure A17 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN_ZOC_05

```
7810
         ! of samples (32 ports scanned per block)
 7820
         Sn=Zoc cal(0,1)
                                               |Sample number.
 7830
         INTEGER Data integer (1:32)
                                               !Array to handle raw integer data.
         REAL Data_real(1:32),Data(32)
 7840
                                               !Arrays to handle raw and reduced
 7850
         Data_disc2S=Data_file2S&Data_driveS !real data.
 7860
         Data_file35="ZR"&VALS(Zn)&DateS&VALS(Rn) | | Reduced data file name.
 7870
         Data_disc3S=Data_file3S&Data_driveS
         CREATE BDAT Data_disc3$,Sn.8*33
                                              !BDAT file of 33*8 byte records.
 7880
 7890
         ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc2$; FORMAT OFF
 7900
         ASSIGN &Data_path3 TO Data_disc3S; FORMAT OFF
 7910
 7920
         CONTROL @Data_path2,5;2
                                              !Set read pointer to 2nd record
7930
                                              fin raw interger data file.
 7940
         FOR Block=1 TO Sn
 7950
           ENTER @Data_path2; Data_integer(*) !Load raw data into array.
 7960
           SELECT Zoc_cal(0,2)
                                              !Translating raw interger data into
7970
                                              !raw real data.
           CASE 1
 7980
             Translate(Adc1,Data_integer(*),Data_real(*),
 7990
           CASE 2
 2000
             Translate(Adc2,Data_integer(*),Data_real(*))
 8010
           CASE 3
 8020
             Translate(Adc3,Data_integer(*),Data_real(*))
8030
           END SELECT
8040
8050 ! Routine to reduce raw real data:
8060 1
8070 . !
              Data = a0 + a1*x + a2*x^2 + a3*x^3
8080 1
8090 ! where a0, a1, a2, & a3 are Least Square coefficients, and x is
8100 ! the individual port raw data value.
8110 1
8120
           Data(0)=Block
                                           ! Store reduce data sample number.
8130
           FOR K-1 TO 32
8140
            Data(K)=Zoc_cal(K,0)+Zoc_cal(K,1)+Data_real(K)+Zoc_cal(K,2)+Data_real(K)^2+Zoc_cal
8150
           NEXT K
8160 I
8170
          OUTPUT @Data_path3; Data(*)
                                           iStore block of reduced data into
8180
        NEXT Block
                                           linto the file on the designated drive.
8190
8200
        ASSIGN @Data_path3 TO *
        ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
8210
        PRINT "Raw data reduced and transferred to ";Data_file3$
8220
8230
        PRINT
8240
        GOTO Fin
8250 Error:
                                           !Routine to trap error in program.
        PRINT ERRMS
8260
8270
        PAUSE
8280
        RETURN
8290 Fin:
8300 SUBEND
8310 !----
8320 ! Subroutine to load existing files required by Run number for a specified
8330 ? Zoc, and assign existing files to the FileS matrix for Data reduction
8340
      ! and List files routines.
8350 SUB File scan(Zn)
      - COM /Stats/ REAL Pulse, Sample_number, Pause_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3), DateS, Run
8360
        COM /Files/ FileS(*), Data_driveS
8370
8380
        DIM Data_disc1$[23],Data_disc2$[23],Data_disc3$[23]
8390
        Rn=1
8400
        Loop-1
        File_in_storege=0
ON ERROR GOTO Error
8410
8420
8430
        J=(2n-1)*3
8440
        WHILE Loop=1
8450
          File1=0
```

Figure Al7 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN ZOC 05

```
8460
          Data_file1$="ZW"&VALS(Zn)&DateS&VAL$(Rn)
          Data_disc1S=Data_file1S&Data_driveS
8470
8480
          ASSIGN &Check_path1 TO Data_disc1$ !Check for existance of ZW_.
8490
          FileS(Rn, J+1)=Data_file1S
                                           !Assign ZW_ to matrix.
8500
          File1-1
8510
8520
          Data_file2$="ZC"&VAL$(Zn)&Date$&VAL$(Rn)
          Data disc2S=Data file2S&Data driveS
8530
          ASSIGN 8Check_path2 TO Data_disc2S !Check for existance of ZC_.
8540
8550
          FileS(Rn, J+2)=Data_file2S
                                            !Assign ZC_ to matrix.
8560
          Data_file3$="ZR"&VAL$(Zn)&Date$&VAL$(Rn)
8570
8580
          Data_disc3S=Data_file3S&Data_driveS
8590
          ASSIGN @Check_path3 TO Data_disc3$ !Check for existence of ZR_.
                                            !Assign ZR_ to matrix.
8600
          FileS(Rn, J+3)=Data_file3S
8610
8620
          GOTO Assign_file
                                             !Check storage disc again.
8630 Error: ! Subroutine if ERROR=58, files donot exist for Rn and Zoc
          IF ERRN<>56 THEN
8640
8650
            PRINT ERRMS .
8660
           PAUSE
8670
         END IF
8680 Assign_file: !
8690
         IF File1=1 THEN
                                             !Switch to begin ent ring
8700
           File_in_storage=1
                                             !file names in to FileS
8710
          END IF
8720
          IF File1=0 THEN
8730
           IF File_in_storage=1 THEN
                                             !Switch to exit routine
                                             tonce estraes are made
8740
             Loop-0
                                             !into FileS
8750
           END IF
8760
          END IF
8770
          ASSIGN @Check_path1 TO
          ASSIGN Check_path2 TO .
8780
8790
          ASSIGN @Check_path3 70 *
8800
          IF Rn-100 THEN
                                             !Exit routine after checking
8810
                                             !up to 100 possible Run #s
           Loop=0
          END IF
8820
8830
         Rn=Rn+1
8840
       END WHIL
8850 Fin:
8850
       Run=Rn-
     SUBEND
84 .
A880 !-----
```

Figure A17 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: SCAN ZOC 05

```
10
      ! Program: READ ZOC
 20
      † Description: Reads specified data compiled from program SCAN_ZOC 04.
 30
       CLEAR SCREEN
 40
       PRINTER IS CRT
       DIM Data_disc18[23]
 50
 ĸ٥
       DIM Data_disc2S[23]
 70
       INPUT "Enter Zoc # (1,2,3), date (YM*DD), and run #:",Zoc,DateS,Run
       INPUT "Print results to screen or printer (0=Screen 1=Printer)", View
 90
       IF View-1 THEN
 100
         PRINTER IS 711
 110
       ELSE
 120
        PRINTER IS CRT
       END IF
 130
 140
       Data_file1$="ZC"&VAL$(Zoc)&Date$&VAL$(Rum)
 150
       Data_file29="ZR"&VALS(Zoc)&DateS&VALS(Run)
       Deta_disc1$=Data_file1$&":,700,0,1"
 160
170
       Data_disc2S=Data_file2$&":,700,0,1"
180
       ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO Data_disc1$
       ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc28
190
200
       REAL N1.N2
210
      STATUS @Data_path1,3;N1
                                            ! Determine number of records
220
      STATUS @Data_path2,3;N2
                                            ! Determine number of records
230
       ALLOCATE REAL Cal(N1-1,10), Data(1:N2,32)| Define REAL array of records
      ENTER @Deta_path1;Cal(*)
240
250
      ENTER @Data_path2; Data(*)
260
      Period=Cal(0,0)
270
      Hs=1/Period
280
      Sample number=Cal(0.1)
290
      Zoc=Cal(0,2)
300 Print_results: !
310
      PRINT "Data Print Out for Zoc #"; Zoc; ", Run #"; Run
320
      PRINT
330
      PRINT TAB(5); "Period between samples (sec): "; Period
      PRINT TAB(5); "Sample collection rate (Hz): "; Hz
340
      PRINT TAB(5); "Number of samples per port: "; Sample_number
350
360
      PRINT TAB(5); "Length of data run (sec):
                                                  "; Period*31*Sample_number
370 Loop: 1
380
      PRINT
      INPUT "Enter port number for data (0=Exit):",Fort_number
390
400
      IF Port_number=0 THEN Finish
      INPUT "Enter First sample# of run to be viewed: ", Sample1
410
      INPUT "Enter End samples of run: ", Sample2
420
      PRINT "Data Tabulation for Port #"; Port_number; "from file: "; Data_file2S
430
440
450
      PRINT USING "K, 5X, K, 5X, K"; "Sample", "Time (sec)", "Pressure (Hg.)"
460
      FOR Sample=Sample1 TO Sample2
470
       PRINT USING "5D,7X,2D.5D,8X,3D.5D"; Sample, ((Sample-1)*32+(Port_number-1))*Period, Data
480
      NEXT Sample
     GOTO Loop
490
500 Finish: !
510
     ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
520
530
     DEALLOCATE Cal(+)
      DEALLOCATE Data(*)
540
550
     PRINT
560
      PRINT
570
     PRINTER IS CRT
     LOAD "ZOC_MENU", 10
580
190
     END
```

Figure Al8 ZOC-14 DAS Program: READ ZOC

```
10
      ! Program: PLOT_DATA
20
      ! Descript: Plots reduced data compiled by SCAN_ZOC_04.
30
                  Actual data points are ploted as squares. Square size
40
                  can be adjusted by varying variable Sc in line 110.
50
60
      COM /Plot_labels/ REAL Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Dx,Dy,TitleS[60],X_labelS[50],Y_labelS[50]
70
      CLEAR SCREEN
80
90
      PRINTER IS CRT
100
      Sc=.005
                                           !Scale size of plotting squares
      PRINT "Program: PLOT_DATA"
110
120
      PRINT
130
      PRINT "Program plots the reduced data compiled by the program SCAN_ZOC_05."
140
      PRINT "Hard copies of plots can be reproduced to either the HP Think Jet"
150
      PRINT "printer or HP Laser Jet printer."
160
      PRINT
170
      PRINT
180
      PRINT "Press F2 to continue after calibration display is plotted"
      PRINT "Press <Shift> <Dump Graph> for printout of plot on the printer"
190
200
210
      ! Load data ------
220
     DIM Data_disc1$[23]
230
      DIM Date disc28[23]
      INFUT "Enter Zoc # (1,2,3), Date (YM*DD), Run #:",Zoc,DateS,Run
240
250
     File_neme1S="ZC"&VALS(Zoc)&DateS&VALS(Run)
260
      File_neme2$="ZR"&VAL$(Zoc)&Date$&VAL$(Run)
     Data_disc1$=File_name1$&":,700,0,1
270
280
      Data_disc25=File_name25&":,700,0,1"
     ASSIGN @Deta_path1 TO Data_disc1$
290
300
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc2$
310
     REAL N1, N2
320
     STATUS @Data_path1,3;#1
                                          ! Determine number of records
     STATUS @Data_path2,3;N2
330
                                          ! Determine number of records
340
      ALLOCATE REAL Cal(N1-1,10), Data(1:N2,32)! Define REAL array of records
350
     ENTER @Data_path1; Cal(*)
360
     ENTER @Data_path2; Data(*)
     Period=Cal(0,0)
370
380
     Hz=1/Period
390
     Sample_number=Cal(0,1)
400
     Zoc=Cal(0.2)
410 Display_stats: !-----
420
     CLEAR SCREEN
430
     PRINT "Program plots reduced data from file "; File_name2S
440
     PRINT
450
     PRINT "Statistics for Zoc #"; Zoc
460
     PRINT
470
     PRINT TAB(5); "Period between samples (msec): "; Period*1000
480
     PRINT TAB(5); "Sample collection rate (Hz): "; Hz
     PRINT TAB(5); "Number of samples per port: "; Sample_number
490
500
                                                  ";((Sample_number-1)*32+31)*Period*1000
     PRINT TAB(5); "Length of data run (msac):
510
     PRINT
520
     PRINT
530
     PRINT "Data point can be plotted as a continuous line, or squares."
540
     PRINT
550
     PRINT "Note: Wait for symbol '*' in lower right corner of CRT to change"
                  to a '-' before pressing <Shift>Dump Graph>"
560
     PRINT "
570
580
     INPUT "Enter Port #:",P
590
     INPUT "Enter min range of pressure reading (in Hg):", Yo
600
     IMPUT "Enter max range of pressure reading (in Hg):",Yf
     INPUT "Enter Start time for plot (msec):", Xo
610
620
     INPUT "Enter Stop time for plot (msec)):",Xf
     INPUT "Enter type of data point plotting (0=Squares 1=Line):",Plot_case
630
     INPUT "Plots DUMPED to Think Jet or Laser Jet: (0=TJ 1=LJ)",Dump_device
640
650
     IF Dump_device=1 THEN
```

Figure Al9 ZOC-14 DAS Program: PLOT DATA

```
660
        DUMP DEVICE IS 9
670
      ELSE
        DUMP DEVICE IS 711
680
690
      END IF
700
      TitleS="Reduced Data Plot of Port# "&VALS(P)
710
      X_label$="Time (msec)"
720
      Y_label$="Pressure (In Hg)"
730
740
      Dx-10
                                        !Tic marks per X-axis on plot
      Dy-10
750
                                        !Tic marks per Y-axis on plot
760
770
      ! FLot routine -----
780
      CALL Plot
                                           !Rountine to display graph background
      FOR I=1 TO Sample_number
                                           !Plot Squares around data points
790
800
        Sample_time=((Data(I,0)-1)*32+(P-1))*1000*Period
810
        SELECT Plot case
820
        CASE 0
830
          PLOT Sample_time, Data(I,P),-2
                                           !Move pen to data point position
          CALL Square(Xo, Xf, Yo, Yf, Sc)
                                           !Subrountine to plot squares
840
850
        CASE 1
860
          PLOT Sample_time, Data(I,P)
870
        END SELECT
     NEXT I
880
890
900
      PAUSE
910 Finish: !-
     CLEAR SCREEN
920
930
      INPUT "Graph another calibration plot: ( 0=No 1=Yes )", Again
      IF Again-1 THEN Display_state
      ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
950
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
960
970
     DEALLOCATE Cal(*)
980
     DEALLOCATE Data(*)
     PRINTER IS CRI
990
1000
     DUMP DEVICE IS 711
1010
     LOAD "ZOC_MENU", 10
1020
     END
1030
1040
     SUB Plot
1050
     ! Subroutine to display plot screen, less the plots of any curves
1060
1070
     I for the specified variables in the COM /Plot_labels/ line.
       COM /Plot_labels/ Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Dx,Dy,TitleS,X_labelS,Y_labelS
1080
       CLEAR SCREEN
1090
1100
       KEY LABELS OFF
                                        !Initialize graph routine
1110
       GINIT
                                        !Length of X-axis
       X range-Xf-Xo
1120
                                        !Length of Y-axis
1130
       Y_range=Yf-Yo
1140
       LORG 6
                                        !Character ref pt:top center
       MOVE 100*RATIO/2,100
                                        !Move cursor to screen loc for labels
1150
                                        !Sizes labeling
1160
       CSIZE 3
1170
       LABEL TitleS
                                        !Plot title
1180
       MOVE 100*RATIO/2,0
                                        !Move cursor to bottom center screen
       LORG 4
                                        !Character ref pt:bottom center
1190
        LABEL X_labelS
1200
                                        !X-axis label
                                        !Desig degrees for LDIR
1210
       DEG
       LDIR 90
                                        !Sets Y-axis label on end
1220
1230
        LORG 6
       MOVE 0.50
1240
1250
        LABEL Y_labe1$
                                        !Y-axis label
                                        !Reset label to horizontal orientation.
1260
        LDIR 0
                                        !Chr ref pt:left center
        LORG 2
1270
1280
        VIEWPORT 10,90*RATIO,10,90
                                        !Sets graph screen size
                                        Box around VIEWPORT
1290
        FRAME
                                        !Set axis lengths in VIEWPORT
        WINDOW Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf
1300
```

Figure A19 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: PLOT_DATA

```
1310
       AXES X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xo,Yo
                                              !Axes intersect at lower left
1320
        AXES X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xf,Yf
                                              !Axes intersect at upper right
1330
       GRID X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xo,Yo,Dx,Dy,.001
                                        !So labels can print outside VIEWPORT
1340
       CLIP OFF
       CSIZE 3.0,.4
                                        !Axes label size
1350
1360
       LORG 6
                                        !Number X-axis
        FOR I=Xo TO Xf STEP X_range/Dx
1370
1380
         MOVE I, Yo-.01*Y_range
1390
         LABEL USING "#,K";I
       NEXT I
1400
1410
       LORG 8
                                        !Number Y-axis
1420
       FOR I=Yo TO Yf STEP Y_range/Dy
1430
         MOVE Xo-.01*X_range,I
1440
         LABEL USING "#, K"; I
1450
        NEXT I
       CLIP ON
1460
1470 !
1480 SUBEND
1490 SUB Square(Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Sc)
1500 !Subroutine to plot squares around the local origin designated
1510 !by the PLOT statement.
       Xd=Sc*(Xf-Xo)
1520
                                           !X displacement for RPLOT
        Yd=Sc*(Yf-Yo)*RATIO
1530
                                           !Y displacement for RPLOT
1540
       RPLOT -Xd, Yd, -2
1550
        RPLOT Xd, Yd, -1
1560
       RPLOT Xd,-Yd,-1
1570
        RPLOT -Xd, -Yd, -1
       RPLOT -Xd, Yd, 2
1580
1500 SUBEND
```

Figure Al9 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: PLOT_DATA

```
10
       ! Program: CAL_READ_PR1
 20
       ! Description: program to operate CAL2000 calibration modes sequentially
 30
                      and read corresponding calibration pressures in Hg as a
 40
                      test bed for later insertion into the Zoc scanning programs
 50
       ! Author: Rick Wendland, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey CA
 60
                 Tele: (408) 646-2165
 70
 80
       CLEAR SCREEN
 90
       PRINTER IS CRT
 100
       PRINT "Program: CAL_READ_PR1"
 110
       PRINT
       PRINT "
 120
                 This program sequentially sets the CAL2000 calibration"
 130
       PRINT "
                 modes and reads the corresponding internal Pressure Standard"
       PRINT "
 140
                 for that mode."
 150
       PRINT
 160
       PRINT "
                        PH
                                      Positive high range pressure to CAL(+)"
       PRINT "
 170
                        PM
                                       Positive mid range pressure to CAL(+)"
       PRINT "
180
                        PL,
                                       Positive low range pressure to CAL(+)"
       PRINT "
 190
                        ZO
                                      CAL(+) & REF(-) connected together"
200
       PRINT "
                        NL
                                      Negative low range pressure to REF(-)"
      PRINT "
210
                        MH
                                      Negative mid range pressure to REF(-)"
      PRINT "
220
                        NH
                                      Negative high range pressure to REF(-)"
230
240
      INPUT "Display results to CRT or PRINTER? (0=CRT 1=PRINTER)", Results
250
       IF Results=1 THEN
250
        PRINTER IS 711
270
      END IF
280
      CONTROL 9,5;3
                               1Set DTR & RTS to active for CAL2000 configuration
290
      INTEGER Error, Value
300
      REAL Pressure(1:7)
310
      DIM Command_mode$(1:7)[2],Pressure$(5)
320
      Command_mode$(1)="NH"
330
         mend_mode$(2)="NM"
340
      Cor
          mend mode$(3)="NL"
350
      Command mode$(4)="20"
      Commend_mode$(5)="PL"
360
370
      Command_mode$(6)="PM"
380
      Command mode$(7)="PH"
      ON ERROR GOTO Find error
390
400
      OUTPUT 9; "IC"; CHR$(13); END
                                               !Initialize CAL2000
      WAIT 1.5
410
420 Send_command: !
      FOR I=1 TO 7
430
440
        OUTPUT 9; Command_modeS(I); CHRS(13); END
450
        WAIT 1.5
                                     !Wait time to allow calibrator stabilization
460
        OUTPUT 9; "RP"; CHRS(13); END
        ENTER 9 USING "#,SD.5DESZZ,K";Pressure(I);PressureS
470
        GOTO No_error
480
490 Find_error: !
        STATUS 9,10; Error
500
510
        STATUS 9,6; Value
520
        Error_codeS=IVALS(Error,2)
530
        PRINT "Register 10:
                                  ";Error_code$[9,16]
        PRINT "Register 6:
                                  "; Value, CHR$ (Value)
540
550 No_error:!
560
       IDISP "F2 TO CONTINUE"
                                    !Steps used to determine wait time between
570
       ! PAUSE
                                    !CALMOD steps. ZOC output connected to the
580
      NEXT I
                                    !O-scope, use stopwatch to measure settling
590 Print_results:!
                                    !time of dc voltage from ZOC.
600
     PRINT
610
      PRINT
620
      PRINT "CAL2000: Calibration modes and pressures."
630
      PRINT
640
      PRINT USING "2X,K,5X,K"; "Mode", "Pressure (in Hg)"
      PRINT
```

Figure A20 ZOC-14 DAS Program: CAL_READ_PR1

```
660 FOR I=1 TO 7
670 PRINT USING "3X,K,10X,3D.4D";Command_modeS(I),Pressure(I)
680 NEXT I
690 Finish: !
700 PRINTER IS CRT
710 DISP "Press F2 to continue"
720 PAUSE
730 LOAD "ZOC_MENU",10
740 END
```

Figure A20 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: CAL_READ_PR1

```
! Program: TABULATE_ZOC
10
     ! Description: Tabulates data compiled from program SCAN_ZOC_04.
20
30
      DIM Data_disc1$[23]
40
      DIM Data_disc2$[23]
50 Input: !
60
      CLEAR SCREEN
      PRINT "Program tabulates Zoc pressures and calibration data from"
70
      PRINT "the SCAN_ZCC_05 program.
80
      INPUT "Zoc # (1,2,3), date (YMMDD), and run # of data to be reviewed: ", Zoc, DateS, Run
90
100
      CLEAR SCREEN
110
      Data file1$="ZC"&VAL$(Zoc)&Date$&VAL$(Rum)
      Data_file2$="ZR"&VALS(Zoc)&DateS&VALS(Rum)
120
130
      Data_disc1$=Data_file1$&":,700,0,1"
140
      Data disc2$=Data file2$&":,700,0,1"
      ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO Data_disc1$
150
160
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc2$
170
      REAL N1, N2
      STATUS @Data_path1,3;N1
                                           ! Determine number of records
180
                                           ! Determine number of records
190
      STATUS @Deta_peth2,3;N2
200
      ALLOCATE REAL C(N1-1,10)
                                          ! Define REAL array of records
      ALLOCATE REAL D(1:N2.32)
                                          ! Define REAL array of records
210
      ENTER @Data_path1;C(*)
220
230
      ENTER @Data_path2;D(*)
240 !
      INPUT "First port of calibration data to be displayed (0=Exit):",Port_o
250
260
      IF Port_o=0 THEN Finish
      INFUT "Last port of calibration data to be displayed: ", Port_f
270
      INPUT "Print results to CRT or Printer (0-CRT 1-Printer)?", Prt
280
290
      IF Prt=0 THEM
300
        PRINTER IS CRI
310
      ELSE
320
        PRINTER IS 711
      END IF
330
340 Print_results: !
     PRINT "Reduced Data Tabulation at a sample rate of"; 1/C(0,0); " Hz"
350
360
      PRINT
370 Format1: IMAGE K, 2X, K, 2X, K, 2X, K
380 PRINT USING Format1; "Port", "Sample 1", "Sample 2", "Sample 3"
390 Format2: IMAGE 4D, 2X, 4D.3D, 2X, 4D.3D, 2X, 4D.3D
400
      I=1
                                   !ID Data for a given sampling number
410
      FOR P-Port_o TO Port_f
420
        PRINT USING Format2; P,D(I,P),D(I+1,P),D(I+2,P)
430
      NEXT P
440
      PRINT
      PRINT "Calibration Data Tabulation for Zoc#"; Zoc
450
460
      PRINT
470
      PRINT "Pressure voltage readings:"
480 Format3: IMAGE K, 4X, K, 6X, K, 6X, K, 6X, K, 6X, K, 6X, K
     PRINT USING Format3; "Port", "NH", "NM", "NL", "ZO", "PL", "FM", "PH"
490
500 Formet4: IMAGE 3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D,X,3D.3D
      PRINT USING Format4;0,C(0,4),C(0,5),C(0,6),C(0,7),C(0,8),C(0,9),C(0,10)
510
520
     FOR P=Port_o TO Port_f
       PRINT USING Format4; P,C(P,4),C(P,5),C(P,6),C(P,7),C(P,8),C(P,9),C(P,10)
530
540
      NEXT P
550
     PRINT
560
      PRINT "Calibration polynomial coefficients for Zoc#"; Zoc
570 Formet5: IMAGE K, 8X, K, 16X, K, 16X, K, 16X, K
     PRINT USING Format5; "Port", "A0", "A1", "A2", "A3"
580
590
     FOR P=Port_o TO Port_f
600
       PRINT P; TAB(5); C(P,0); TAB(24); C(P,1); TAB(43); C(P,2); TAB(62); C(P,3)
      NEXT P
610
620
630
      ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
640
      DEALLOCATE C(*)
650
```

Figure A21 ZOC-14 DAS Program: TABULATE ZOC

```
660 DEALLOCATE D(*)
670 !
680 INFUT "Review data or Exit (0=Exit 1=Review):",Action
690 IF Action=0 THEN Finish
700 FRINT
710 GOTO Input
720 Finish: !
730 PRINTER IS CRT
740 LOAD "ZOC_MENU",10
750 END
```

Figure A21 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: TABULATE_ZOC

```
! Program: LS PLOT
 20
       ! Descript: Plots calibration results and Least Square curve from
 30
                  data provided by SCAN_ZOC_04
 40
 50
       COM /Plot_labels/ REAL Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Dx,Dy,TitleS[60],X_labelS[50],Y_labelS[50]
 60
       ! Input variables -----
 70
       CLEAR SCREEN
       PRINT "Program: LS_PLOT"
 80
 90
       PRINT
       PRINT "Program plots the calibration curve from Least Square coefficients"
 100
 110
       PRINT "and the calibration data points contain in the Calibration Data File."
 120
       PRINT
 130
       PRINT
 140
       PRINT "Press F2 to continue after calibration display is plotted"
 150
       PRINT "Press <Shift> <Dump Graph> for printout of plot on the printer"
      INPUT "Enter Calibration Data file name: ", Data_fileS
 150
 170 Loop: !
 180
       INPUT "Enter Port #:",P
       IMPUT "Enter min range of pressure reading (in Rg):",Xo
 190
       INPUT "Enter max range of pressure reading (in Hg):",Xf
 200
 210
       INPUT "Enter min range of Zoc voltage reading (Volts):", Yo
      INPUT "Enter max range of Zoc voltage reading (Volts):", Yf
 220
      INPUT "Plots DUMPED to Think Jet or Laser Jet Printer:(0=TJ 1=LJ)",Dump_device
 230
 240
      IF Dump_device=1 THEN
 250
        DUMP DEVICE IS 9
 260
       ELSE
        DUMP DEVICE IS 711
 270
 280
      END IF
 290
 300
      TitleS-"Least Square Plot of CAL2000 Calibration (Port# "&VALS(P)&" )"
 310
      Y_label$="Volts"
      X_labelS="Pressure (In Hg)"
 320
                                      '!Tic marks per X-axis on plot
 330
      D<del>x-</del>10
      Dy-12
 340
                                      !Tic marks per Y-axis on plot
 350
      CLEAR SCREEN
 360
 370
      ! Load data ------
 380
      DIM Data_disc$[23]
 390
      Data_disc$=Data_file$&":,700,0,1"
                                          !Define data transfer path
 400
      ASSIGN @Data_path TO Data_discS
 410
      REAL N
 420
      STATUS *Data_path,3;N
                                          !Determine length of data file
 430
       ALLOCATE REAL D(N-1,10)
                                          !Allocate am array to accept data
 440
      ENTER @Data_path;D(*)
                                          !Load data into memory in array D(*)
 450
 460
      ! PLot routine -----
 470
      CALL Plot
                                         !Rountine to display graph background
 480
      FOR X=-3 TO 3 STEP .1
                                          !Plot calibration curve
 490
       Fx=(D(P,0)+D(P,1)+X+D(P,2)+X^2+D(P,3)+X^3)
 500
       PLOT Fx X
 510
      NEXT X
 520
      Sc=. 01
                                          !Scale size of plotting squares
 530
      FOR I=4 TO 10
                                          !Plot Squares around data points
 540
       PLOT D(0,1),D(P,1),-2
                                          !Move pen to data point position
       CALL Square(Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Sc)
 550
                                         !Subrountine to plot squares
      NEXT I
 560
 570
      ASSIGN @Data_path TO *
 580
 590
      PAUSE
 600
      CLEAR SCREEN
. 610
      INPUT "Graph another calibration plot: ( 0=No 1=Yes )", Again
 620
      DEALLOCATE D(*)
 630
      IF Again-1 THEN Loop
 649
      LOAD "ZOC_MENU", 10
 650
```

Figure A22 ZOC-14 DAS Program: LS PLOT

```
660
670
      SUB Plot
680
      ! Subroutine to display plot screen, less the plots of any curves
690
      ! for the specified variables in the COM /Plot labels/ line.
700
        COM /Plot_labels/ Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Dx,Dy,TitleS,X_labelS,Y_labelS
710
        CLEAR SCREEN
720
        KEY LABELS OFF
730
        GINIT
                                          !Initialize graph routine
740
        X_range=Xf-Xo
                                          !Length of X-axis
750
        Y_range-Yf-Yo
                                          !Length of Y-axis
760
        LORG 6
                                          !Character ref pt:top center
        MOVE 100*RATIO/2,100
770
                                          !Move cursor to screen loc for labels
780
        CSIZE 3
                                          !Sizes labeling
790
        LABEL TitleS
                                         !Plot title
        MOVE 100*RATIO/2.0
800
                                         !Move cursor to bottom center screen
810
        LORG 4
                                          !Character ref pt:bottom center
        LABEL X_labelS
820
                                         !X-axis label
830
        DEG
                                         !Desig degrees for LDIR
840
        LDIR 90
                                         !Sets Y-axis label on end
850
        LORG 6
        MOVE 0.50
860
870
        LABEL Y_labelS
                                         !Y-axis label
880
        LDIR 0
                                         !Reset label to horizontal orientation.
890
        LORG 2
                                         !Chr ref pt:left center
900
        VIEWPORT 10,90*RATIO,10,90
                                         !Sets graph screen size
910
        FRAME
                                         !Box around VIEWPORT
920
        WINDOW Xo, Xf, Yo, Yf
                                         !Set exis lengths in VIEWPORT
930
        AXES X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xo,Yo
                                               !Axes intersect at lower left
        AXES X_renge/Dx,Y_renge/Dy,Xf,Yf
940
                                               !Axes intersect at upper right
950
        GRID X_renge/Dx,Y_renge/Dy,Xo,Yo,Dx,Dy,.001
        CLIP OFF
                                         ISo labels can print outside VIEWPORT
970
        CSIZE 3.0,.4
                                         fAxes label size
980
        LORG 6
                                         !Number X-axis
990
        FOR I=Xo TO Xf STEP X_range/Dx
1000
          MOVE I, Yo-.01*Y range
          LABEL USING "#,K";I
1010
1020
        NEXT I
1030
                                         !Number Y-axis
        FOR I=Yo TO Yf STEP Y_range/Dy
1040
1050
          MOVE Xo-.01*X_range,I
1060
          LABEL USING "#, K"; I
1070
        NEXT I
        CLIP ON
1080
1090
1100 SUBEND
      SUB Square(Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Sc)
1110
1120
      !Subroutine to plot squares around the local origin designated
1130
     !by the PLOT statement.
1140
       Xd=Sc*(Xf-Xo)
                                            !X displacement for RPLOT
1150
        Yd=Sc*(Yf-Yo)*RATIO
                                            !Y displacement for RPLOT
1160
        RPLOT -Xd, Yd, -2
        RPLOT Xd, Yd, -1
1170
1180
        RPLOT Xd, -Yd, -1
1190
        RPLOT -Xd, -Yd, -1
        RPLOT -Xd, Yd, 2
1200
1210 SUBEND
```

Figure A22 (cont) ZOC-14 DAS Program: LS_PLOT

```
10
      !Program: ZOC_MENU
20
      !Description: Menu for utilization of the Zoc-14 and CALSYS 2000.
30
      CLEAR SCREEN
40
      CONTROL CRT, 5; 4
50
      KEY LABELS ON
      ON KEY 1 LABEL "SCAN 1-3ZOCS" GOTO Scan_1
60
      ON KEY 2 LABEL "READ ZOCDATA" GOTO Read z
70
      ON KEY 3 LABEL "PLOT ZOCDATA" GOTO Plot
80
      ON KEY 4 LABEL "READ
                               CALSYS20" GOTO Calsys
90
      ON KEY 5 LABEL "TABULATECAL DATA " GOTO Tab_data
100
      ON KEY 6 LABEL "PLOT CALDATA" GOTO Plot cal
ON KEY 7 LABEL "HP6944A MENU" GOTO Main
110
120
      ON KEY 8 LABEL "EXIT
                             MENU" GOTO Exit
130
140
150
      PRINT "Zoc Electronic Pressure Module Operation Menu"
150
      PRINT
      PRINT "Item:
170
                                              Select Function Key'
180
      PRINT
190
      PRINT " Scan 1-3 ZOC-14 Modules (32 ports ea)
                                                          F1"
      PRINT " Read reduced data from ZOC-14 module
200
                                                          F2"
      PRINT " Plot reduced data from ZOC-14 module
                                                          F3"
210
      PRINT " Read CALSYS 2000 calibration pressures
                                                          F4"
220
230
      PRINT " Read tabulated calibration data
                                                          £5"
      PRINT " Plot Calibration data
                                                          F6"
240
250
      PRINT
                                                          F7"
      PRINT " HP6944A Main Menu
260
      PRINT " Exit Menu
270
                                                          F8"
280
290 Hold:
300
      GOTO Hold
310 Scan_1: !
320 CLEAR SCREEN
330
      PRINT "Loading SCAN_ZOC_05"
340
      LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BINS.1/TRANS"
     LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/SERIAL"
350
360
     LOAD "SCAN_ZOC_05",10
370 Plot: !
380 LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/GRAPHX"
     LOAD "PLOT_DATA", 10
390
400 Read_z: !
410 LOAD "READ_ZOC", 10
420 Calays: !
     LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/SERIAL"
430
     LOAD "CAL_READ_PR1", 10
440
450 Tab data: !
460 LOAD "TABULATE_ZOC", 10
470 Plot_cal: !
     LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/GRAPHX"
480
     LOAD "LS_PLOT", 10
490
500 Main:
510 LOAD "HP6944A MENU", 10
520 Exit:CLEAR SCREEN
530 END
```

Figure A23 ZOC-14 DAS Program: ZOC_MENU

APPENDIX B. ZOC-14 PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT CHRONOLOGY

The following prargraphs provide a chronological summary of the SCAN ZOC program development using the HP14753A CAT Programs. First, the HP6944A manuals required the hardware configuration of the I/O cards be determined. Second, review of the interface requirements to operate the ZOC-14 units identified the binary ZOC address codes to set. The HP69730A Relay Output Card then provided the closure contacts required to set the required address codes28. The HP69759A A/D Card provided the signal conversion process to read the ZOC-14. I/O card edge connectors are fabricated from hardware supplied with the I/O cards to provide the interface between the cards and the ZOC-14. The program "SCAN_ZOC_01", Figure B1, provides control and reads data voltage values from the ZOC-14. SCAN ZOC 01 was the simplest in the series of development programs.

"SCAN_ZOC_02" , Figure B2, integrated new programming features and hardware into a complete data acquisition program for utilizing one ZOC-14. The significant features were,

- segmenting the main program into "blocks" of routines
- utilizing arrays for data processing

²⁸ Refer to Ref. 26 for details on the Relay Output Card.

- hardware integration of the CALSYS2000
- integration of the Buffer and Timer Functions
- data reduction using Least Squares calibration curve fitting
- ♦ data storage to the hard drive using BUFFER arrays.

This program did not utilize the Zero Operate and Calibrate method. Calibration data were first collected and stored in a BUFFER array. Raw pressure data were then collected and retained in the HP69791A Memory Card. Calibration data were reduced using the Least Squares routine. The calibration data were then transferred to the hard drive calibration data file. Raw pressure data were extracted from the memory card, reduced, and stored on the hard drive reduced-pressure data file.

BUFFER arrays were used for the high speed data handling capabilities. A data transfer was initiated with a buffer and the computer executed the next line without waiting for the transfer to complete. This process allowed data transfer while the computer was performing the next command, thereby minimizing processing time.

SCAN_ZOC_02 did not control the CALSYS2000. Control was provided by a seperate 386 desk top computer with a modem connected to the CALSYS2000 through the computer's RS-232C port. Interfacing the HP9000 with the CALSYS2000 required resolution of RS-232C data stream handling techniques.

"SCAN_ZOC_03", Figure B3, introduced new features. Over SCAN ZOC 02, the new features were;

- ♦ the use of subroutines and the CASE statements to provide multiple ZOC-14 interfacing into the data acquisition system.
- incorporating full control of the CALSYS2000 using HP9000 commands.

The techniques to control the CALSYS2000 are discussed in section II.B.2.d.

"SCAN_ZOC_04", Figure B4, incorporated the following additional features,

- incorporation of a second ZOC-14 into the process to validate multiple ZOC-14 operation
- ♦ command lines to handle a second CALMOD 2000
- incorporation of the Zero Operate and Calibrate principle.

The command line to operate a second CALMOD did not interfere with the current CALSYS2000 operation since this command used an address character "2" and the installed CALMOD only responded to address character "1".

Integration of the "Zero Operate and Calibrate" principle required collecting measured pressure data followed by calibration data. This process posed a memory storage problem for multiple ZOCs. The problem was rectified by transferring the raw data to a hard drive data file for recall off-line. Three advantages were associated with this technique:

- 1. Programming simplification, by not having to identify raw and calibration data separately on the memory card.
- 2. Additional data collection capacity was made available by sequential utilization of the memory card.
- 3. Multiple data and calibration runs could be conducted which were limited only by the hard drive storage capacity.

Data reduction could be accomplished at any later time, providing considerable flexibility. It is to be noted, however, that sufficient space on the hard drive was required to be set aside to store the reduced data. The user must manage hard drive space when acquiring large quantities of data. Transfer of raw and calibration data to the floppy disk is one solution. This would require the user to generate a transfer program similar to the FILE_XFER program, Figure D17, on the /UTILity directory.

The Scan Frequency input (1-100,000 Hz) for the SCAN_ZOC_02, SCAN_ZOC_03, and SCAN_ZOC_04 programs was improperly implemented. The Timer Function required that a specified "Period" be input to define the length of the "step" or logic-high portion of the square wave trigger output²⁹. The programs previous to SCAN_ZOC_05 used the reciprocal of the Scan Frequency as the Period to be input. This resulted in square wave periods twice the intended value. SCAN_ZOC_05 correctly adjusts the Scan Frequency input used to define the

 $^{\,^{29}\,}$ Ref. 15 defines the input variables for the Timer Function.

Timer Function Period value, changing the input frequency range to "1-50,000 Hz". In SCAN_ZOC_05 the Scan Frequency input value is first inverted, then the resulting period is divided by two to obtain the Timer Period value. In the first three programs this division by two was omitted and thus the programs gave a two-fold decrease in the data sampling rate. This error was discovered during the development of the PLOT_DATA program, Figure A20. The program plots reduced pressure data versus time for a specified ZOC port number. The detected error was detected when the plot showed only half the number of data points for the calculated time span. That SCAN_ZOC_05 uses the correct Timer Period value was verified by the PLOT_DATA program.

```
10
     ! Program: SCAN_ZOC_01
     ! Description: Application program to operate HP6944A collecting voltage
20
30
                  readings from a ZOC using HP6944A cards.
40
                  Program provides voltage reading from a single ZOC for a
50
                  specified port number 1-32.
60
                  This program was primarily an instruction aid to learn about
70
                  HP6944A operation and ZOC operation.
80
     ! Hardware: HP6944A Multi-processor
90
100
                  -(1) Relay Output Card (HP69730A)
110
                  -(1) 500 kHz A/D Card (HP69759A)
120
                  (1) ZOC-14 32 port Electronic Pressure Scanning Module
130
140
     ! Notes: 1. ZOC address driven by Relay Output card connecting ZOC's
150
                  A0-A4 leads to the Relay Output card's edge connector:
160
170
                        ZOC
                                    Relay Contact
180
                        AO
190
                        A1
                                         c
200
                        A2
                                         E
210
                                         Ħ
220
                        A4
230
240
                  Relay Contacts 1,3,5,7, & 9 were connected together and
250
                  tied into ZOC's ground wire to complete the address circuit.
250
                  (Ref ZOC-14 Instruction Manual dwg 8329 sht 3 of 3)
270
               2. ZOC's Output Plus lead was connected to A/D edge card
280
                  connection W, and ZOC Output Common connected to A/D Y
290
                  (Ref HP69759A Manual pg 2-3, fig. 2-1)
300
               3. ZOC powered by OA-2 Op Amp Designer internal power supply.
310
               4. CALSYS2000 sets the different ZOC modes through a pneumatic
320
                  switch metrix. CALSYS2000 defaults to the Zero Operate mode
330
                  when energized providing CTL2 (Px CTL) control pressure to the
331
                  ZOC, and allow senor pressure readings of any of the 32 ports.
340
               5. A by-pass valve is installed between CALSYS2000 PSC and
350
                  CALMOD to minimized Nitrogen usage by closing the valve.
360
                  CALMOD is not operative until external ASCII commands are
370
                  provided via RS_232C cable to the CALMOD following CALSYS2000
380
                  energizing.
390
400
    ! LOADSUB ALL FROM "CONFIGURE"
                                            !These two commands must be initated
     ! LOADSUB ALL FROM "LIBRARY5.1"
410
                                            !to append required SUB and CSUB
420
                                            !routines to the end of this program
430
      COM /Issscom/ INTEGER X(1:1106)
440
     COM /Isss_heap/ Isss_heap(1000)
450
      COM /Names/ Zoc_address, Zoc_pressure ! Identify: Relay Output, A/D
450
     Configure("Ask_me", "ZOC_CONFIG_01")
                                            !Load Configuration File, and
470
                                            !request for file review/alteration.
480
     System_init
                                            !Initialize Relay Output and A/D
490
500
     ! ----- BODY OF APPLICATION PROGRAM -----
510
520
     REAL Port_reading, Port_req
    INPUT "Enter Port # (1-32): ",Port_req !Input port #
530
                                            !Select port # by Relay Output
540
     Output(Zoc_address, 32-Port_req)
550
     Input(Zoc_pressure, Port_reading)
                                            !Read ZOC voltage value from A/D
560
570
    PRINT "Port #"; Port_req; " reading: "; Port_reading
580
590
600
     ! ----- END OF MAIN PROGRAM -----
610
     END
620
```

Figure Bl Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_01

```
10
     ! Program: SCAN ZOC 02
     ! Description: Application program to operate HP6944A collecting pressure
 30
                    readings from one ZOC-14 32 port module using the CAL2000
 ΔN
                    to provide calibration data, reduce raw pressure data and
 50
                    store data to the hard drive.
 60
     ! Hardware: HP6944A Multi-processor
 70
                  -500 kHz A/D Card (HP69759A)
 80
                  -High Speed Memory Card (HP69791A)
 90
                   -Timer/Pacer Card (HP69736A)
 100
                  -Counter Card (HP69775A)
 110
                  CAL2000 Calibration Module
 120
                  ZOC-14 32 port Electronic Pressure Scanning Module
 130 ! Note: This program utilizes only one (1) Zoc Module.
 140 !
 150
     ! Buffer Memory: 65536 18-bit data words in HP69791A
 160 ! Timer: Maximum 32676 counts for one HP69775A
 170 1
 180
      COM /Issscom/ INTEGER X(1:1106)
 190
      COM /Isss_heap/ Isss_heap(1000)
200
      COM /Names/ Relay, Buffer, Adc1, Timer
210
      Configure("Menu_off", "ZOC CONFIG_02")
220
     !Configure("Ask_me", "ZOC_CONFIG_02")
230
240 Body: ! ----- BODY OF PROGRAM -----
250 !
260 Input_variables: !---- INITIAL PARAMETERS -----
      PRINT "Program:"
270
      PRINT " - Scans a single Zoc-14 module with 32 pressure sensing ports."
      PRINT " - Stores reduced data on the hard drive (:,700,0,1)."
290
      FRINT " - CAL2000 Calibration Module used for the reference pressure standard."
300
      PRINT " - Raw pressure data reduced using calibration data from CAL2000"
310
320
      PRINT "
                 and data from Zocs in the calibration mode."
330
      PRINT
      PRINT "Input variables: Scan frequency (1-100,000 Hz)"
340
350
      PRINT .
                              Samples per Port (1-1021)"
360
370
     ! Max speed of HP system is Period=0.000002 sec. or 500 kHz.
380
390
      PRINT
400
      INFUT "Enter data rate (1-100kHz):",Hz
      INPUT "Number of samples per port (1-1021): ", Sample_number
410
420
      Period=1/Hz
430
      PRINT
440
      PRINT "Data acquisition rate: ";1/Period;" Hz"
      PRINT "Number of samples per port: ",Sample_number
450
460
      PRINT "Total raw data acquisition time: ", Period*Sample_number*32;" sec."
470
480 Cal_initial: !---- CALIBRATION SET-UP ------
480
500
     REAL Cal(1:1120)
                                       ! Calibration collection array for
510
                                       ! 5 samples per port, 7 calibration
520
                                       ! runs using CAL2000.
530
     REAL Zoc_cal(32,10)
                                       ! Calibration data array. Format:
540
      Zoc_cal(0,0)=Period
550
      Zoc_cal(0,1)=Sample_number
560
570
         For ports 1=1 to 32
           Row 0: 0 0 0 0 NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (pressure Hg.)
580
           Row 1: AO A1 A2 A3 NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (LS coef, press volts)
590
600
        LS coef are Least Squares curve fit coef for third order polynomial.
610
620
     Calibrate=1
                                       ! Set calibration run
     Count=160
630
                                       ! Set count to collect calibration data
640
     Index=1
                                       ! Set index for cal data collection
650
     PRINT
```

Figure B2 Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_02

```
660
      PRINT "Ensure CAL2000 is on-line and initialized"
670
      PRINT
      PRINT "Set CAL2000 calibrate mode (sequence: NH, NM, NL, ZO, PL, PM, PH)"
680
690
      PRINT
700 Cal_routine: !-----
     INPUT "Read RP value, and enter: ", Zoc_cal(0, Index+3)
710
      PRINT "Secondary Pressure Standard: "; Zoc_cal(0, Index+3)
720
730
    1
740 Scan_zocs: !-----
750 !Note: Zoc address driven by Counter Card binary output at edge connection.
760
     ! Calibration routine collects 5 samples per Zoc port.
770
     ! Raw data collection follows calibration collection routine.
780 !
790
      Wait time=INT(Count*Period)+10
                                       ! Set Timer wait time to +10 secs.
                                       ! Initialize Timer system
800
     Init(Timer)
810
      Set_timeout(Timer, Wait_time)
                                       ! Set Wait_for period of xx secs.
820
      Set_count(Timer,Count)
                                       ! Set Count number into Timer
      Set_period(Timer, Period)
830
                                       ! Set Timer pulse length in secs.
840
      Init(Buffer)
                                       ! Initialize Buffer for data storage
850
      Start(Timer)
                                       ! Start data sample collection
860
      Wait_for(Timer)
                                       ! Data samples stored in Memory System
870
880
     ! Collect calibration data from Memory System
890
     IF Calibrate=0 THEN Reduce_cal_dat
      Input_rblock(Buffer,Cal(*),160,(Index-1)*160)! Collect cal run data
900
910
      Index=Index+1
     IF Index<8 THEN Cal_routine
920
                                        ! Loop cal data collection runs
930
940
     ! Collect rew data initialization
950
     CLEAR SCREEN
      PRINT "Reset Zoc mode to read pressure data"
960
970
      DISP "Press F2 to continue"
     PAUSE
980
990
      CLEAR SCREEN
1000 PRINT "Collecting raw pressure data." ! Set parameters to collect raw data
1010 Calibrate=0
1020 Count=Sample_number*32
                                       ! Set Count as function of sample number
                                       ! and number of port readings (32) on
1030
1040
                                       ! Zoc for raw data collection.
1050 GOTO Scen_zocs
                                       ! Raw data run.
1060 1
1070 ! End of Zoc scan routine
1080 Reduce_cal_dat:!---- REDUCE CALIBRATION DATA -----
1090 | Routine to reduce Cal(*) into Zoc_cal(I,J)
1100 !
1110 REAL A(3,3),B(3),C(3),Sum_x(6),A_inv(3,3) ! Least Square reduction arrays
1120 PRINT
1130 PRINT "Reducing calibration data."
1140 FOR J=4 TO 10
                                       ! Cal runs: NH, NM, NL, ZO, PL, PM, PH
1150
       FOR I=1 TO 32
                                       ! Zoc ports per calibration run
1160
         FOR K=0 TO 4
                                       ! Number of samples per run
1170
           Zoc_cal(I,J)=Zoc_cal(I,J)+Cal(I+K*32+(J-4)*160)
1180
         NEXT K
1190
         Zoc_cal(I,J)=Zoc_cal(I,J)/5 ! Average of 5 samples per port I
1200
1210 NEXT J
1220 !
1230 Least_squares: !
1240 ! Calibration data reduction using Least Squares Polynominal fitting.
1250 1
1260 FOR K=1 TO 32
                                 ! Loop for each port
1270 !
1280
       MAT C= (0)
1290
       MAT Sum_x= (0)
1300 !
```

Figure B2 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_02

```
1310
        FOR J=1 TO 6
                                    ! Routine to reduce individual port cal
1320
          FOR I=4 TO 10
                                    ! data into elements to a power x j
1330
            Sum_x(J)=Sum_x(J)+Zoc_cal(K,I)^J
1340
          NEXT I
        NEXT J
1350
1360 !
        FOR I-0 TO 3
1370
                                   ! Derive A array
          FOR J=0 TO 3
1380
            A(I,J)=Sum_x(I+J)
1390
1400
          WEXT J
1410
        MEXT I
        A(0.0)=7
1420
1430 1
1440
        FOR J=0 TO 3
                                    ! Derive C array
          FOR I-4 TO 10
1450
1460
            C(J)=C(J)+Zoc_cal(K,I)^J*Zoc_cal(0,I)
1470
          NEXT I
1480
        NEXT J
1490 !
1500
        MAT A_inv= INV(A)
        MAT B= A_inv*C
1510
                                    ! B array is matrix of Least Square
1520 !
                                      coefficients a0, a1, a2, & a3 for polynomial
1530 1
                                      equation fitting calibration data for a
1540 !
                                      specified port
1550 !
1560
                                   ! Collect Least Square coefficients
        Zoc_cal(K,0)=B(0)
        Zoc_cal(K,1)=B(1)
1570
1580
        Zoc_cal(K, 2)=B(2)
1590
        Zoc_cal(K,3)=B(3)
1600 !
1610 NEXT K
1620 !
1630 Data transfer: !---- TRANSFER DATA FM MEMORY SYSTEM TO HARD DISC -----
1640 ! Routine transfers data from Memory System to hard drive via buffer blocks
1650 1
1660 ! Transfer calibration data and coefficients to hard drive
1670 DIM Data disc1$[23]
                                        ! Define string for data file name
1680 Data_file15="ZOC_CAL"
1690 Data_disc1S=Data_file1S&":,700,0,1"
1700 PURGE Data disc1$
1710 CREATE BOAT Data_disc1$,33,8*11 ! Create BOAT file of 11*8 byte
1720
      ASSIGN (Data_path1 TO Data_disc1$ ! Assign path to hard drive
      OUTPUT @Data_path1; Zoc_cal(*)
                                      1 x33 records and store on hard drive
1730
1740 ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
                                         ! Close buffer path
1750 I
1760 ! Reducing raw data and transferring data to hard drive
1770 PRINT
1780 FRINT "Reducing raw pressure data and transferring data to hard drive."
1790 INTEGER Data_int(0:32)
                                        ! Extracted INTEGER raw data
1800 REAL Data_raw(0:32)
                                        ! Translated REAL raw data
1810 REAL Data_red(0:32)
                                        ! REAL reduced data
1820 REAL Data_buffer2(0:32) BUFFER
                                        ! Raw data transfer buffer
1830 REAL Data_buffer3(0:32) BUFFER
                                       ! Reduced data transfer buffer
1840 DIM Data_disc25[23]
                                        ! Define string for data file name
1850 DIM Data_disc3S[23]
1860 REAL Nd
1870 Data_file25="ZOC_RAW"
1880 Data_file3S="ZOC_REDUCE"
1890 Data_disc2S=Data_file2$&":,700,0,1"
1900 Data_disc3S=Data_file3S&":,700,0,1"
1910 PURGE Data_disc2S
1920 PURGE Data_disc3$
1930
     CREATE BDAT Data_disc2$,10,8*33
                                       ! Create BDAT file of 33*8 byte records
                                        ! and initial 10 records
1940
                                        ! Each record contains one scan of the
1950
```

Figure B2 (cont) Development Program: SCAN ZOC 02

```
1960
                                          ! 32 port Zoc in REAL pressure values
                                          ! corrected by CAL2000 values
1970
1980
      CREATE BDAT Data_disc38,10,8*33
1990
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc29 ! Assign path to hard drive
      ASSIGN @Data_path3 TO Data_disc3$
2000
      Count_inblock=32
2010
                                          ! Number of samples per block transfered
2020 Block_number=Count/Count_inblock ! Number of transfer blocks
2030 !
2040
     FOR Block=1 TO Sample_number
                                         ! Loop routine to transfer data
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path2 TO BUFFER Data buffer2(*);FORMAT OFF
ASSIGN @Buffer_path3 TO BUFFER Data_buffer3(*);FORMAT OFF
2050
2060
2070
        Input_iblock(Buffer,Data_int(*),Count_inblock,1)! Load data samples to
2080
                                                        ! buffer in blocks
        Translate(Adc1,Data_int(*),Data_raw(*))! Load INTEGER data into
2090
2100
                                               ! REAL data buffer array
2110 !
2120 ! Routine to reduce raw data using polynomial:
2130 !
2140 !
         Data_reduce = a0 + a1*x + a2*x^2 + a3*x^3
2150 !
2160 ! where a0,a1,a2, & a3 are Least Square coefficients, and x is
2170 ! the individual port raw data value.
2180 !
2190
        FOR K=1 TO 32
          Data_red(K)=Zoc_cal(K,0)+Zoc_cal(K,1)*Data_raw(K)+Zoc_cal(K,2)*Data_raw(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K,3)*Data_raw(K)^3
2200
2210
2220 !
2230
        Data_raw(0)=Period*(Block~1)
                                             ! Store raw data sample time
2240
        Data_red(0)=Period*(Block-1)
                                              ! Store reduce data sample time
2250 !
                                              ! Transfer raw & red data to buffer
2260
        MAT Data_buffer2= Data_raw
2270
        MAT Data_buffer3= Data_red
2280 1
        CONTROL &Buffer_path2,4; (Count_inblock+1)*8! Close REAL buffer when full
2290
2300
        CONTROL @Buffer_path3,4; (Count_inblock+1)*8
2310
        TRANSFER @Buffer_path2 TO @Data_path2! Transfer data to hard drive
        TRANSFER @Buffer_path3 TO @Data_path3
2320
2330
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path2 TO *
2340
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path3 TO *
2350 NEXT Block
2360 1
2370 STATUS @Data_path3,3;Nd
                                          ! Determine data file length
2380 ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
                                          I Close buffer path
2390 ASSIGN @Data_path3 TO *
2400 1
2410 CLEAR SCREEN
2420 PRINT "Calibration data file: "; Data_file1$
2430 PRINT "Rew data file: ";Data file28
2440 PRINT "Reduced data: ";Data_file38
      PRINT "Number of records (scans) in "; Data_file3S;" is: "; Nd
2450
2460 PRINT
2470 PRINT "Use READ_ZOC to read data from ";Data_file2S;" and ";Data_file3S
2480 PRINT "Use TABULATE ZOC to read calibration data from ";Data_file1S
2490
2500 Finish: !
2510 DISP "Press F2 to continue."
2520 PAUSE
2530 LOAD "HP6944A_MENU", 10
2540 End body: 1 ----- END OF MAIN PROGRAM
2550 !
2560 END
```

Figure B2 (cont) Development Program: SCAN ZOC 02

```
10
     ! Program: SCAN ZOC 03
20
       Description: Application program to operate HP6944A collecting pressure
30
                    readings from 1-3 ZOC-14 32 port modules using the CAL2000
                    to provide calibration data, reduce raw pressure data and
40
50
                    store data to the hard drive.
     ! Hardware: EP6944A Multi-processors
60
70
                  -500 kHz A/D Cards (HP69759A)
80
                  -High Speed Memory Cards (HP69791A)
                  -Timer/Pacer Card (HP69736A)
90
                  -Counter Card (HP69775A)
100
                  CAL2000 Calibration Module
110
120
                  ZOC-14 32 port Electronic Pressure Scanning Modules
     ! Notes: 1. This program utilizes up to three (3) Zoc Modules storing data
130
              of each Zoc into a seperate buffer Memory System (HP69791A).
140
150
              2. COM /Names line and BDAT file ZOC_CONFIG_03 must match for this
160
              program to operate.
170
    ! Buffer Memory: 65536 16-bit data words in RP69791A per system
180
     ! Timer: Maximum 32676 counts for one HP69775A
190
200 ! Max speed of HP system is Period=0.000002 sec. or 500 kHz.
210 !
220
      COM /Issscom/ INTEGER X(1:1106)
230
      COM /Isss heap/ Isss heap(1000)
      COM /Names/ Buffer, Adc1, Timer
240
250
      Configure("Menu_off","ZOC_CONFIG_03")
     !Configure("Ask_me", "ZOC_CONFIG_03")
260
270
280 Input: |---- INPUT VARIABLES --
290
     PRINT "Program: SCAN_ZOC_03"
300
      PRINT " - Scans 1-3 Zoc-14 Modules (32 pressure sensing ports each)."
      PRINT "
                 Selected number of Zocs determines the size of stored data files."
310
      PRINT "
              - CAL2000 Calibration Module used for the reference pressure standard."
320
330
      PRINT "
              - Raw pressure data reduced using calibration data from CAL2000"
340
      PRINT "
                 and data from Zocs in the calibration mode."
      FRINT " - Stores reduced data on the hard drive (:,700,0,1)."
350
      PRINT "
              - Program designed to operate three (3) Memory-A/D Cards simultaneously."
360
370
      PRINT
      PRINT "Input variables: Scan frequency (1-100,000 Hz)"
380
390
      PRINT
                              Samples per Port (1-1021)"
      PRINT "
                              Number of Zocs to be used"
400
      PRINT "
                              Calibration/Reduced data file name ID"
410
420
430 ! COM assigns calibration data array for 3x32 Zoc ports (96 total)
      COM /Zoc dat/ REAL Zoc cal(96,10) BUFFER
440
      COM /Stats/ REAL Period, Sample_number
450
460
      PRINT
470
      INPUT "Enter data rate (1-100kHz):",Hz
      INPUT "Number of samples per port (1-1021): ",Sample_number
480
490
      INPUT "Number of Zoc's connected to Multi-programer", Zoc_number
500
      Period=1/Hz
                                         ! Wait time for CAL2000 stabilization
      Wait_for=1.5
510
520
      PRINT
530
      PRINT "Data acquisition rate: "; TAB(50); Hz; " Hz"
540
      PRINT "Number of samples per port:"; TAB(50); Sample_number
550
      PRINT "Number of Zocs to be scanned: ": TAB(50); Zoc_number
560
      PRINT "Total number of ports to be scanned: "; TAB(50); Zoc_number*32
      FRINT "Total calibration data acquisition time: ";TAB(50);Period*5*32+(9*Wait_for);" sec."
570
580
      PRINT "Total rew data acquisition time: "; TAB(50); Period*Sample_number*32; " sec. '
590
     ! Calibration data array: Znc_cal(95,10)
600
510 ! Formet:
520
         For ports i=1 to 96
630
            Row 0, column 0: Period
640
            Row 0, column 1: Sample number
650
            Row 0, column 2: Number of Zocs being used
```

Figure B3 Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_03

```
Row 0: ____ NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (pressure Hg.)
Row 1: AO A1 A2 A3 NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (LS coef, press volts)
660 !
670
680
         LS coef are Least Squares curve fit coef for third order polynomial.
690
      Zoc_cal(0,0)=Period
700
710
      Zoc_cal(0,1)=Sample_number
720
      Zoc_cal(0,2)=Zoc_number
730
740
      PRINT
750
      PRINT "Ensure CAL2000 is on-line, calibration pressure source at 90 psi,"
      PRINT "and calibrator pressure cut-off valve is open (on back of CAL2000)"
760
      DISP "Press F2 to start data aquisition"
770
780
      PAUSE
790 !
800 Initial_cal: !----- CALIBRATION SET-UP -----
810 !
     CLEAR SCREEN
820
     PRINT "Collecting calibration data."
830
840
     REAL Call(1120), Cal2(1120), Cal3(1120)! Calibration data array
850
     REAL Cal(1120)
                                        ! SUB prog call data array
860
     Count=32*5
                                        ! Set count to collect calibration data
870
     CONTROL 9,5;3
                                        ! Set DTR & RTS to active for CAL2000
     DIM Command_mode$(1:7)[2]
     Command_mode$(1)="NH"
890
     Command_mode$(2)="NM"
900
910
     Command_mode$(3)="NL"
     Command_modeS(4)="ZO"
920
930
     Command mode$(5)="PL"
940
     Command_mode$(6)="PM"
950
     Command_mode$(7)="PH"
960
     OUTPUT 9; "IC"; CHR$(13); END
                                        ! Initializes CAL2000
970
     WAIT Weit_for
                                        ! Allows CAL2000 pressure to stabilize
980
990 Collect_cal_dat: !--- COLLECT RAW CALIBRATION DATA -----
1000 !
1010 ! Collect raw calibration data for each CAL2000 setting
1020 FOR Index=1 TO 7
1030
       CALL Cal2000(Command_mode$(Index), Index, Wait for)
1040
       CALL Scan_zocs(Count, Period)
1050
       FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
1060
          SELECT Zoc_case
1070
          CASE 1
            CALL Zoc_dat_cal(Buffer,Call(*),Index)
1080
1090
          CASE 2
1100
            CALL Zoc_dat_cal(Buffer2,Cal2(*),Index)
1110
          CASE 3
1120
            CALL Zoc_dat_cal(Buffer3,Cal3(*),Index)
1130
          END SELECT
        NEXT Zoc_case
1140
1150 NEXT Index
1160
1170
     ! Adjust Calibration pressure sign to account for CAL2000/Zoc method
1180
     ! of setting negative calibration pressures.
1190 Zoc_cal(0,4)=-Zoc_cal(0,4)
                                          ! NH adjustment
1200
     Zoc_cal(0,5)=-Zoc_cal(0,5)
                                          ! NM adjustment
1210
     Zoc_cal(0,6)=-Zoc_cal(0,6)
                                          ! NL adjustment
1220
     CLEAR SCREEN
1230
1240 PRINT "Calibration data collection complete."
1250
     PRINT
1260
     PRINT "*** Secure Calibrator pressure valve to conserve Nitrogen ***"
1270
     PRINT
1280
     PRINT "CAL2000 Calibration modes and pressures (in Hg):"
     PRINT TAB(5); "NH"; TAB(15); Zoc_cal(0,4)
1290
1300 PRINT TAB(5); "NM"; TAB(15); Zoc cal(0,5)
```

Figure B3 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_03

```
1310 PRINT TAB(5); "NL"; TAB(15); Zoc_cal(0,6)
1320 PRINT TAB(5); "ZO"; TAB(15); Zoc_cal(0,7)
1330 PRINT TAB(5); "PL"; TAB(15); Zoc_cal(0,8)
1340 PRINT TAB(5); "PM"; TAB(15); Zoc_cal(0,9)
1350 PRINT TAB(5); "PH"; TAB(15); Zoc_cal(0,10)
1360
1370 Collect_rew_dat: !--- COLLECT RAW PRESSURE DATA -----
1380 PRINT
1390 PRINT "Collecting raw pressure data." ! Set parameters to collect raw data
1400 OUTPUT 9; "IC"; CHR$(13); END
                                       ! Reinitialize CAL2000
1410 WAIT Weit_for
1420 Count=Sample_number*32
                                        ! Set Count as function of sample number
1430
                                        ! and number of port readings (32) on
1440
                                        ! Zoc for raw data collection.
1450 CALL Scan_socs(Count, Period)
                                        ! Collect raw data into Memory System
1460 PRINT
1470 PRINT "Raw data collection complete."
1480 !
1490 Reduce_cal_dat: !---- REDUCE CALIBRATION DATA -----
1500 ! Routine to reduce Cal_(*) into Zoc_cal(I,J)
1510 !
1520 PRINT
1530 PRINT "Reducing calibration data."
1540 FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
1550
       SELECT Zoc_case
1560
       CASE 1
1570
          CALL Zoc_det_red(Cal1(*),1)
1580
       CASE 2
1590
         CALL Zoc_dat_red(Cal2(*),2)
1600
       CASE 3
1610
         CALL Zoc_det_red(Cal3(*),3)
       END SELECT
1620
1830 NEXT Zoc_case
1640 I
1650 Data_transfer: !---- TRANSFER DATA FM MEMORY SYSTEM TO BARD DISC ------
1660 ! Routine transfers data from Memory System to hard drive via buffer blocks
1670 !
1680 CLEAR SCREEN
1690 ! Transfer calibration data and coefficients to hard drive
1700 ON ERROR GOSUB Purge_file
1710 INPUT "Enter Calibration and Reduced Data file name ID (11 char max):",File_idS
1720 Eard_drive$=":,700,0,1"
1730 REAL Nd, Nr
1740 1
1750 !---Transfer calibration data to hard drive
1750 PRINT "Transferring calibration data to the hard drive."
1770 DIM Data_disc18[23]
                                       ! Define string for data file name
1780 Deta_file1$="ZC_"&File_id$
                                       ! Zoc calibration file name
1790 File nameS=Data file18
                                       ! Used for file purging if required
1800 Data_disc1S=Data_file1S&Hard_driveS
1810 CREATE BDAT Data_disclS,33,8*11 ! Create BDAT file of 11*6 byte
1820 ASSIGN @Data path1 TO Data disc1$ ! Assign path to hard drive
1830 ASSIGN &Buffer_path1 TO BUFFER Zoc_cal(*) !Assign buffer path
1840 CONTROL @Buffer_path1,4;8*11*(Zoc_number*32+1) !Set data file length
1850 TRANSFER @Buffer_path1 TO @Data_path1 !Store cal data on hard drive
1860 STATUS @Data_path1,3;Hr
                                       ! Number of records in cal file
1870 ASSIGN @Buffer_path1 TO *
                                       ! Close path
1880 ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
                                       ! Close path
1890 !
1900 !---Reducing raw data and transferring data to hard drive
1910 PRINT
1920 PRINT "Reducing raw pressure data and transferring data to the hard drive."
1930 DIM Data_disc2$(23)
                                     ! Define string for data file name
1940 Data_file2S="ZR_"&File_idS
                                       ! Reduced data file name
1950 File_nameS=Data_file2S
                                       ! Used for file purging if required
```

Figure B3 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_03

```
Data_disc2S=Data_file2S&Hard_driveS
1960
                                         ! Create BDAT file of 33*8 byte records
1970
      CREATE BDAT Data_disc2$,10,8*33
1980
                                          ! and initial 10 records
1990
                                          ! Each record contains one scan of the
                                          ! 32 port Zoc in REAL pressure values
2000
2010
                                          ! corrected by CAL2000 values
2020
      ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc2$ ! Assign path to hard drive
2030 !
                                          ! Collect raw data, reduce data and
2040 FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
        SELECT Zoc_case
2050
                                          ! and store reduce data on hard drive
2060
        CASE 1
2070
          CALL Rew_red_det(Buffer, 1, @Data_path2)
2080
        CASE 2
          CALL Raw_red_dat(Buffer2,2,@Data_path2)
2090
2100
        CASE 3
2110
          CALL Rew_red_dat(Buffer3,3,@Data_path2)
        END SELECT
2120
2130 NEXT Zoc_case
2140 !
2150 STATUS @Data_path2,3;Nd
                                           ! Reduced data file length
2160 ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
                                           ! Close buffer path
2170 !
2180 CLEAR SCREEN
2190 PRINT "Calibration data file: ";Data file1$;" containing";Nr;" records."
2200 PRINT "Reduced data file: ";Data file2$;" containing";Nd;" records."
2210 PRINT
      PRINT "Files ";Data_file1S;" and ";Data_file2S;" are located on hard drive ";Hard_driveS
2220
2230
      PRINT "Data reading programs available from HP6944A menu."
2240
2250 Finish: !
2260 DISP "Press F2 to continue."
2270 PAUSE
2280
     LOAD "HP6944A_MENU", 10
2290 Purge_file: !
2300 IF ERRN-54 THEN
2310
        PURGE File_neme$&Hard_drive$
2320 END IF
2330 RETURN
2340 1
2350 END
2360 End: !=
2370 ! Routine to operate CAL2000
     SUB Cal2000 (CommandS, I, Wait_period)
2380
2390
        COM /Zoc_dat/ REAL Zoc_cal(96,10) BUFFER
2400
        DIM PressureS[5]
                                          ! Required to read data stream
        OUTPUT 9; CommandS; CHRS(13); END ! Sets calibration mode
2410
                                         ! Allow CAL2000 to stabilize
2420
        WAIT Wait_period
                                         ! Reads CAL2000 calibration pressure
2430
        OUTPUT 9: "RP"; CHRS(13); END
        ENTER 9 USING "#,SD.5DESZZ,K";Zoc_cal(0,I+3),PressureS
2440
2450
      SUBEND
2460 1--
2470 ! Routine to operate HP6944A to collect pressure data and store in Memory
2480 !Note: -Zoc address driven by Counter Card binary output at edge connection
            through a 7404 open collector DTL/TTL located in an auxiliary box.
2490 !
2500 !
2510 SUB Scan_zocs(Count, Period)
2520
        COM /Nemes/ Buffer, Adcl, Timer
        Wait time=INT(Count*Period)+10 ! Set Timer wait time to +10 secs.
2530
2540
        Init(Timer)
                                          ! Initialize Timer system
2550
        Set_timeout(Timer, Wait_time)
                                         ! Set Wait_for period of xx secs.
2560
        Set_count(Timer,Count)
                                         ! Set Count number into Timer
2570
        Set period(Timer, Period)
                                         ! Set Timer pulse length in secs
                                          ! Initialize Buffer for data storage
2580
        Init(Buffer)
2590
        !INIT(BUFFER2)
2500
        !INIT(BUFFER3)
```

Figure B3 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_03

```
2610
        Start(Timer)
                                         ! Start data sample collection
        Weit_for(Timer)
2520
                                         ! Data samples stored in Memory System
2630 SUBEND
2640 !-----
2650 ! Routine to read raw calibration data from Memory System
2660 SUB Zoc_dat_cal(Buff,Cal(*),I)
2670
        Input rblock(Buff, Cal(*), 160, (I-1)*160+1)
2680
     SUBEND
2690 1-----
2700 ! Routine to reduce Cal_(*) into Zoc_cal(I,J)
2710 SUB Zoc_dat_red(Cal(*),Zoc)
2720
        COM /Zoc_dat/ REAL Zoc_cal(96,10) BUFFER
2730
        REAL A(3,3),B(3),C(3),Sum_x(6),A_inv(3,3)! Least Square reduction arrays
2740
        REAL Calx(256,5)
2750
        FOR J=> TO 10
                                         ! Cal runs: NH, NM, NL, ZO, PL, PM, PH
2760
          FOR I=1 TO 32
                                         ! Zoc ports per calibration run
2770
            I1=(Zoc-1)*32+I
2780
            FOR K=0 TO 4
                                         ! Number of samples per run
2790
              Zoc_cal(I1,J)=Zoc_cal(I1,J)+Cal(I+K*32+(J-4)*160)
2800
              Calx(I+(J-4)*32,K+1)=Cal(I+K*J2+(J-4)*160)
2810
            NEXT K
2820
            Zoc_cal(I1,J)=Zoc_cal(I1,J)/5 ! Average of 5 samples per port I
          NEXT I
2830
        NEXT .1
2840
2850 !
2860
        GOTO Least squares
2870 ! Print rew calibration data
2880
        PRINTER IS 711
2890
        PRINT "Raw calibration data for Zoc#": Zoc
2900
        PRINT
2910 Formet: IMAGE 3D, 2X, 3D. 3D
2920
        FOR K-1 TO 7
2930
          PRINT "RP-";K
2940
          FOR J=1 TO 32
2950
            I=J+((K-1)*32)
2960
            PRINT USING Format; J.Calx(I.1), Calx(I.2), Calx(I.3), Calx(I.4), Calx(I.5)
          NEXT J
2970
2980
        NEXT K
2990
        PRINTER IS CRT
3000 !
3010 Least_squares:!
3020 ! Calibration data reduction using Least Squares Polynominal fitting.
3030 !
3040
        FOR K=1 TO 32
                                    ! Loop for each port
3050
          K1=(Zoc-1)*32+K
3060 !
3070
          MAT C= (0)
3080
          MAT Sum_x= (0)
3090 1
3100
          FOR J-1 TO 6
                                    ! Routine to reduce individual port cal
            FOR I=4 TO 10
                                   I data into elements to a power x^j
3110
3120
              Sum_x(J)=Sum_x(J)+Zoc_cal(K1,I)^J
3130
            NEXT I
3140
          NEXT J
3150 I
3160
          FOR I=0 TO 3
                                   ! Derive A array
           FOR J=0 TO 3
3170
3180
             A(I,J)=Sum_x(I+J)
3190
            NEXT J
3200
          NEXT I
3210
          A(0,0)=7
3220 !
          FOR J=0 TO 3
3230
                                   ! Derive C array
3240
            FOR I=4 TO 10
3250
              C(J)=C(J)+Zoc_cal(K1,I)^J*Zoc_cal(0,I)
```

Figure B3 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_03

```
3260
                          NEXT I
3270
                      NEXT J
3280 !
                      MAT A_inv= INV(A)
MAT B= A_inv*C
3290
3300
                                                                                ! B array is matrix of Lease Square
3310 !
                                                                                    coefficients a0, a1, a2, & a3 for polynomial
3320 !
                                                                                    equation fitting calibration data for a
                                                                                    specified port
3330 1
3340 !
3350
                                                                               ! Collect Least Square coefficients
                      Zoc cal(K1,0)=B(0)
3360
                      Zoc_cal(K1,1)=B(1)
3370
                      Zoc_cal(K1,2)=B(2)
                      Zoc_cal(K1,3)=B(3)
3380
3390 !
3400
                  NEXT K
3410
             SUBEND
3420 !---
3430 SUB Raw_red_dat(Buff, Zoc, @Data_path2)
3440 ! Routine to reduce raw data using polynomial:
3450
                 COM /Zoc_dat/ REAL Zoc_cal(95,10) BUFFER
                 REAL Red_data(32) BUFFER
3460
3470
                 REAL Raw_data(32)
                 COM /Stats/ REAL Period, Sample_number
3480
                                                                                                       ! Loop routine to transfer data
3490
                 FOR Block=1 TO Sample_number
3500
                      ASSIGN @Buffer path2 TO BUFFER Red_data(*); FORMAT OFF
3510
                      Input_rblock(Buff,Raw_data(*),32,1) ! Load data samples
                      Sample_time=Block*Period
3520
3530 !
3540 !
                   Red data = a0 + a1*x + a2*x^2 + a3*x^3
3550 !
3560 ! where a0, a1, a2, & a3 are Least Square coefficients, and x is
3570 ! the individual port raw data value.
3580 1
3590
                      FOR K=1 TO 32
3600
                          K1=(Zoc-1)*32+K
                          \label{eq:red_data} \textbf{Red_data(K)=Zoc_cal(K1,0)+Zoc_cal(K1,1)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,2)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,2)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,2)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,2)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,2)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,2)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(K1,3)+Raw_data(
3610
3620
                      NEXT K
3530 !
                      Red_data(0)=Sample_time
3640
                                                                                                   ! Store reduce data sample time.
3650 !
                      CONTROL &Buffer_path2,4;(32+1)*8 ! Close buffer when full
3660
3670
                      TRANSFER @Buffer_path2 TO @Data_path2 ! Transfer data to hard drive
3680
                      ASSIGN &Buffer path2 TO *
3690
                 NEXT Block
3700 SUBEND
3710 |-----
```

Figure B3 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_03

```
10
     ! Program: SCAN ZOC 04
20
     ! Description: Application program to operate HP6944A collecting pressure
                     readings from 1-3 ZOC-14 32 port modules using the CAL2000
30
40
                     to provide calibration data, reduce raw pressure data and
50
                     store data to the hard drive.
     ! Hardware: (1) HP6944A Multi-processors
60
                    - (2) 500 kHz A/D Cards (HP69759A)
70
                    - (2) High Speed Memory Cards (HP69791A)
80
                    - (1) Timer/Pacer Card (HP69736A)
90
100
                    - (1) Counter Card (HP69775A)
110
                   (1) HiScan CAL2000 Calibration Module
                   (1) ZOC-14 32 port Electronic Pressure Scanning Modules
120
130
     ! Notes: 1. This program utilizes up to three (3) Zoc Modules storing data
140
              of each Zoc into a seperate buffer Memory System (HP69791A).
              2. COM /Names/ line and BDAT file ZOC_CONFIG_04 must match for
150
160
              this program to operate.
170
              3. HiScan requires a short period to stabilize before reading
180
              the pressure valves. The Wait_for statement (line 340) sets this
              wait period in seconds. Adjustment of the variable my be required
190
              as additional Zocs are integrated into the Data Acquisition System.
200
               4. HiScan currently configured for one (1) calibrator. This
210
              program is written to operate one (1) or two (2) calibrators.
220
230
     ! Buffer Memory: 65536 16-bit data words in HP69791A per system
250
     ! Timer: Maximum 32676 counts for one HP69775A
     ! Max speed of HP system is Period=0.000002 sec. or 500 kHz.
260
270
280
      COM /[ssscom/ INTEGER X(1:1106)
290
      COM /. sss_heap/ Isss_heap(1000)
300
      COM /Names/ Buffer1, Adc1, Buffer2, Adc2, Timer
310
     !Configure("Menu_off","ZOC_CONFIG_04")
320
     Configure("Ask_me","ZOC_CONFIG_04")
330
340
      Wait_for=1.5
                                         ! Wait time for HiScan stabilization
350
360 Input: !---- INPUT VARIABLES --
      PRINT "Program: SCAN_ZOC_04"
370
      PRINT "
380
              - Scans 1-3 Zoc-14 Modules (32 pressure sensing ports each)."
390
               - Uses Zero Operate Calibrate (ZOC) principal:
      PRINT "
                   - Collects raw pressure data (Zero Operate)"
400
      PRINT "
410
                    - Collects calibration data (Calibrate)"
                    - Reduces raw data and stores data on hard drive :,700,0,1"
420
      PRINT "
      PRINT "
              - BiScan Calibration Module used for the reference pressure standard."
430
      PRINT "
               - Raw pressure data reduced using calibration data from HiScan"
AAG
      PRINT "
450
                  and Zocs in the calibration mode."
      PRINT " - Program designed to operate up to three (3) Memory-A/D Cards"
460
      PRINT "
                 simultaneously. COM /Names/ line must match Multi-programmer'
470
      PRINT "
                  (HP6944A) configuration. ZOC_CONFIG_04 file must be updated"
480
      PRINT "
                 to the revised COM /Names/ line when altered."
490
500
      PRINT
      PRINT "Input variables: Scan frequency (1-100,000 Hz)"
510
      PRINT "
520
                               Samples per Port (1-1021)"
530
      PRINT "
                               Number of Zocs and their capacity"
      PRINT "
                               Calibration/Reduced data file name ID"
540
550
     ! COM essigns calibration data array for 32 Zoc ports and standard values.

COM /Zoc_dat/ REAL Zoc_cal1(33,10) BUFFER,Zoc_cal2(33,10) BUFFER,Zoc_cal3(33,10) BUFFER
560
570
      COM /Stats/ REAL Period, Sample_number, Wait_for, INTEGER Cal_mod_id(3)
580
590
      MAT Zoc call= (0)
      MAT Zoc_cal2= (0)
500
610
      MAT Zoc_cal3= (0)
620
      INPUT "Enter data rate (1-100kHz):", Hz
630
      INPUT "Number of samples per port (1-1021): ",Sample_number
640
      INPUT "Number of Zoc's connected to Multi-programer", Zoc_number
```

Figure B4 Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

```
660
      Cal_mod_id(0)=Zoc_number
670
      FOR Zoc case=1 TO Zoc number
        SELECT Zoc_case
680
690
        CASE 1
          INPUT "Enter Calibration Module number set for Zoc #1 (Enter 1 or 2):",Cal_mod_id(1)
700
        CASE 2
710
          INPUT "Enter Calibration Module number set for Zoc #2 (Enter 1 or 2):",Cal_mod_id(2)
720
730
740
          INPUT "Enter Calibration Module number set for Zoc #3 (Enter 1 or 2): ", Cal_mod_id(3)
750
        END SELECT
760
      NEXT Zoc_case
      INPUT "Enter Calibration and Reduced Data file name ID (10 char max):", File idS
770
780
      Period=1/Hz
      PRINT
      PRINT "Data acquisition rate: "; TAB(50); Hz; " Hz"
800
810
      PRINT "Number of samples per port: "; TAB(50); Sample_number
      PRINT "Number of Zocs to be scanned:"; TAB(50); Zoc_number
      PRINT "Total number of ports to be scanned: "; TAB(50); Zoc_number*32
830
     PRINT "Total raw data acquisition time:"; TAB(50); Period*Sample_number*32; " sec."
RAD
      PRINT "Total calibration data acquisition time:"; TAB(50); Period*5*32+(7*Wait_for); " sec."
850
860
     Zoc_cal1(0,0)=Period
870
AAO
     Zoc_cal1(0,1)=Sample_number
890
      Zoc_cal1(0,2)=1
     Zoc_cel1(0,3)=Cel_mod_id(1)
900
     Zoc_cal2(0,0)=Period
910
     Zoc_cal2(0,1)=Sample_number
920
     Zoc_cal2(0,2)=2
930
940
     Zoc ce12(0,3)=Cal mod id(2)
      Zoc_cel3(0,0)=Period
950
960
     Zoc_cal3(0,1)=Sample_number
      Zoc_cal3(0,2)=3
970
     Zoc_cal3(0,3)=Cal_mod_id(3)
980
990
1000
     PRINT
     PRINT "Ensure HiScan is on-line, calibration pressure source at 90 psi,"
     PRINT "and calibrator pressure cut-off valve is open (on back of HiScan)"
1020
1030
1040
1050
                                        ! Set DTR & RTS to active for HiScan
     CONTROL 9.5:3
     OUTPUT 9; VALS(1); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #1
1060
     OUTPUT 9; VALS(2); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #2
1070
1080
     WAIT Wait_for
                                        ! Allow BiScan to set Zocs
1090
1100
     DISP "Press F2 to start data aquisition"
1110
     PAUSE
1120 !
1130 Collect_raw_dat: !--- COLLECT RAW PRESSURE DATA -----
1140 CLEAR SCREEN
1150 PRINT
1160 PRINT "Collecting raw pressure data."
                                        ! Set Count as function of sample number
1170 Count=Sample_number*32
1180
                                        ! and number of port readings (32) on
1190
                                        ! Zoc for raw data collection
                                        ! Collect raw data into Memory System
1200 CALL Scan_zocs(Count, Period)
1210 PRINT
1220
     PRINT "Raw data collection complete."
1230
     BEEP
1240 !
1250 Raw_data_xfer: !----- TRANSFER RAW DATA FM MEMORY SYSTEM TO HARD DISC -----
1260 PRINT
1270 !
1280 FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
                                        ! Collect raw data, reduce data and
       SELECT Zoc_case
                                        ! and store reduce data on hard drive
1290
1300
       CASE 1
```

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

```
1310
          CALL Raw_dat(Buffer1,1,Sample_number)
1320
        CASE 2
1330
          CALL Raw_dat(Buffer2, 2, Sample_number)
1340
        CASE 3
1350
          CALL Raw_dat(Buffer3,3,Sample_number)
1360
        END SELECT
1370 NEXT Zoc_case
1380 !
1390 Initial_cal: !----- CALIBRATION SET-UP -----
1400 ! Calibration data array for each Zoc: Zoc_cal_(33 10)
1410 ! Format:
1420 1
         For ports i=1 to 33
1430 1
            Row 0, column 0: Period
1440 !
            Row 0, column 1: Sample number
            Row 0, column 2: Zoc #
1450 !
1460 !
            Row 0, column 3: Calibrator module ID (1=50 psi 2=15 psi)
1470 1
            Row 0:
                              NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (pressure Hg.)
            Row 1: AO A1 A2 A3 NH NM NL ZO PL PM PH (LS coef, press volts)
1480 1
1490 !
         LS coef are Least Squares curve fit coef for third order polynomial.
1500 !
1510 PRINT
1520 PRINT "Collecting calibration data."
1530 REAL Call(1120), Cal2(1120), Cal3(1120)! Calibration data array
                                       ! Set count to collect calibration data
1540 Count=32*5
1550 DIM Command mode$(1:7){2}
1560 Command_mode$(1)="NH"
1570 Command mode$(2)="NM"
1580 Command mode$(3)="NL"
1590 Command_mode$(4)="ZO"
1600 Command_mode$(5)="PL"
1610 Command_mode$(6)="PM"
1520 Command_mode$(7)="PH"
1630
1640 Collect_cel_dat: !--- COLLECT RAW CALIBRATION DATA -----
1650 1
1660 ! Collect raw calibration data for each HiScan setting
1670 FOR Index=1 TO 7
1680
       CALL Cal2000(Command modeS(Index), Index)
1690
        CALL Scan_zocs(Count, Period)
1700
       FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
          SELECT Zoc_case
1710
1720
          CASE 1
1730
            Input_rblock(Buffer1,Cal1(*),160,(Index-1)*160+1)
1740
          CASE 2
1750
            Input_rblock(Buffer2, Cal2(*), 150, (Index-1)*150+1)
1760
          CASE 3
1770
           Input_rblock(Buffer3,Cal3(*),160,(Index-1)*160+1)
          END SELECT
1780
1790
       NEXT Zoc_case
1800 NEXT Index
1810 !
1820 PRINT
1830 PRINT "Calibration data collection complete."
1840 BEEP
1850 WAIT .25
1860 BEEP
1870 OUTPUT 9: VAL$(1); "IC"; CHR$(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #1
1880 OUTPUT 9; VALS(2); "IC"; CHRS(13); END! Initialize Calibrator module #2
1890 PRINT
1900 PRINT "*** Secure Calibrator pressure valve to conserve Nitrogen ***"
1910 PRINT
1920 PRINT "HiScan Calibration modes and pressures (in Hg):"
1930 Fmt1: IMAGE /, 5X, K, 10X, K, 10X, K, 10X, K
1940 PRINT USING Fmt1; "Mode", "Zoc #1", "Zoc #2", "Zoc #3"
1950 Fmt2: IMAGE 6X,K, 10X, 3D. 4D, 8X, 3D. 4D, 8X, 3D. 4D
```

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

```
1960 FOR I=4 TO 10
        PRINT USING Fmt2; Command modeS(I-3), Zoc_call(0,I), Zoc_cal2(0,I), Zoc_cal3(0,I)
1970
1980
1990
2000 Reduce_cal_dat: !---- REDUCE CALIBRATION DATA AND STORE ON HARD DRIVE ----
2010 ! Routine to reduce Cal_(*) into Zoc_cal_(I,J) and store on hard drive
2020 !
2030 PRINT
2040
      PRINT
2050
      PRINT "Hard drive name => :,700,0,1"
2060
      FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
2070
        SELECT Zoc_case
2080
        CASE 1
2090
          CALL Zoc_dat_red(Cal1(*), Zoc_cal1(*), File_id$)
2100
        CASE 2
2110
          CALL Zoc_dat_red(Cal2(*),Zoc_cal2(*),File_id$)
        CASE 3
2120
2130
          CALL Zoc_dat_red(Cal3(*), Zoc_cal3(*), File_id$)
2140
        END SELECT
2150 NEXT Zoc_case
2160 !
2170 Reduce data: !---- REDUCE DATA AND STORE ON HARD DRIVE -----
2180 ! Routine loads raw and calibration data from hard drive, reduces the raw
2190 ! data, and stores the reduced data to the hard drive.
2200 !
2210 FOR Zoc_case=1 TO Zoc_number
2220 SELECT Zoc_case
2230
        CASE 1
2240
          CALL Rew_red_dat(Zoc_call(*),File_id$)
2250
        CASE 2
2260
          CALL Rew_red_dat(Zoc_cal2(*),File_id$)
2270
        CASE 3
          CALL Rew_red_dat(Zoc_cal3(*),File_id$)
2280
        END SELECT
2290
2300 NEXT Zoc_case
2310
      BEEP
2320
      WAIT .25
2330
2340 BEEP
2350
      WAIT
2360 BEEP
2370
2380 Finish:
2390 PRINT
2400 PRINT "Available Memory: ":SYSTEMS("AVAILABLE MEMORY")
2410 DISP "Press F2 to continue and return to ZOC Menu."
2420 PAUSE
2430 LOAD "ZOC_MENU", 10
2440 !
2450 END
2460 End: !
2470 ! Routine to operate HP6944A to collect pressure data and store in Memory
2480 !Note: -Zoc address driven by Counter Card binary output at edge connection
2490 !
            through a 7404 open collector DTL/TTL located in an auxiliary box.
2500 !
2510 SUB Scan_zocs(Count, Period)
2520
        COM /Names/ Bufferl, Adcl, Buffer2, Adc2, Timer
2530
        Wait time=INT(Count*Period)+10 ! Set Timer wait time to +10 secs.
2540
        Init(Timer)
                                         ! Initialize Timer system
        Set_timeout(Timer, Wait_time)
2550
                                         ! Set Wait_for period of xx secs.
2560
        Set_count(Timer,Count)
                                         ! Set Count number into Timer
                                         ! Set Timer pulse length in secs.
2570
        Set_period(Timer, Period)
                                         ! Initialize Buffer for data storage
2580
        Init(Buffer1)
2590
        Init(Buffer2)
        !INIT(BUFFER3)
2600
```

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

```
2610
         Start(Timer)
                                          ! Start data sample collection
 2620
        Wait_for(Timer)
                                         ! Data samples stored in Memory System
2630 SUBEND
2640 !----
2650 ! Subroutine to collect raw pressure data from Memory System and store
2660 ! onto the hard drive for future data reduction.
2670 SUB Raw_dat(Buff, Zn, Sn)
2680
        ON ERROR GOSUB Purge file
2690
        INTEGER Raw_data(1:32672) BUFFER ! Integer raw data buffer for 32*1021
2700
                                         ! data samples. Integer format for
2710
                                         ! minimum transfer time to storage.
        Data_fileS="ZRAW"&VAL$(Zn)
2720
                                         ! Raw data file
        Data_disc$=Data_file$&":,700,0,1"
2730
2740
        CREATE BOAT Data disc$,1,2
                                         ! Create BDAT file of 2 byte records.
         ASSIGN @Data_path TO Data_discS ! Assign path to hard drive
2750
2760
         ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO BUFFER Raw_data(*); FORMAT OFF
2770
         Input_iblock(Buff,Raw data(*),Sn*32,1)
                                                     ! Load data samples
2780
        CONTROL @Buffer_path, 4; 32*2*Sn ! Close buffer when full
        TRANSFER @Buffer_path TO @Data_path
2790
                                               ! Transfer data to hard drive
2800
         ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO *
         ASSIGN @Data_path TO *
2810
        PRINT "Raw pressure data for Zoc #"; Zn; " transferred to the hard drive file "; Data_fileS
2820
2830
        GOTO Fin
2840 Purge file: !
        IF ERRN-54 THEN
2850
          PURGE Data_disc$
2860
2870
        END IF
2880
        RETURN
2890 Fin:
2900 SUBEND
2910 !--
2920 ! Subroutine controls calibration mode and reads pressure from Pressure
2930 ! Standard into Zoc_cal(*) array.
     SUB Cal2000(CommandS.I)
2950
        COM /Zoc_det/ REAL Zoc_call(*) BUFFER, Zoc_cal2(*) BUFFER, Zoc_cal3(*) BUFFER
2960
        COM /Stats/ REAL Period, Sample number, Wait for, INTEGER Cal mod id(3)
2970
        DIM PressureS(5)
                                                 ! Required to read data stream
2980
        OUTPUT 9; VALS(1); CommandS; CHRS(13); END
                                                ! Sets calibrator #1 mode
2990
        OUTPUT 9; VALS(2); CommandS; CHRS(13); END ! Sets calibrator #2 mode
3000
        WAIT Wait_for
                                                 ! Allow RiScan to stabilize
3010
        FOR K=1 TO Cal_mod_id(0)
                                                 ! Read HiScan cal press
          SELECT K
3020
3030
          CASE 1
3040
            OUTPUT 9; VALS(Cal_mod_id(1)); "RP"; CHR$(13); END
3050
            ENTER 9 USING "#, SD. SDESZZ, K"; Zoc call(0, I+3), PressureS
3060
3070
            OUTPUT 9; VALS(Cal_mod_id(2)); "RP"; CHRS(13); END
3080
            ENTER 9 USING "#,SD.5DESZZ,K"; Zoc cal2(0,I+3), PressureS
3090
3100
            OUTPUT 9; VALS(Cal_mod_id(3)); "RP"; CHR$(13); END
            ENTER 9 USING "#,SD.5DESZZ,K";Zoc_cal3(0,I+3),PressureS
3110
3120
          END SELECT
3130
        NEXT K
        IF I<=3 THEN
3140
                                            ! Account for positive pressures used
3150
          Zoc_call(0,I+3)=-Zoc_call(0,I+3) ! by HiScan in the NH,NM, & NL mode.
3160
          Zoc_cal2(0, I+3) =- Zoc cal2(0, I+3)
          Zoc_ca13(0,I+3)=-Zoc_ca13(0,I+3)
3170
        END IF
3180
3190
     SUBEND
3200 !----
3210 ! Subroutine reduces calibration data collected from Memory System and
3220 ! HiScan calibration pressure data into a Third-order polynomial curve
3230 ! fit using the Least Squares routine. The complete calibration array
3240 ! Zoc cal is then stored onto the hard drive.
3250 SUB Zoc_dat_red(REAL Cal(*), Zoc_cal(*) BUFFER, F_id$)
```

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

```
3260
        REAL A(3,3),B(3),C(3),Sum_x(6),A_inv(3,3)! Least Square reduction arrays
3270 1
3280 ! Converting Cal(*) to Zoc_cal(*)
                                         ! Cal runs: NH, NM, NL, ZO, PL, PM, PH
3290
        FOR J=4 TO 10
3300
          FOR I-1 TO 32
                                         ! Zoc ports per calibration run
3310
            FOR K=0 TO 4
                                         ! Number of samples per run
              Zoc_cal(I,J)=Zoc_cal(I,J)+Cal(I+K*32+(J-4)*160)
3320
3330
            NEXT K
3340
            Zoc_cal(I,J)=Zoc_cal(I,J)/5 ! Average of 5 samples per port I
          NEXT I
3350
3360
        NEXT J
3370 !
3380 ! Calibration data reduction using Least Squares Polynominal fitting.
3390
        FOR K=1 TO 32
                                    ! Loop for each port
3400 !
3410
          MAT C= (0)
3420
          MAI Sum_x= (0)
3430 !
3440
          FOR J=1 TO 6
                                    ! Routine to reduce individual port cal
3450
            FOR I=4 TO 10
                                    ! data into elements to a power x j
3460
              Sum_x(J)=Sum_x(J)+Zoc_cal(K,I)^J
3470
            NEXT I
3480
          NEXT J
3490 !
3500
          FOR I=0 TO 3
                                    ! Derive A array
            FOR J=0 TO 3
3510
              A(I,J)=Sum_x(I+J)
3520
3530
            NEXT J
3540
          MEXT I
3550
          A(0,0)=7
3560 1
3570
          FOR J=0 TO 3
                                    ! Derive C array
3580
            FOR I=4 TO 10
3590
             C(J)=C(J)+Zoc_cal(K,I)^J*Zoc_cal(0,I)
3500
            NEXT I
3610
          NEXT J
3620 1
3630
          MAT A_inv= INV(A)
          MAT B- A_inv*C
                                    ! B array is matrix of Least Square
3540
                                      coefficients a0, a1, a2, & a3 for polynomial
3650 1
3660 !
                                      equation fitting calibration data for a
                                      specified port
3670 !
3680 !
3690 ! Collect Least Square coefficients
3700
          Zoc_cal(K,0)=B(0)
3710
          Zoc_cal(K, 1)=B(1)
3720
          Zoc_cal(K, 2)=B(2)
3730
          Zoc_cal(K,3)=B(3)
3740 !
3750
        NEXT K
3750 !
3770 ! Transfer calibration data to hard drive.
3780
        ON ERROR GOSUB Purge_file
3790
        DIM Data_disc$[23]
                                        ! Define string for data file name
        Data_fileS="ZC"&VALS(Zoc_cal(0,2))&"_"&F_idS ! Zoc calibration file name
3800
        Data_discS=Data_fileS&":,700,0,1"
3810
        CREATE BDAT Data_disc$,33,8*11 ! Create BDAT file of 11*8 byte
3820
        ASSIGN @Deta_path TO Data_discS ! Assign path to hard drive
3830
3840
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO BUFFER Zoc_cal(*); FORMAT OFF
        CONTROL @Buffer_path,4;8*11*33 !Set data file length
3850
3860
        TRANSFER @Buffer_path TO @Data_path!Store cal data on hard drive
3870
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path TO *
                                         ! Close path
3880
        ASSIGN @Data_path TO *
                                         ! Close path
        PRINT "Calibration data for Zoc #"; Zoc_cal(0,2);" transfer to the hard drive file ":Data_fileS
3890
3900
        GOTO Fin
```

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN ZOC 04

```
3910 Purge_file:
 3920
         IF ERRN=54 THEN
 3930
           PURGE Data_disc$
 3940
         END IF
 3950
         RETURN
3960 Fin:
3970
      SUBEND
3980
3990
      ! Subroutine loads raw data from the hard drive, reduces the data using
4000
      ! calibration coeficients, and stores the reduced data onto the hard drive
4010
      SUB Rew_red_dat(REAL Zoc_cal(*) BUFFER,F_idS)
4020
        COM /Names/ Bufferl.Adcl.Buffer2.Adc2.Timer
4030
        INTEGER Data_integer(1:32) BUFFER
4040
        REAL Data_real(1:32), Data(32) BUFFER
4050
        DIM Data_file2$[23]
        ON ERROR GOSUB Purge_file
4060
4070
        Data_file19="ZRAW"&VALS(Zoc_cal(0,2))
4080
        Data_disc1$-Data_file1$&": .700.0.1"
        Data_file2$="ZR"&VALS(Zoc_cal(0,2))&"_"&F_id$
4090
4100
        Data_disc2S=Data_file2S&":,700,0,1"
4110
        CREATE BDAT Data_disc2$,1,8*33 ! Create BDAT file of 33*8 byte records.
4120
        ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO Data_disc1$
4130
        ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO Data_disc2$
4140
        CONTROL &Data_path1,5;2
                                            !Set reed pointer to first data byte
4150
4160
        ! Recover raw data, convert to real, reduce then store in blocks
        ! of samples (32 ports scanned per block)
4170
4180
        FOR Block=1 TO Zoc_cal(0,1)
4190
          ASSIGN CBuffer path1 TO BUFFER Data integer(*); FORMAT OFF
4200
          TRANSFER @Data_path1 TO @Buffer_path1; COUNT 32*2
4210
          CONTROL @Buffer_path1,4;32*2
4220
          SELECT Zoc_cal(0,2)
4230
          CASE 1
4240
            Translate(Adc1,Data_integer(*),Data_real(*))
4250
          CASE 2
4260
            Translate(Adc2,Data_integer(*),Data_real(*))
4270
          CASE 3
4280
          END SELECT
4290
4300 ! Routine to reduce raw data using polynomial:
4310 !
4320 !
             Data = a0 + a1*x + a2*x^2 + a3*x^3
4330 !
4340 ! where a0, a1, a2, & a3 are Least Square coefficients, and x is
4350 ! the individual port raw data value.
4360 1
4370
          Sample_time=Zoc_cal(0,0)*(Block-1)
          Data(0)=Sample_time
4380
                                           ! Store reduce data sample time.
4390
          FOR K=1 TO 32
4400
            Data(K)=Zoc_cal(K,0)+Zoc_cal(K,1)*Data_real(K)+Zoc_cal(K,2)*Data_real(K)^2+Zoc_cal(K,3)*Data_real(K)^
          NEXT K
4410
4420 !
4430
          ASSIGN @Buffer_path2 TO BUFFER Data(*)
4440
          CONTROL @Buffer_path2,4;8*33
4450
          TRANSFER @Buffer_path2 TO @Data_path2
          ASSIGN @Buffer_path2 TO *
4460
4470
        NEXT Block
4480
4490
        ASSIGN @Data_path1 TO *
4500
        ASSIGN @Data_path2 TO *
        ASSIGN @Buffer_path1 TO *
4510
4520
        FRINT "Reduced data file for Zoc #"; Zoc_cal(0,2);" transfer to the hard drive file ";Data_file2S
4530
        GOTO Fin
4540 Purge file:
        IF ERRN-54 THEN
4550
```

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

Figure B4 (cont) Development Program: SCAN_ZOC_04

APPENDIX C. DATA FILE MANAGEMENT

SCAN_ZOC_05 generates a large number of data files in a short period of time. During program development, it was desirable to purge these files from the "DATA" hard drive ":,700,0,1" to keep track of useable files and remove unwanted files. The utility program "PURGE_PROG", Figure Cl, was developed to purge SCAN_ZOC_05-generated data files from the hard drive. This program can be used when known bad data has been collected and it is desirable to purge these files from the hard drive.

PURGE_PROG is located on the UTILity directory (Figure D1). It is loaded into RAM from any directory and run by typing,

- 1. LOAD "/UTIL/PURGE_PROG", followed by depressing the <Enter> key to load the program into the RAM.
- 2. RUN, followed by the <Enter> key to execute the program.

The program executes a CAT command and displays the hard drive files as illustrated in Figure C2. The program prompts the user for the date (YMMDD), the first run number, and last run number of consecutive data files to be purged. Program actions are displayed on the screen. The program prompts the user to purge more files or to re-display the remaining files

using the CAT command. If file re-display (2=CAT) is selected, the program prompts again for the date and run numbers. Entering <0,0,0> will exit the program.

```
!Program to purge designated files from SCAN_ZOC_05
10
      CLEAR SCREEN
20
30
      ON ERROR GOTO Cont
      DriveS=":,700,0,1"
40
50 Input1: !
      CAT DriveS; SELECT "Z"
60
70
      PRINT
80 Input2: !
      INPUT "Enter date (YMMDD), begin run#, end run# (0,0,0=Exit)",DateS,Run0,Run1
90
100
      IF Run0=0 THEN Fin
      FOR Zoc=1 TO 3
101
102
        FOR Run-Run0 TO Run1
110
          File13="ZW"&VAL3(Zoc)&DateS&VAL3(Run)
          File23="ZC"&VALS(Zoc)&DateS&VALS(Run)
120
130
          File3$="ZR"&VALS(Zoc)&Date$&VALS(Run)
140 Purgel: !
          PURGE File1S&DriveS
150
          PRINT "Purged file: "; File1$
160
170 Purge2: !
180
          PURGE File2S&DriveS
190
          PRINT "Purged file: ";File2$
200 Purge3: !
          PURGE File3S&Drive$
210
          PRINT "Purged file: ";File3$
220
280
          GOTO Next
290 Cont: !
          IF ERRN=56 THEN
300
310
            SELECT ERRLN
320
            CASE 150
              GOTO Purge2
330
340
            CASE 180
350
              GOTO Purge3
            CASE 210
360
-370
              GOTO Next
380
            END SELECT
          END IF
390
          RETURN
400
401 Next: !
       NEXT Run
402
403
     NEXT Zoc
405 Print: !
406
     PRINT
      INPUT "Purge more? (0=No 1=Yes 2=CAT)",Act
407
408
     IF Act=1 THEN Input2
409
     IF Act=2 THEN Input1
410 Fin: 1
    LOAD "ZOC_MENU", 10
420
430
```

Figure C1 TPL Program: PURGE PROG

:,700,0,1 VOLUME LABEL: DATE FILE NAME PRO TYPE		BYTE/REC	ADDRESS	DATE TIME
ZW1205161 BD	AT 97	2	592	16-May-92 14:54
ZW2205161 BD/	NT 97	2	594	16-May-92 14:54
ZW3205161 BD	AT 97	2	596	16-May-92 14:54
ZC1205161 BD/	AT 33	88	598	16-May-92 14:55
ZC2205161 BD/	AT 33	88	611	16-May-92 14:55
ZC3205161 BD/	AT 33	88	624	16-May-92 14:55
ZR1205161 BD/	1 3	264	637	16-May-92 14:55
ZR2205161 BD/	ΔT 3	264	642	16-May-92 14:55
ZR3205161 BD/	ΔT 3	264	647	16-May-92 14:55

Figure C2 Hard Drive Sample Listing of ZOC-14 DAS Data Files

APPENDIX D. TPL PROGRAMS

A selection of programs generated for use at TPL are documented in this Appendix. The programs are found in individual directories according to their specific function or purpose. Figure Dl displays the major directories and the associated programs. Each directory is identified by the forward slash character "/", followed by the directory name, and a colon, followed by the system drive name "CS80:,700". Subdirectories are identified by the FILE TYPE "DIR". BASIC programs are identified by the FILE TYPE "PROG".

"AUTOST", Figure D2, is the HP9000 initialization program located in directory "/WORKSTATIONS". This program is called by the BASIC system during boot-up. AUTOST is used to display the Main Menu and define the function keys used to select the Sub Menus and associated programs in the HP9000 Data Acquisition System.

Turbocharger performance mapping programs (prepared for student laboratories) are listed in Figures D3-D6. The program "SCAN_TEMP", Figure D7, is used to monitor temperature probes. SCAN_TEMP, as listed, monitors temperature probe outputs from the Turbocharger Test Cell. "TURBO_MENU", Figure D8, is used to select the turbocharger the above programs (Figures D3-D7).

Turbomachinery design programs used in the course AE 4431 are listed in Figures D9-D13.

Program "SCAN", Figure D14, is used to operate the HG-78K Scanivalve Controller, HP3495A Scanner, HP3456A Digital Voltmeter, and records Scanivalve transducers. SCAN and SCAN_TEMP programs, located in directory /WORK/DEVICE_PROG, are used in the majority of programs required for data acquisition at TPL.

The sub-program "Plot", Figure D15, is appended to the end of programs used to display plots on the HP9000 CRT, or for generating plots on the various plotters.

The sub-program "FNDate\$", Figure D16, is a user-defined function to calculate numbered values for the date in the format year, month, and day. FNDate\$ is in sub-program "Date_func", which is located in the directory /WORK/FUNCTION_PROG.

"FILE_XFER", Figure D17, is a utility program used for file transfer and "purging" on the HP9000. FILE_XFER is located in the /UTIL directory.

The program "MAIN_MENU", Figure D18, is used to quickly restore the CRT screen to its system display and call-up the Main Menu screen. The program is located in the root directory /. Loading and executing MAIN_MENU is accomplished by entering the following command on the HP9000, and executing the command by depressing the Enter key:

LOAD "/MAIN MENU", 10 <Enter>

/WORKSTATIONS:CS80, 700 LABEL: FORMAT: HFS AVAILABLE SPACE: 23328 FILE NUM REC MODIFIED FILE NAME LEN DATE TYPE RECS TIME PERMISSION OWNER GROUP BIN5.1 DIR 21 32 17-Jan-92 14:25 RWXRWXRWX STUDENT_DIARY DIR 87 32 14-Apr-92 17:41 RWXRWXRWX 18 9 AUTOST PROG 11 256 29-Apr-92 15:32 RW-RW-RW-18 q DIRECTORY_INFO PROG 256 30-Apr-92 15:11 RW-RW-RW-18 9 /TURBINE:CS80, 700 FORMAT: HFS AVAILABLE SPACE: 23328 FILE NUM REC MODIFIED FILE NAME TYPE RECS LEN DATE TIME PERMISSION OWNER GROUP TURBO2 PROG 256 1-Oct-91 17:40 RW-RW-RW-18 TURBO3 PROG 256 1-Oct-91 17:43 14 RW-RW-RW-TURBO4 PROG 256 16-Oct-91 16:01 RW-RW-RW-18 TURBO1 PROG 256 21-Oct-91 7:59 RW-RW-RW-18 TURBO_MENU PROG 256 29-Apr-92 15:52 RW-RW-RW-18 9 SCAN TEMP PROG 256 30-Apr-92 7:55 RW-RW-RW-18 9 TURBO_BAK DIR 32 20-Apr-92 13:49 RWXRWXRWX /HP6944A:CS80, 700 LABEL: FORMAT: HFS AVAILABLE SPACE: 23528 FILE NUM REC MODIFIED LEN DATE FILE NAME TYPE RECS TIME PERMISSION OWNER GROUP fp data BDAT 18 256 3-Jan-92 7:52 RW-RW-RW-CARD_TEST PROG 444 256 3-Jan-92 7:52 RW-RW-RW-18 CONFIGURE PROG 127 256 3-Jan-92 7:53 RW-RW-RW-18 LIBRARY_5 **PROG** 888 256 3-Jan-92 7:54 RW-RW-RW-18 9 VERIFY PROG 282 256 3-Jan-92 8:02 RW-RW-RW-18 BDAT menu_data 71 256 3-Jan-92 12:20 RW-RW-RW-18 MENUER PROG 136 256 3-Jan-92 13:40 RW-RW-RW-18 9 FRONT_P PROG 174 256 3-Jan-92 13:41 RW-RW-RW-HP6944A_BAK DIR 32 30-Apr-92 12:57 RWXRWXRWX 18 TABULATE_ZOC PROG 13 256 26-Apr-92 15:40 RW-RW-RW-18 READ ZOC PROG 11 256 26-Apr-92 17:30 RW-RW-RW-18 SCAN_ZOC_05 **PROG** 1148 256 30-Apr-92 13:02 RW-RW-RW-18 CAL READ_PRI **PROG** 12 256 30-Apr-92 13:49 RW-RW-RW-LS PLOT PROG 22 256 30-Apr-92 14:33 RW-RW-RW-18 DOCUMENT PROG 59 256 13-Apr-92 8:45 RW-RW-RW-18 VER_CFG BDAT 6 256 24-Apr-92 16:51 RW-RW-RW-18 BP6944A MENU PROG 256 7-Apr-92 7:18 RW-RW-RW-18

Figure D1 Listing of TPL Programs by Directory

32 30-Apr-92 15:07

256 26-Apr-92 16:53 RW-RW-RW-

256 24-Apr-92 12:55 RW-RW-RW-

256 30-Apr-92 14:18

DEVELOPMENT

ZOC_CONFIG_05

PLOT_DATA

ZOC_MENU

DIR

PROG

BDAT

PROG

11

29

RWXRWXRWX

RW-RW-RW-

18

18

18

18

/DESIGN:CS80, 700 LABEL: FORMAT: HFS AVAILABLE SPACE:

23528 FILE REC NUM MODIFIED FILE NAME TYPE RECS LEN DATE TIME PERMISSION OWNER GROUP DESIGN BAK DIR 32 30-Apr-92 8:07 RWXRWXRWX DESIGN MENU RW-RW-RW-PROG 256 16-Dec-91 16:41 18 R_4431T PROG 21 256 16-Dec-91 13:59 RW-RW-RW-18 9 A 4431T 9 **PROG** 256 16-Dec-91 14:01 18 21 TURB3 256 17-Dec-91 14:32 RW-RW-RW-PROG 18 29 TURB4 PROG 256 20-Dec-91 16:42 RW-RW-RW-18 9

/WORK:CS80, 700 LABEL: FORMAT: HFS

AVAILABLE SPACE: 23528

FILE REC NUM MODIFIED FILE NAME TYPE RECS LEN DATE TIME PERMISSION OWNER GROUP FUNCTION PROG DIR 32 20-Apr-92 14:35 RWXRWXRWX 12 18 DEVICE_PROG 18 DIR 22 32 30-Apr-92 15:29 RWXRWXRWX 9 DISCREP_DOC PROG 256 30-Dec-91 11:59 RW-RW-RW-18 9

/WORK/DEVICE_PROG:CS80, 700 LABEL:

PROG

PROG

PROG

PROG

PROG

PROG

12

12

11

23528

FORMAT: HFS AVAILABLE SPACE:

HP37_EXT2

HP37 A(*)

HP37_INT

OUTPUT 9

SCAN

HP37 GRAPH

FILE NUM REC MODIFIED TIME PERMISSION OWNER GROUP LEN DATE FILE NAME TYPE RECS CAL PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:15 RW-RW-RW-9 CAL_READ_PR PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:16 RW-RW-RW-18 9 11 SET BRIDGE 256 20-Apr-92 14:16 RW-RW-RW-18 PROG READ_PORT PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:16 RW-RW-RW-18 SCAN PORT 256 20-Apr-92 14:17 RW-RW-RW-18 PROG BCD CONVERT RW-RW-RW-18 PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:17 SCAN_TEMP RW-RW-RW-PROG 8 256 20-Apr-92 14:18 18 UNPACK PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:23 RW-RW-RW-18 HP37_PACK PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:23 RW-RW-RW-18 HP37_BENCH HP37_BCD RW-RW-RW-18 PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:24 256 20-Apr-92 14:24 RW-RW-RW-PROG 18 HP37-56 PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:24 RW-RW-RW-18 HP56_PACK 256 20-Apr-92 14:24 RW-RW-RW-18 PROG HP37 EXT1 RW-RW-RW-18 PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:24 RW-RW-RW-HP56SRO PROG 256 20-Apr-92 14:26 18 RW-RW-RW-HP56MEM PROG · 256 20-Apr-92 14:26 18

256 20-Apr-92 14:26

256 20-Apr-92 14:26

256 20-Apr-92 14:27

256 20-Apr-92 14:27

256 27-Apr-92 14:13

Figure D1 (cont) Listing of TPL Programs by Directory

256 30-Apr-92 15:29 RW-RW-RW-

RW-RW-RW-

RW-RW-RW-

RW-RW-RW-

RW-RW-RW-

RW-RW-RW-

18

18

18

18

18

9

/WORK/FUNCTION_PROG:CS80, 700

LABEL: FORMAT: HFS

AVAILABLE SPACE: 23528

	FILE	NUM	REC	MODIFIED				
FILE NAME	TYPE	RECS	LEN	DATE	TIME	PERMISSION	OWNER	GROUP
~~,~~~	****		***	********				****
GRAPH	PROG	9	256	20-Apr-92	14:20	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
GRAPH_PLOTTER	PROG	6	256	20-Apr-92	14:20	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
Plot	PROG	10	256	20-Apr-92	14:20	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
Date_func	PROG	4	256	20-Apr-92	14:20	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
Square	PROG	4	256	20-Apr-92	14:21	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
BUFF1	PROG	9	256	20-Apr-92	14:21	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
LEAST_SQUARE	PROG	6	256	20-Apr-92	14:21	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
LS TEST	PROG	18	256	20-Apr-92	14:21	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
LS PLOT1	PROG	17	256	20-Apr-92	14:21	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
TEST	BDAT	4	256	20-Apr-92	14:22	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
DATA_LOGGIN	PROG	4	256	20-Apr-92	14:22	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
STOPWATCH	PROG	4	256	20-Apr-92	14:23	RW-RW-RW-	18	•

/UTIL:CS80, 700

LABEL:

FORMAT: HFS AVAILABLE SPACE:

23528

	FILE NUM		REC	MODIFIED				
FILE NAME	TYPE	RECS	Len	DATE	TIME	PERMISSION	OWNER	GROUP
	-		-	-				
VERIFY	PROG	153	256	31-Jul-91	16:54	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
HPIB CHECK	PROG	4	256	9-Aug-91	9:03	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
BACKUP	PROG	397	256	23-Aug-91	14:03	RW-RW-RW-	18	• 9
RETURN MAIN	PROG	2	256	20-Apr-92	14:34	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
MAIN MENU	PROG	2	256	20-Apr-92	16:02	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
PURGE PROG	PROG	6	256	25-Apr-92	15:49	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
COPY FILES	PROG	4	256	30-Apr-92	7:45	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
FILE XFER	PROG	6	256	30-Apr-92	8:20	RW-RW-RW-	18	9
LASERJET	PROG	3		30-Apr-92		RW-RW-RW-	18	9

Figure Dl (cont) Listing of TPL Programs by Directory

```
!Program: AUTOST
20
       !Description: Program is loaded immediately following system boot-up
30
                      providing an initial User to Computer interface through
 40
                      Function Key menu selection.
 50
       CLEAR SCREEN
60
      KEY LABELS ON
70
      DUMP DEVICE IS 711
80
      ON KEY 1 LABEL " TURBO CHARGER" GOTO Turbo
      ON KEY 2 LABEL "COMPRESSLAB" GOTO Compressor
90
      ON KEY 3 LABEL "DESIGN" GOTO Design
100
110
      ON KEY 4 LABEL "MULTI
                              PROGRAM" GOTO Hp6944a
      ON KEY 5 LABEL "WORK
                               DIR " GOTO Work
120
      ON KEY 6 LABEL "BACKUP" GOTO Backup
130
140
      ON KEY 7 LABEL "PROGRAM LISTINGS" GOTO Directory
      ON KEY 8 LABEL "EXIT
150
                             MENU" GOTO Exit
160
170
      PRINT "HP9000 Series 300 Computer Data Acquisition System"
180
      PRINT
      PRINT "Item:
190
                                              Select Function Key"
200
      PRINT
      PRINT "
210
               Turbocharger Lab (*)
                                                         F1"
      PRINT "
220
               Transonic Compressor Lab (*)
                                                         F2"
      PRINT "
230
               Turbine Design Programs (*)
                                                         F3"
240
               Multi-Programmer Opertion (HP6944A)
                                                         F4"
250
      PRINT "
               Work directory (*)
                                                         F5"
      PRINT "
250
               Backup Files
                                                         F6"
      PRINT " HP9000 Program Listing and Information
                                                         F7"
270
280
      PRINT " Exit Menu
                                                         F8"
290
      PRINT
      PRINT "Note: Binaries required for HP14753A CAT program are loaded"
300
310
      PRINT "
                   to operate the HP6944A Multi-programmer."
      PRINT "
320
                   Additional binaries are loaded with selection (*)."
330
      PRINT
      PRINT "
340
                   If Error 2 occurs: Memory overflow; reboot system using"
      PRINT "
350
                   SYSBOOT statement and reselect desired directory."
360
370 Hold:
380
      GOTO Hold
390 Turbo: !
      GOSUB Load add bin
400
410
      MASS STORAGE IS "/TURBINE"
      LOAD "TURBO_MENU", 10
420
430 Compressor:
440
      GOTO Hold
450 Design: 1
450
      GOSUB Load_add_bin
470
      MASS STORAGE IS "/DESIGN"
     LOAD "DESIGN_MENU", 10
480
490 Hp6944a: !
500
      CLEAR SCREEN
510
      MASS STORAGE IS "/HP6944A"
      LOAD "HP6944A_MENU",10
520
530 Work:
      GOSUB Load add bin
540
550
      MASS STORAGE IS "/WORK"
560
     GOTO Exit
570 Backup: !
     LOAD "/UTIL/BACKUP", 10
580
      GOTO Exit
590
600 Directory: !
610
     MASS STORAGE IS "/WORKSTATIONS"
     LOAD "DIRECTORY", 10
620
630
     GOTO Exit
640 Load_add_bin: !
     LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/GRAPHX"
```

Figure D2 TPL Program: AUTOST

```
650 LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/TRANS"
670 LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/XREF"
680 LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/SERIAL"
690 LOAD BIN "/WORKSTATIONS/BIN5.1/COMPLEX"
700 RETURN
710 Exit:CLEAR SCREEN
720 END
```

Figure D2 (cont) TPL Program: AUTOST

```
FILE NAME: "TURBO1"
10
           DISK LABEL: "/TURBINE"
20
30
           DESCRIPTION:
           THIS PROG RECORDS AND REDUCES
40
           RAW DATA FOR THE T-18A40 TURBO-CHARGER
50
60
           AS SET UP IN APRIL/MAY 1980 (RESET AUG 1991)
           CHAN & PORT DESIGNATIONS ARE UNIQUE
70
80
90
           VARIABLES FOR S/V SECTION
100
             V-DESIRED S/V
110
             P=PRESENT S/V PORT
120
           VARIABLES FOR TEMP SECTION
             SS-SCANNER LISTEN CODE
130
140
             S=SCANNER #
150
             C-CHANNEL
160
             V-DVM READING
           AUTHOR: TERRY EARGLE
170
           DATE: JUL 79 (MOD MAY 80 BY M.J. KAISER)
180
190
          MODIFIED BY MIKE JEDWAB 1987
200
          MODIFIED BY KELLYHARRIS/ALAN MCGUIRE 1984
210
          MODIFIED BY RICK WENDLAND AUG 1991
220
230
          PROMPTS ADDED> ATMOSPHERIC PRESS.
          RAW AND REDUCED DATA FILES USE DATE_RUN# CONTEXT IN THEIR NAME.
231
          REDUCTION CHANGED TO USE A MEASURED STATIC PRESS FOR TURBINE
240
250
          PRESSURE RATIO, I.E. INPUT STAGNATION PRESS, OUTPUT STATIC PRESS.
250
270
          SCANIVALUE #1 SET TO ADVANCE ONLY!!!!!!!!
280
      CLEAR SCREEN
290
      PRINTER IS CRT
      DISP "PLEASE WAIT WHILE RESETTING SCANIVALVE"
300
310
      V-1
320
      A=1
330
      GOSUB Read
      PRINT "DATA RUN FOR A TURBO-CHARGER"
340
350
360
      DIM X(20), Y(6), Q(8), M(23), T(19), Z(20), AS[14], BS[14]
370
      E1-1
                                        !Sets first record #=1
380
      INPUT "STORING DATA ? (YES=1 NO=0)",G1
      INPUT "ENTER MONTH, DAY, YEAR", X(3), X(5), X(7)
PRINT USING "K, DD, ""/"", DD, ""/"", DD"; "DATE OF RUN: ", X(3), X(5), X(7)
390
400
      INPUT "ENTER RUN #:",X(9)
410
420
      IF G1=0 THEN 510
      430
440
450
      CREATE ASCII B$&":,700,0,1",10
460
                                        !Creates reduced data file
      ASSIGN @Path1 TO AS&":,700,0,1"
470
      ASSIGN @Path2 TO BS&": ,700,0,1"
480
                                       ";A$
      PRINT "RAW DATA FILE NAME: PRINT "REDUCED DATA FILE NAME:
490
                                       ";B$
500
510
     X(11)=1
                                        !Sets first datat point #=1
      GOTO 600
520
530
      GOSUB Save
                                        !Reset X(*) for pressures to zero
540
     FOR I=2 TO 20 STEP 2
550
      X(I)=0
560
      NEXT I
570
      FOR I-1 TO 5
                                        !Reset Y(*) for temp & RPM to zero
580
      Y(I)=0
      NEXT I
590
     PRINT USING "/,K,2D,4X,K,2D"; "RUN #",X(9), "DATA PT #",X(11)
600
510
      GOSUB 1130
      !***** RECORD PRESSURES *******************
620
      OUTPUT 722; "F1R1M0Z16STG1ST1T3"!Sets-up HP3456A DVM
630
640
      V-1
                                        !Scanivalve #I designated
```

Figure D3 TPL Program: TURBO1

```
650
                                   †HP3495A Scanner #1 designated
     PRINT USING "/,5X,K,DDD,/,2X,K,8X,K"; "SCANIVALVE #",V,"PORT", "IN. H2O"
660
670
     FOR A=1 TO 10
                                   !Read scanivalve port values
580
     GOSUB 970
690
     WAIT 1.5
     OUTPUT 701:"C"
700
                                   !Clears Scanner #1
     OUTPUT 701 USING "DDD"; V+9
710
                                   !Scanner #1 set to read Scaniv port
720
     TRIGGER 722
                                   !Trigger DVM
                                   !Read Scaniv port data from DVM
730
     ENTER 722; VO
740
     A2=A+2
750
     X(A2)=V0*100000
                                   !Save Scaniv port reading in X(*)
760
     PRINT USING "2X,DDD,7X,7D.D";P,X(A2)
770
     NEXT A
780
     OUTPUT 701: "C"
                                   !Clear scanner 1
790
     GOSUB 1520
     PRINT "-----
800
810
     DISP "PLEASE WAIT WHILE RESETTING SCANIVALVE"
820
     A-1
830
     V=1
840
     GOSUB Read
     INPUT "RETAKE SAME DATA POINT? (1=YES 0=NO)",U1
850
     IF U1=1 THEN 540
860
     IF G1=0 THEN 890
870
     GOSUB Save
890
     INPUT "COLLECT ANOTHER DATA POINT? (1=YES 0=NO)",R
900
     X(11)=X(11)+1
                                  !Increment data point number
910
     IF R-1 AND G1-0 THEN 540
920
     E1=E1+1
     IF R-1 THEN 540
930
940
     GOTO 2650
     950
960
     970
     |>>>>SCANIVALVE #1 HAS INOP BOME FEATURE<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<><<<<<<><<<>>>><
990 Read: OUTPUT 707 USING "#.K":V
1000 PO=SPOLL(707)
1010 L-BINAND(P0,15)
1020 T1-ROTATE(P0,4)
1030 M1-BINAND(T1,7)
1040 P-10*M1+L
1050 CLEAR 707
1060 IF P-A THEN Finish
1070 OUTPUT 701;"C"
1080 OUTPUT 701 USING "DDD"; V-1
1090 OUTPUT 701:"C"
1100 WAIT .1
1110 GOTO Read
1120 Finish: RETURN
1140 OUTPUT 701; "C"
                                  !Clear scanner 1
1150 OUTPUT 722; "F1R1M0Z1T3"
                                  !Sets-up RP3456A DVM
1160 !>>>>> BARO PRESS IS MANUAL INPUT <<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<><<<<<><<
1170 INPUT "ENTER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE IN INCHES HG",X(1)
1180 ! INPUT "ENTER RPM", Y(6)
1190 OUTPUT 705: "INAUISM1"
                                  !Sets-up RP5335A Counter
1200 ENTER 705; Hz
                                  !Collect data from counter
1210 Y(6)=8z*60
1220 PRINT USING "/,K,6D.DD,10X,K,6D,/"; "BARCMETER(IN. OF HG)=",X(1),"RPM=",Y(6)
1230 S-2
                                  !HP495A Scanner #2 designated
1240 PRINT USING "5X,K,DD,/,2X,K,8X,K"; "SCANNER ∲",S,"CHAN", "TEMP (R)"
1250 FOR C=1 TO 5
                                  !Collecting temperatures (chls 1-5)
1260 OUTPUT 708; "C"
1270 OUTPUT 708 USING "DDD":C
                                  !Scanner #2
1280 TRIGGER 722
                                  !Trigger DVM
1290 ENTER 722; V
```

Figure D3 (cont) TPL Program: TURBO1

```
1300 T(C)=V
                                      !Storing temperatures in T(*)
1310
     NEXT C
1320 FOR C=25 TO 26
                                      !Collecting temp (chls 25-26)
1330 OUTPUT 708;"C"
1340 OUTPUT 708 USING "DDD";C
                                      !Scanner #2
1350 TRIGGER 722
                                      !Trigger DVM
1360
      ENTER 722; V
1370 T(C-7)=V
                                      !Storing temperatures in T(18),T(19)
1380 NEXT C
1390 OUTPUT 708; "C"
1400 CLEAR 722
1410 T(6)=T(3)
1420
     T(7)=T(5)
1430 T(3)=T(2)+T(18)
1440 T(5)=T(4)+T(19)
1450
     FOR C=1 TO 5
1460 Y(C)=FNT(T(C)*1000)+460
                                      !Converts temp to deg Rankine
     PRINT USING "2X,DDD,8X,6D.D";C,Y(C)
1470
1480
     NEXT C
1510 RETURN
      1520
         TURBINE STATIC OUTLET PRESSURE WAS CHANGED FROM
1530
          ATMOSPHERIC TO A VALVE MEASURED IN THE TURBINE OUTLET FLOW
1540 !
1550
1560
           VARIABLES FOR THIS SECTION
1570 !
               M IS STORAGE ARRAY
1580
            Q-MATRIX OF PRESS(IN. OF HG)
1590
           M(1)=TURBINE HEAD(DELTA P ORIFICE)
1600
           M(2)=COMPRESSOR HEAD(DELTA P COMPRESSOR)
1610
            Y1-ORIFICE EXPANSION FACTOR(TURBINE)
1620
            Y2-ORIFICE EXPANSION FACTOR (COMPRESSOR)
1630
            K1-DISCHARGE COEF FOR FEED ORIFICE (TURB)
            K2-DISCHARGE COEF FOR FEED ORIFICE (COMP)
1640
1850
            C9-C SUB P FOR AIR- 0.24
1660
            CS-CONV FACTOR BTU->HP
            C7=(GAMMA-1/GAMMA) WITH GAMMA=1.4
1670
1680
            Z1-ORIFACE FACTOR (TURB)
1690
            Z2=ORIFACE FACTOR (COMPRESSOR)
1700
            A3=ALPHA FACTOR (THERMAL) IN FLOW EQN (TURB)
1710
            A4-ALPHA FACTOR (IHERMAL) IN FLOW EQN (COMP)
1720
            K3-FACTOR IN FLOW EQN (TURB)
            K4=FACTOR IN FLOW EQN (COMP)
1730
            F1-FIRST ITERATION OF FLOW RATE (TURBINE)
1740
1750
            F2-FIRST ITERATION OF FLOW RATE (COMPRESSOR)
           M(3)=TURB FLOW RATE
1760
1770
           M(4)-COMP FLOW RATE
1760
           M(5)=TURB HP
1790
           M(6)=COMP BP
           M(7)=TURB PRESS RATIO (IN/OUT)
1800
           M(8)-COMP PRESS RATIO (IN/OUT)
1810
1820
           M(9)=TURB EFFICIENCY (TOTAL-STATIC)
           M(10)=COMPRESSOR EFFICIENCY (TOTAL-TOTAL) MJ
1830
            TO-REF TEMP (518.7 DEG R)
1840
1850
           M(11)=SQRT OF THETA (TURB) (T(IN)/T(REF))~0.5
1860
           M(12)=SQRT OF THETA (COMP)
            DO-REF PRESS (29.92 IN. HG)
1870
           M(13)-REF PRESS RATIO (TURB IN/REF)
1880
1890
           M(14)=REP PRESS RATIO (COMP IN/REF)
1900
           M(15)=REF TURB FLOW RATE
1910
           M(16)=REF COMP FLOW RATE
           M(17)=REF TURB RPM
1920
           M(18)=REF COMP RPM
1930
1940
           M(19)-REF TURB HP
1950
           M(20)=REF COMP HP
1960
           M(21)=DELTA TEMP(TURB)
```

Figure D3 (cont) TPL Program: TURBO1

```
1970 1
            M(22)=DELTA TEMP(COMP)
1980 !
           M(23)=HEAD COEFFICIENT
1990 MAT 0= (0)
2000 FOR I-6 TO 20 STEP 2
2010 Q(I/2-2)=((X(I)-X(2))+.07355)+X(1)
      NEXT I
2020
2030 M(1)=X(6)-X(8)
2040 M(2)=X(14)-X(16)
2050
      Y1=1-.026+M(1)/Q(1)
2060 Y2=1-,02581*M(2)/Q(5)
2070 K1=1 AA05
2080 K2-.63094
2090 C9-.24
2100 C8-1.414836364
2110 C7=.2857142857
2120 Z1=1.9+C9*(((Y(1)-460)/100)-1)
2130 Z2=1.9+C9*(((Y(4)-460)/100)-1)
2140 A3=1+.002044*((Y(1)-528)/100)
2150 A4=1+.002044*((Y(4)-528)/100)
2160 K3-,00327673
2170 K4-.0015472
2180 F1=K1*A3*Y1*SQRT(ABS(Q(1)*M(1)/Y(1)))
2190 F2-K2*A4*Y2*SQRT(ABS(Q(5)*M(2)/Y(4)))
2200 M(3)=F1/2*(1+SQRT(ABS(1+4*K3*Z1/F1)))
2210 M(4)=F2/2*(1+SQRT(ABS(1+4*K4*Z2/F2)))
2220 M(21)=Y(2)-Y(3)
2230 M(22)=Y(5)-Y(4)
2240 M(5)=M(3)+C9+M(21)+C8
2250 M(6)=M(4)*C9*M(22)*C8
2260 M(7)=Q(3)/Q(4)
2270 H(8)-Q(8)/Q(7)
2280 M(9)=(M(21)/X(2))*(1/(1-(Q(4)/Q(3))^C7))*100
2290 M(10)=Y(4)/M(22)*((M(8)^C7)-1)*100
2300
     T0-518.7
2310 M(11)-SQRT(Y(2)/T0)
2320 M(12)-SQRT(Y(4)/T0)
2330 D0=29.92
2340 M(13)=Q(3)/D0
2350 M(14)=Q(7)/D0
2360 M(15)=M(3)+M(11)/M(13)
2370 M(16)=M(4)+M(12)/M(14)
2380 M(17)=Y(6)/M(11)
2390 M(18)=Y(6)/M(12)
2400 M(19)-M(5)/(M(13)*M(11))
2410 M(20)=M(6)/(M(14)*M(12))
2420 M(23)=12872868+Y(2)/Y(6)^2+(1-(Q(4)/Q(3))^C7)
2430 PRINT
2440 PRINT
2450 PRINT "REDUCED DATA:"
2460 PRINT
2470 PRINT "HEAD COEFFICIENT=":M(23)
2480 PRINT USING "/,8X,K";"HP
                                  FLOW
                                           DELTA
                                                     PRESS
                                                               EFF
                                                                        FLOW
2490 PRINT USING "17X,K"; "RATE
                                 TEMP
                                           RATIO
                                                              (REF)
                                                                      (REF) (REF)"
2510 PRINT USING "/,K,X,5D.D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.X,5D.D";"TURB",M(5),M(3)
2520 FRINT USING "/,K,X,5D.D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.D,X,6D.3D,X,6D.X,5D.D": "COMP",M(6),M(4)
2530
2540
     RETURN
2550 I**** SUBROUTINE TO SAVE DATA POINT ON HARD DRIVE :,700,0,1 *************
2560 Save: OUTPUT @Path1;AS
2570 OUTPUT @Path1;E1
2580 OUTPUT @Path1; X(*), Y(*), T(*)
2590 OUTPUT @Path2:BS
2600 OUTPUT @Path2; E1
    OUTPUT @Path2;M(*)
```

Figure D3 (cont) TPL Program: TURB01

Figure D3 (cont) TPL Program: TURBO1

```
! PROGRAM: TURBO2 (OLD TURBO3)
 10
       ! MODIFIED BY: R. SHREEVE 10/8/86
20
                        R. WENDLAND, LCDR, USN, 9/17/91
30
 40
      CLEAR SCREEN
      DIM X(20), Y(6), T(19), IS(12), OS(12), US(14)
       INTEGER E1
60
      PRINTER IS CRT
70
      INPUT "ENTER RAW DATA FILE NAME:",US
90
       INPUT "ENTER DATA POINT RECORD NUMBERS (LOW, HIGH): ",A,B
      INPUT "DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY RESULTS TO SCREEN OR PRINTER (SCREEN-0 PRINTER-1)?",R
100
110
      IF R=0 THEN 130
120
      PRINTER IS 711
      ASSIGN @Path TO U$4":,700,0,1"
130
140
      ON END @Path GOTO Continue1
150
      GOSUB Read
160
      I$=" INLET"
      OS-" OUTLET"
170
      PRINT "-----
180
190
      PRINT TAB(23); "CUMMINS TURBOCHARGER MEASURED DATA"
200
      PRINT "
      PRINT USING "16X,K,DD,19X,K,DD,K,DD,K,DD"; "RUN #",X(9), "DATE: ",X(3),"/",X(5),"/",X(7)
210
220
      PRINT "----
230
      PRINT USING "/,/,27X,K"; "PRESSURES (IN. H2O GAUGE)"
      PRINT USING "20X,K,5X,K";" | ORIFICE
                                                                   NOZZLE"," | COMPRESSOR"
                                                TURBINE
240
      PRINT "POINT TARE CALIB. |";TAB(36);"|";TAB(51);"|";TAB(66);"|"
PRINT USING "K,14K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,";" NO. ",18,08,18,08,18,08,18,08
250
260
      PRINT USING "10D,6D,8D,7D,8D,7D,8D,7D,8D,8D";1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
270
280
      PRINT "--
290 Print1: IF E1<A THEN Loop1
      PRINT USING "3D,6D.D,5D.D,6D.D,5D.D,6D.D,5D.D,6D.D,5D.D,6D.D,5D.D";X(11),X(2),X(4),X(6),X(8)
300
      IF E1-B THEN Continue1
310
320 Loop1:GOSUB Read
      GOTO Print1
330
340 Continuel: PRINT "---
350
      ASSIGN @Path TO USA":,700,0,1"
360
      ON END @Path GOTO Continue2
370
      E1=0
      GOSUB Read
380
390
      I$="
               INLET"
400
      03="
               OUTLET"
      PRINT USING "/,/,47X,K"; "TEMPERATURES (DEG R)"
410
      PRINT USING "28X,K";"["
420
430
      PRINT USING "K,5%,K,4%,K,10%,K,6%,K,7%,K,4%,K";"POINT","RPM","ATM. FRESS |","|","TURBINE","
      PRINT USING "K,15X,K,K,K,K,K";" NO.";"(IN.BG)
440
                                                        ORIFICE", IS, OS, IS, OS
      PRINT USING "23X, 11D, 11D, 10D, 11D, 10D"; 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
450
460
      PRINT "----
470 Print2: IF E1<A THEN Loop2
      PRINT USING "3D, 11D, 8D.DD, 9D.D, 9D.D, 8D.D, 9D.D, 8D.D, ";X(11), Y(5), X(1), Y(1), Y(2), Y(3), Y(4), Y(5)
480
490
      IF E1=8 THEN Continue2
500 Loop2:GOSUB Read
510
      GOTO Print2
520 Continue2: PRINT "-----
     PRINT TAB(21); "NOTE: CHANNEL AND PORT NUMBERS INDICATED"
530
540
      PRINT "--
550
      GOTO Hold
560 Read: ENTER @Path; AS
570
      ENTER @Path; E1
      ENTER @Path:X(*)
580
590
      ENTER @Path; Y(*)
      ENTER @Path; T(*)
600
      RETURN
610
520 Hold: DISP "F2 TO CONTINUE"
630
     PAUSE
640
     PRINTER IS CRT
650
     LOAD "TURBO_LAB", 10
Figure D4 TPL Program: TURBO2
```

```
! PROGRAM: TURBO3 (OLD TURBO4)
20
      ! MODIFIED BY: R. SHREEVE 10/8/86
                      R. WENDLAND, LCDR, USN, 9/20/91
30
40
      CLEAR SCREEN
     DIM X(20), Y(6), T(19), M(23), U$[14], V$[14]
60
      INTEGER E1.E2
70
      PRINTER IS CRT
      INPUT "ENTER RAW DATA FILE NAME:", US
      INPUT "ENTER REDUCED DATA FILE NAME: " . VS
90
      INPUT "ENTER DATA POINT RECORD NUMBERS (LOW, HIGH):",A,B
100
      INPUT "DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY RESULTS TO SCREEN OR PRINTER (SCREEN=0 PRINTER=1)?",R
120
      IF R=0 THEN 140
     PRINTER IS 711
130
140
     ASSIGN @Path1 TO US&":,700,0,1"
      ASSIGN @Path2 TO VS&":,700,0,1"
150
     ON END @Path1 GOTO Continue1
160
170
     ON END @Path2 GOTO Continue1
     GOSUB Read
180
     PRINT "----
190
200
     PRINT TAB(23); "CUMMINS TURBOCHARGER CALCULATED DATA"
210
     PRINT USING "16X,K,DD,19X,K,DD,K,DD,K,DD"; "RUN #",X(9), "DATE: ",X(3),"/",X(5),"/",X(7)
220
     PRINT "----
230
240
     PRINT USING "/,/,32X,K"; "TURBINE DATA"
     PRINT USING "9X,K": "POINT PRESS REF
                                                                    REF HEAD
                                                                                   EFF"
250
     PRINT USING "10X,K"; "NO.
                                 RATIO
                                          RPM
                                                                    HP
                                                                          COEFF
                                                                                   (2)"
250
     PRINT USING "16X,K,9X,K";"(P6/P5)","(LBM/SEC)"
270
     PRINT USING "10X,K";"
                                M(7) M(17)
                                                  M(15) M(5)
                                                                   M(19) M(23) M(9)"
290
     PRINT "-
300 Print1: IF E1<A THEN Loop1
     PRINT USING "9X,3D,6D.2D,9D,5D.3D,6D.2D,5D.2D,3D.3D,5D.D";X(11),M(7),M(17),M(15),M(5),M(19),
310
     IF E1-B THEN Continue1
330 Loop1:GOSUB Read
     GOTO Print1
340
350 Continuel: PRINT "-----
    ASSIGN @Path1 TO US&": .700,0,1"
360
370
     ASSIGN @Path2 TO VS&":,700,0,1"
380
     ON END @Path1 GOTO Continue2
390
     ON END @Path2 GOTO Continue2
400
     E1-0
     GOSUB Read
410
420
     PRINT USING "/,/,30X,K"; "COMPRESSOR DATA"
430
     PRINT USING "9X,K"; "POINT PRESS RPM
                                                  REF
                                                          REF
                                                                         REF
                                                                                EFF"
     PRINT USING "10X,K"; "NO.
                                                  RPM
                                 RATIO
440
     PRINT USING "15X,K,16X,K";"(P10/P9)","(LBM/SEC)"
450
                                                                      M(20) M(10)"
460
     PRINT USING "10X,K";"
                                 M(8)
                                                 M(18) M(16) M(6)
470
     PRINT "----
480 Print2: IF E1<A THEN Loop2
     PRINT USING "9X,3D,6D.2D,9D,8D,4D.3D,5D.2D,4D.2D,4D.D";X(11),M(8),Y(6),M(18),M(16),M(6),M(20)
490
     IF E1=B THEN Continue2
510 Loop2:GOSUB Read
520
     GOTO Print2
530 Continue2: PRINT "-----
     GOTO Hold
540
550 Read: ENTER @Path1;AS
    E. TER @Path1;E1
570
     ENTER @Path1;X(*)
580
     ENTER @Path1:Y(*)
590
     ENTER @Path1; T(*)
500
     ENTER @Path2;BS
     ENTER @Path2:E2
610
620
     ENTER @Path2;M(*)
630
     RETURN
640 Hold: DISP "F2 TO CONTINUE"
     PAUSE
650
```

Figure D5 TPL Program: TURBO3

660 PRINTER IS CRT 670 LOAD "TURBO_LAB",10 680 END

Figure D5 (cont) TPL Program: TURBO3

```
10
       !Program: TURBO4 Plots data from designated ASCII files to the CRT or Printer
 20
       (Developed: by R. Wendland, LCDR, USN, 22 Sept 1991
30
 40
      DIM TitleS[50],X_labelS[50],Y_labelS[50],Red_fileS[14],M(23),Data1(1:20,23),Data2(1:20,23)
 50
      CLEAR SCREEN
      PEY LABELS OFF
70
       PRINTER IS CRI
 80
90
       !---- Load working matrix Data: -----
100 Load matrix: 1
      INPUT "Number of plots per graph (1 to 3):", Num_plots
110
120
      FOR K=1 TO Num plots
       INPUT "Enter reduced data file name: ",Red_fileS
PRINT "Data file #";K;": ";Red_fileS
130
140
       ASSIGN @Path TO Red_fileS&":,700,0,1"
150
       ON END SPath GOTO 410
160
170
       I=1
180 Read: ENTER @Path; AS
190
       ENTER @Path: E1
200
       ENTER @Path; M(*)
210
       SELECT K
220
       CASE 1
230
        FOR J=0 TO 23
         Datal(I,J)=M(J)
240
250
        NEXT J
260
        D1=D1+1
270
       CASE 2
        FOR J=0 TO 23
280
290
         Data2(I,J)=M(J)
300
        NEXT J
        D2=D2+1
310
320
       CASE 3
        FOR J=0 TO 23
330
340
         Data3(I,J)=M(J)
350
        NEXT J
350
        D3=D3+1
370
       END SELECT
380
       I=I+1
390
       GOTO Read
400
       T=0
410
      NEXT K
420
430
      !---- Define graph parameters: -----
440 Graph_parameter: !
450
     INPUT "Enter graph title:", TitleS
     PRINT "Graph title: ";TitleS
INPUT "Enter X-axis label:",X_labelS
460
470
      PRINT "X-axis label: ";X_labelS
480
490
      INPUT "Enter Y-axis label:", Y labelS
      PRINT "Y-axis label: ";Y_label"
500
      INPUT "Enter X-axis and Y-axis M-values( M(x),M(y) ):",X,Y
510
520
      FOR K=1 TO Num_plots
      SELECT K
530
540
       CASE 1
550
        PRINT
560
        PRINT "Data file #";K;":"
570
        PRINT X_labelS; TAB(25); Y_labelS
        FOR I=1 TO D1
580
590
        PRINT Datal(I,X),Datal(I,Y)
600
        NEXT I
610
       CASE 2
620
        PRINT
        PRINT "Data file #";K;":"
630
640
        PRINT X_labelS; TAB(25); Y_labelS
650
        FOR I=1 TO D2
```

Figure D6 TPL Program: TURB04

```
PRINT Data2(I,X), Data2(I,Y)
670
       NEXT I
680
      CASE 3
590
       PRINT
       PRINT "Data file #";K;":"
700
       PRINT X_labelS; TAB(25); Y_labelS
710
720
       FOR I=1 TO D3
730
        PRINT Data3(I,X),Data3(I,Y)
740
       NEXT I
750
      END SELECT
760
      NEXT K
770
     INPUT "Enter Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, Ymax: ", Xo, Xf, Yo, Yf
780
      !---- Graph data -------
790
800 Graph_data: !
810
     CLEAR SCREEN
820
      GINIT
                                    !Initialize graph routine
830
     Xso=Xo
                                    ! Initialize all scaling variables
     Xsf=Xf
840
850
     Yso=Yo
860
     Yaf=Yf
870
     Xa_range=Xsf-Xso
880
      Ys_range=Ysf-Yso
890
     Xscale=1
900
      Yscale=1
910
     IF Xs_range<1000 THEN
                                    ! Scale up graph variables for mininum of
      Xs_range=Xs_range*10
                                    ! of 1000 units of resolution across x-axis
920
930
      Xscale=Xscale*10
940
      GOTO 910
950
     END IF
960
     IF Ys_renge<1000 THEN
                                    ! Scale up graph variables for mininum of
970
      Ys_range=Ys_range*10
                                    ! of 1000 units of resolution across y-axis
980
      Yscale=Yscale*10
      GOTO 960
990
1000 END IF
1010 Xso=Xo*Xscale
                                   ! Finalize all scaling variables
1020 Xsf=Xf*Xscale
1030 Yso=Yo*Yscale
1040 Ysf=Yf*Yscale
1050 Xs_range=Xsf-Xso
                                       !Length of X-axis
1060 Ys_range=Ysf-Yso
                                       !Length of Y-axis
1070 LORG 5
                                       !Character ref pt:top center
1080 MOVE 100*RATIO/2,100
                                       !Move cursor to acreen loc for labels
1090 LABEL TitleS
                                       !Plot title
1100 CSIZE 3.5
                                       !Sizes labeling
1110 MOVE 100*RATIO/2,0
                                       !Move cursor to bottom center screen
1120 LORG 4
                                       !Character ref pt:bottom center
1130 LABEL X_labelS
                                       !X-axis label
1140 DEG
                                       !Desig degrees for LDIR
1150 LDIR 90
                                       !Sets Y-axis label on end
1160 LORG 6
1170 MOVE 0,50
1180 LABEL Y_labelS
                                       !Y-axis label
                                       !Reset label to horizontal orientation.
1190 LDIR 0
                                       !Chr ref pt:left center
1200 LORG 2
1210 VIEWPORT 10,90*RATIO,10,90
                                       !Sets graph screen size
                                       !Box around VIEWPORT
1220 FRAME
                                       !Set axis lengths in VIEWPORT
1230 WINDOW Xso, Xsf, Yso, Ysf
1240 AXES Xs_range/10,Ys_range/10,Xso,Yso
                                             !Axes intersect at lower left
1250 AXES Xs_range/10,Ys_range/10,Xsf,Ysf
                                             !Axes intersect at upper right
1260 CLIP OFF
                                       !So labels can print outside VIEWPORT
1270 CSIZE 3.0,.4
                                       !Axes label size
1280 LORG 8
                                       !Number X-axis
1290 FOR I=Xso TO Xsf STEP Xs_range/10
     MOVE I, Yso-.01*Ys_range
```

Figure D6 (cont) TPL Program: TURBO4

```
1310
      LABEL USING "#.K": I/Xscale
 1320 NEXT T
 1330 LORG 8
                                        !Number Y-axis
 1340 FOR I=Yso TO Ysf STEP Ys_range/10
      MOVE Xso-.01*Xs_range, I
 1350
       LABEL USING "#,K"; 1/Yscale
 1360
 1370 NEXT I
 1380 FOR K=1 TO Num_plots
 1390
       SELECT K
 1400
       CASE 1
 1410
        FOR I=1 TO D1
 1420
         PLOT Data1(I,X)*Xscale,Data1(I,Y)*Yscale,-2 ! Plots Data1 as squares
 1430
         PDIR 45
1440
         POLYGON .01*Xs_range,4
1450
        NEXT I
1460
       CASE 2
1470
        FOR I=1 TO D2
1480
         PLOT Data2(I,X)*Xscale,Data2(I,Y)*Yscale,-2 ! Plots Data2 as diamonds
1490
         PDIR 0
1500
         POLYGON .01*Xs_range,4
1510
        NEXT I
1520
       CASE 3
1530
        FOR I=1 TO D3
1540
         PLOT Data3(I,X)*Xscale,Data3(I,Y)*Yscale,-2 ! Plots Data3 as triangles
1550
         PDIR 90
1560
         POLYGON .01*Xs_range,3
1570
        NEXT I
1580
      END SELECT
1590 NEXT K
1600 IF Plot=0 THEN Hard_copy
1610 DUMP GRAPHICS #711
1620 GOTO Another_plot
1630 !
1640 !---- Hard copy plots of graphs -----
1650 Hard_copy: 1
1860 INPUT "Plot graph: (No=0 Printer=1 Plotter=2)", Plot
1670 IF Plot=0 THEN Another_plot
1680 IF Plot=1 THEN Graph_data
1690 !---- Plotter rout'
1700 Plotter: !
1710 PRINTER IS 712
1720 Xso≃Xo
                                    ! Initialize all scaling variables
1730 Xsf=Xf
1740 Yso=Yo
1750 Yaf=Yf
1760 Xs range=Xst-Xso
1770 Ys range=Yst-Yso
1780 Xscale=1
1790 Yscale=1
1800 IF Xs_range<1000 THEN
                                    ! Scale up graph variables for mininum of
1810
      Xs_range=Xs_range*10
                                    ! of 1000 units of resolution across x-axis
      Xscale=Xscale*10
1820
1830
      GOTO 1800
1840
     END IF
1850 IF Ys_range<1000 THEN
                                    ! Scale up graph variables for mininum of
1860
      Ys_range=Ys_range*10
                                    ! of 1000 units of resolution across y-axis
1870
      Yscale=Yscale*10
1880
      GOTO 1850
1890 END IF
1900 Xsf=INT(Xf*Xscale)
1910 IF Xsf>16383 THEN
                                   ! Readjust graph variables to ensure x-axis
1920
      Xsf=Xsf/10
                                   ! Xsf does not exceed 16383 units
1930
      Xscale=Xscale/10
1940
      GOTO 1910
1950 END IF
```

Figure D6 TPL Program: TURBO4

```
1960 Ysf=INT(Yf*Yscale)
1970 IF Ysf>16383 THEN
                                        ! Readjust graph variables to ensure y-axis
1980
       Ysf=Ysf/10
                                        ! Xsf does not exceed 16383 units
1990
       Yscale=Yscale/10
2000
      GOTO 1970
2010 END IF
2020 Xso=INT(Xo*Xscale)
                                        ! Finalize all scaling variables
2030 Xsf=INT(Xf*Xscale)
2040 Yso=INT(Yo*Yscale)
2050 Ysf=INT(Yf*Yscale)
2060 PRINT "IN; IP1000, 1000, 9500, 7000;"
                                                     ! Set paper size
2070 PRINT "SC"; Xso; ", "; Xsf; ", "; Yso; ", "; Ysf; "; " ! Set X & Y axises lengths 2080 PRINT "PA"; Xso; ", "; Yso; ", SP1; PD; "
2090 FOR Xp=Xso TO Xsf STEP (Xsf-Xso)/10
                                                       ! Print X-axis
2100 PRINT "PA"; Xp; ", "; Yso; "; XT; PU;
2110 PRINT "CP-2.4, -1.3; LB"; Xp/Xscale; CHR$(3)
       PRINT "PA"; Xp; ", "; Yso; "; PD; "
2120
2130 NEXT Xp
2140 PRINT "PU; PA"; Xso+INT(.4*(Xsf-Xso)); ", "; Yso-INT(.078*(Ysf-Yso)); "; LB"; X_labelS; CHRS(3)
2150 PRINT "PU; PA"; Xso; ", "; Ysf; "; PD; "
2160 FOR Xp=Xso TO Xsf STEP (Xsf-Xso)/10
2170
      PRINT "PA"; Xp; ", "; Ysf; "; XT; "
2180 NEXT Xp
2190 PRINT "PU; PA"; Xso; ". "; Yso; "; PD; "
2200 FOR Yp=Yso TO Ysf STEP (Ysf-Yso)/10
                                                       ! Print Y-axis
2210 FRINT "PA";Xso;",";Yp;";YT;PU;"
2220 FRINT "CP-6.4,-.3;LB";Yp/Yscale;CHRS(3)
      PRINT "PA"; Xso; ", "; Yp; "; FD; "
2230
2240 NEXT YP
2250 PRINT "PU; PA"; Xso-INT(.09*(Xsf-Xso)); ", "; Yso+INT(.375*(Ysf-Yso)); "; DIO,1; LB"; Y_labelS; CHRS(3)
2250 PRINT "PA"; Xsf; ", "; Yso; "; PD"
2270 FOR Yp=Yso TO Ysf STEP (Ysf-Yso)/10
2280
      PRINT "PA"; Xsf; ", "; Yp; "; YT; "
2290 NEXT YP
2300 PRINT "PU;PA";Xso+INT(.4*(Xsf-Xso));",";INT(.078*(Ysf-Yso))+Ysf;";DI1,0;LB";TitleS;CHRS(3)
2310 FOR K=1 TO Num_plots
                                                       ! Plot data points
2320
       SELECT K
2330
       CASE 1
        FOR I=1 TO D1
2340
         PRINT "PA"; INT(Datal(I,X)*Xscale); ", "; INT(Datal(I,Y)*Yscale); "; "
2350
         PRINT "UC-3,-4,99,0,8,6,0,0,-8,-6,0,-99;" ! Plots squares for graph #1
2360
2370
        NEXT I
2380
       CASE 2
2390
       FOR I=1 TO D2
         PRINT "PA"; INT(Data2(I,X)*Xscale); ", "; INT(Data2(I,Y)*Yscale); "; "
2400
2410
         PRINT "UCO,-4,99,-3,4,3,4,3,-4,-3,-4,-99;"! Plots diamonds for graph #2
2420
       NEXT I
2430
       CASE 3
2440
        FOR I=1 TO D3
        PRINT "PA"; INT(Data3(I,X)*Xscale); ", "; INT(Data3(I,Y)*Yscale); "; "
PRINT "UC-3,-4,99,3,8,3,-8,-6,0,-99; " ! Plots triangles for graph #3
2450
2460
2470
        NEXT I
2480 END SELECT
2490 NEXT K
2500 PRINT "PU; PA"; Xsf; ", "; Ysf; "; "
2510 PRINTER IS CRT
2520 !--- Addition1 Flots/End of routines -----
2530 Another_plot: 1
2540 INPUT "Plot another graph? (Yes=1 No=0)", Replot
2550 Plot=0
2560 CLEAR SCREEN
2570 IF Replot=1 THEN Graph_parameter
2580 CLEAR SCREEN
2590 KEY LABELS ON
2600 LOAD "TURBO LAB", 10
```

Figure D6 TPL Program: TURBO4

```
10
      !Program: SCAN TEMP
20
      !Description: Reads thermo-couple emf from channels 0-5, converts to
30
                     degrees F, and prints to CRT.
40
      !Devices: HP3495A(708), HP3456A(722)
50
      CLEAR SCREEN
60
70
      DUMP DEVICE IS 711
      DIM Y(5,1:2),T(5)
80
90
      INTEGER Run
100
      DIM Channel$(5)[20]
      ChannelS(0)="Atmosphere"
110
      Channel$(1)="Supply Orifice"
120
130
      Channel$(2)="Turbine Inlet"
140
      ChannelS(3)="Turbine Outlet"
150
      ChannelS(4)="Compressor Inlet"
160
      ChannelS(5)="Compressor Outlet"
170
180
      PRINT "Turbocharger Lab Temperature Readings."
190 Scan: |-----
     Run=Run+1
200
210
     PRINT
     PRINT "Run number:"; Run
230
      PRINT USING "K, 11X, K, 3X, K"; "Location", "Channel #", " Temperature (F)"
240
     PRINT
250
      OUTPUT 722;"T3"
260
     FOR C=0 TO 5
                                      !Reading temperature channels 0-5
        OUTPUT 708 USING "DDD";C
270
280
        TRIGGER 722
290
        ENTER 722; T(C)
300
       Y(C,1)-C
        Y(C,2)=FNT(T(C)*1000)
310
                                      !User defined function applied
320
        IF Y(C,2)<ABS(.1) THEN
330
         Y(C,2)=0
340
        END IF
350
       PRINT USING "20A, 2X, DD, 11X, 5D.D"; ChannelS(C), Y(C, 1), Y(C, 2)
360
     NEXT C
370
     CLEAR 722
     INPUT "Enter: 1=Rescan 0=Quit",Rescan
380
390
     IF Rescan=1 THEN Scan
400
     LOAD "TURBO MENU", 10
410
     END!-
420
      !User defined function to convert voltage readings from temperature probes
430
      !to temperature values in degrees F.
     DEF FNT(V)
440
450
       S1-32.144+35.77*V-.4518*V^2
450
       $2-33.252+34.86*V-.1855*V^2
470
       IF S1<100 THEN 490
480
       S1=S2
490
       RETURN S1
     FNEND
500
```

Figure D7 TPL Program: SCAN_TEMP

```
10
      !Program: TURBO_MENU
      !Description: Program provides Function Key menu for program selection.
30
      CLEAR SCREEN
      ON KEY 1 LABEL "TURB01" GOTO Turbo1
40
      ON KEY 2 LABEL "TURBO2" GOTO Turbo2
      ON KEY 3 LABEL "TURBO3" GOTO Turbo3
60
      ON KEY 4 LABEL "TURBO4" GOTO Turbo4
70
      ON KEY 5 LABEL "SCAN
                            TEMP " GOTO Temp
      ON KEY 6 LABEL " " GOTO Hold
80
      ON KEY 7 LABEL "MAIN MENU" GOTO Main
100
      ON KEY 8 LABEL "EXIT
                            MENU" GOTO Exit
120
130
      PRINT "Turbocharger Data Acquisition Lab"
140
      PRINT
150
      PRINT "Item:
                                            Select Function Key"
160
      PRINT
      PRINT " TURBO1: Collect, reduce and
170
                                                       F1"
      PRINT "
180
                        store RAW Data"
190
      PRINT
      PRINT " TURBO2: Tabulate RAW Data
200
                                                       F2"
     PRINT
210
      FRINT " TURBO3: Tabulate REDUCED Data
220
                                                       F3"
230
      PRINT
      PRINT " TURBO4: Plot REDUCED Data
240
                                                       FA"
250
      PRINT
      PRINT " SCAN_TEMP: Scan temperature probs
260
270
     PRINT
      PRINT " Main Menu
280
                                                       F7"
     PRINT " Exit Menu
290
                                                       F8"
300
310 Bold:
     GOTO Hold
320
330 Turbol: !
340
     LOAD "TURBO1", 10
350 Turbo2: !
     LOAD "TURBO2", 10
350
370 Turbo3: !
    LOAD "TURBO3",10
380
390 Turbo4: !
    LOAD "TURBO4", 10
400
410 Temp: !
420
    LOAD "SCAN_TEMP", 10
430 Discrepancies:!
    LOAD "DISCREP_DOC", 10
450 Main:
460 MASS STORAGE IS "/WORKSTATIONS"
470
     LOAD "AUTOST", 10
480 Exit:CLEAR SCREEN
490
    END
```

Figure D8 TPL Program: TURBO MENU

```
!Title: A_4431T
     !Author: R.P. Shreeve (Rev. 12/3/89)
!Updated: R.A. Wendland (12/12/91)
20
30
     !Program: Performance calculations for turbine for varying
50
                Alphal.
60
     CLEAR SCREEN
70
80
     DUMP DEVICE IS 711
     KEY LABELS OFF
80
100
     DIM A(7,15),B(7,15),C(7,15),R(15),S(15),Alpha1(15)
110
                                   ! All angles in degrees
     INPUT "Print results to CRT or Printer? (CRT=1, Printer=0): ",Crt
120
     IF Crt=1 THEN 150
130
140
     PRINTER IS 711
150
     !---- Input data -----
160
     R9-.08
170
     P9=1
     Q9=517.8
180
190
     P0=2
200
     P2=1
     T0-560
220
     U0-800
     H1=14
230
240
     ! A1=75
                                   ! Program modified for Alphal iteration
250
     G1=1.4
260
     G0=32.174
270
     K9-.98
280
     NO-35000
290
     INPUT "Enter R*: ",R0
     INPUT "Enter Alpha1 (deg): min, max, suep size ==> ",L1,L2,L3
300
310
     !---- Calculate needed quantities -----
320
     V0-109.62*SQRT(T0)
     X3-U0/V0
330
     P4-P2/P0
340
350
     R8-R9+(P0/P9)/(T0/Q9)
360
     !---- Calculate performance
370
     I=1
380
     L4=0
390
     FOR A1-L1 TO L2 STEP L3
     GOSUB Non_dimension
400
410
     T8-T9+T0
420
     HO=(V0*V0/(2*G0))*T9/550
     P1=P3*P0
430
440
     T1=S1+T0
450
     T2-S2*T0
460
     V1-X1*V0
470
     V2=X2*V0
480
     W1=X5*V0
490
     W2-X6*V0
500
     WO-H1/H0
510
     X9-X1+COS(A1)
520
     A9=(W0*144/(R8*V0))/(X9*(1-X9^2)^(1/(1-G1))*K9)
     R7=(360*U0)/(PI*NO)
530
     H9-A9/(2*PI*R7)
540
     PRINT "R*=";R0;"RM=";R7;"H=";H9;"W0=";W0
550
560
     !---- Store data in array -----
     R(I)=R0
570
     S(I)=R1
580
590
     Alphal(I)=A1
     A(1,I)=N1
600
610
     A(2,I)=N2
620
     A(3,1)=H0
630
     A(4,I)=T8
     A(5,I)=P1
640
650
     A(6,I)=T1
```

Figure D9 TPL Program: A_4431T

```
660
     A(7,I)=T2
670
     B(1,I)=V1
680
      B(2.1)=W1
590
     B(3,I)=V2
700
     B(4,I)-W2
710
      B(5.1)=B1
720
     B(6, I)=-A2
730
     B(7, I)=-B2
740
      C(1,I)=Z1
750
     C(2, I)=Z2
760
     C(3, I)=43
770
     C(4.1)=M4
780
     C(5,I)-M5
790
     C(6, I)=46
800
     C(7.1)=0
810
     I=I+1
820
     L4=L4+1
830
      NEXT A1
     1---- Print data -----
840
850
     PRINT USING "/,K,5D.2D,K,5D.2D,K,6D,K"; "PTO=",PO,"
                                                      P2=",?2," ATO.
                                                                         TT0=",T0," DEG. R"
      PRINT USING "/,K,6D,K,/";"WHEEL VEL.=",U0," FT/SEC."
860
870
     FOR I=1 TO L4
880
     PRINT USING "K,5D"; "ALPHA1=",Alpha1(I)
890
     NEXT I
                                                                                  P1 ","
     PRINT USING "/,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,";" ETA T-S"," ETA T-T"," HP/LB "," DELTW ","
900
910
     FOR I=1 TO L4
920
     PRINT USING "4D.3D,4D.3D,4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,5D.2D,5D.2D,5D.2D,3D.4D";A(1,1),A(2,1),A(3,1),A(
930
     NEXT I
     PRINT USING "/,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K";" V1 "," W1 "," V2 "," W2 "," BETA1 ","
940
950
     FOR I=1 TO L4
     970
     NEXT I
     PRINT USING "/,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,";" ZETA S"," ZETA R"," M1CRIT"," M2CRIT"," M2CRIT","
980
990
     FOR I=1 TO L4
1000 PRINT USING "3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D";C(1,1),C(2,1),C(3,1),C(4,1
1010 NEXT I
1020 GOTO 1410
1030 !---- Subroutine for non-dimension performance calculations -----
1040 Non_dimension: !
1050 G2=(G1-1)/G1
1060 G3=SQRT((G1+1)/(G1-1))
1070 T4-P4~G2
1080 T3=T4+R0*(1-T4)
1090 P3-T3^(1/G2)
1100 Y1=1-T3
1110 M1=(2/(G1-1))*(Y1/(1-Y1))
1:20 Z1=.1*M1
1130 S1=T3+Z1+Y1
1140 X1=SQRT(1-S1)
1150 X4=X1*COS(A1)
1160 B1=ATN((X1*SIN(A1)-X3)/X4)
1170 X5=X4/COS(B1)
1180 T7=S1+X5^2
1190 T5-S1*(P4/P3)^G2
1200 Y6=T7-T5
1210 M2=(2/(G1-1))*Y8/T5
1220 Z2-. 2*M2
1230 S2=T5+Z2*Y6
1240 X6=SORT(T7-S2)
1250 B2=X4/X6
1260 B2=ATN(SQRT(1-B2^2)/B2)
1270 A2=ATN((X6*SIN(B2)-X3)/X4)
1280 X2=X4/COS(A2)
1290 $3=$2+X2^2
1300 T9=1-S3
```

Figure D9 (cont) TPL Program: A 4431T

```
1310 N1=T9/(1-T4)
1320 P5=P4*(S3/S2)^(1/G2)
1330 T6=P5^G2
1340 N2=T9/(1-T6)
1350 R1=(S1-S2)/(1-S3)
1360 M3=X1*G3
1370 M4=X2*G3*SQRT(1/S3)
1380 M5=X5*G3*SQRT(1/T7)
1390 M6=X6*G3*SQRT(1/T7)
1400 RETURN
1410 DISF "Fress F2 to exit, press F3 for another run"
1420 PRINTER IS CRT
1430 PAUSE
1440 LOAD "DESIGN_MENU",10
1450 END
```

Figure D9 (cont) TPL Program: A_4431T -

```
10
       !Title: R 4431T
       !Author: R.P. Shreeve (Rev. 12/3/89)
  20
  30
       !Updated: R.A. Wendland (11/30/91)
       !Program: Performance calculations for turbine for varying
  A0
  50
                 theoretical degree of reaction.
 60
 70
       CLEAR SCREEN
 80
       DUMP DEVICE IS 711
 90
       KEY LABELS OFF
 100
       DIM A(7,15),B(7,15),C(7,15),R(15),S(15)
 110
       INPUT "Print results to CRT or Printer? (CRT=1, Printer=0): ",Crt
 120
       IF Crt=1 THEN 140
 130
       PRINTER IS 711
 140
       !---- Input data -----
 150
       R9-.08
 160
      P9-1
 170
       Q9=517.8
 180
      P0=2
 190
       P2=1
 200
      T0-560
 210
      UO-800
 220
      H1-14
 230
      A1=75
 240
      G1=1.4
 250
      G0=32,174
 260
      K9-.98
 270
      NO-35000
 280
      !---- Calculate needed quantities -----
      V0=109.62*SQRT(T0)
 290
 300
      X3-U0/V0
 310
      P4-P2/P0
 320
      R6=R9*(P0/P9)/(T0/Q9)
 330
      DEG
 340
      !---- Calculate performance -----
      IMPUT inter R*: min, max, step size",L1,L2,L3
 350
 360
      I=1
 370
      1.4=0
380
      FOR RO-L1 TO L2 STEP L3
      GOSUB Non_dimension
390
400
      T8-T9*T0
      H0-(V0+V0/(2+G0))+T9/550
410
420
      P1=P3*P0
430
     T1-S1+T0
440
      T2=S2*T0
450
      V1-X1*V0
460
      V2=X2*V0
470
     W1-X5+V0
480
     W2-X6*V0
490
     WO-81/80
500
     X9-X1*COS(A1)
510
     A9-(W0+144/(R8+V0))/(X9+(1-X9^2)^(1/(1-G1))+K9)
520
     R7=(360*U0)/(PI*N0)
530
     H9-A9/(2*PI*R7)
     PRINT "R*=";R0;"RM=";R7;"H=";H9;"W0=";W0
540
550
     1---- Store data in array -----
560
     R(I)-RO
570
     S(I)=R1
580
     A(1,I)=N1
590
     A(2,1)=N2
600
     A(3,I)=H0
610
     A(4,1)-T8
620
     A(5,I)=P1
630
     A(6,I)=T1
640
     A(7,I)=T2
650
     B(1,1)=V1
```

Figure D10 TPL Program: R_4431T

```
660
     B(2.I)=W1
670
     B(3,I)=V2
     B(4,1)-W2
680
690
     B(5,I)-B1
700
     B(6,I)=-A2
     B(7,I)=-B2
720
     C(1, I)=21
730
     C(2, I)=Z2
740
     C(3,1)-M3
750
     C(4,I)-M4
760
     C(5,1)-M5
770
     C(6, I)-46
780
     C(7, I)=0
790
     I=I+1
800
     L4=L4+1
810
     NEXT RO
     !---- Print data -----
     FRINT USING "/,/,/,K,5D.2D,K,5D.2D,K,6D,K";"PTO=",PO,"
PRINT USING "/,K,6D,K,5D,K";"WHEEL VEL.=",UO," FT/SEC.
830
                                                              P2=",P2," ATO.
                                                                                  TT0=",T0,"
                                                             ALPHA1=",A1," DEG."
BAO
     PRINT USING "/,/,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K";" ETA T-S"," ETA T-T"," HP/LB "," DELTW ","
                                                                                      P1 "."
850
860
     FOR i=1 TO L4
     FRINT USING "4D.3D,4D.3D,4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,5D.2D,5D.2D,5D.2D,3D.4D";A(1,I),A(2,I),A(3,I),A(4
870
880
     NEXT I
890
     PRINT USING "/,/,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K";" V1 ","
                                                    W1 ","
                                                               V2 "."
                                                                         W2 ","
     FOR I=1 TO L4
900
     910
920
     NEXT I
     FRINT USING "/,/,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,K,";" ZETA S"," ZETA R"," M1CRIT"," M2CRIT"," MR1CRIT","
930
     FOR I=1 TO L4
940
950
     PRINT USING "3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,3D.4D,8X,5D.2D,3D.4D";C(1,1),C(2,1),C(3,1),C(4,1)
960
     NEXT I
970
     GOTO 1360
     !---- Subroutine for non-dimension performance calculations ----
980
990 Non_dimension:
1000 G2=(G1-1)/G1
1010 G3=SQRT((G1+1)/(G1-1))
1020 T4-P4^G2
1030 T3=T4+R0*(1-T4)
1040 P3=T3^(1/G2)
1050 Y1=1-T3
1060 M1=(2/(G1-1))*(Y1/(1-Y1))
1070 Z1-.1*M1
1080 S1=T3+Z1*Y1
1090 X1=SQRT(1-S1)
1100 X4-X1*COS(A1)
1110 B1-ATN((X1*SIN(A1)-X3)/X4)
1120 X5-X4/COS(B1)
1130 T7-S1+X5^2
1140 T5=S1*(P4/P3)^G2
1150 Y6=T7-T5
1160 M2=(2/(G1-1))*Y6/T5
1170 Z2=, 2*M2
1180 S2-T5+Z2*Y6
1190 X8=SQRT(T7-S2)
1200 B2=X4/X5
1210 B2=ATN(SQRT(1-B2^2)/B2)
1220 A2-ATM((X8*SIN(B2)-X3)/X4)
1230 X2-X4/COS(A2)
1240 S3-S2+X2^2
1250 T9-1-S3
1260 N1=T9/(1-T4)
1270 P5=P4*(S3/S2)^(1/G2)
1280 T6-P5 G2
1290
     N2-T9/(1-T6)
1300 R1=(S1-S2)/(1-S3)
```

Figure D10 (cont) TPL Program: R 4431T

```
1310 M3=X1*G3
1320 M4=X2*G3*SQRT(1/S3)
1330 M5=X5*G3*SQRT(1/T7)
1340 M6=X6*G3*SQRT(1/T7)
1350 RETURN
1360 DISP "Press F2 to exit, press F3 for another run"
1370 PAUSE
1380 LOAD "DESIGN_MENU", 10
1390 END
```

Figure D10 (cont) TPL Program: R_4431T

```
10
       !Title: TURB3
 20
       !Author: R. P. Shreeve (09/01/88)
       !Updated: R. Wendland, LCDR, USN (12/12/91)
 30
 40
       !Program: Calculate and draw turbine blade profiles.
 50
 60
       DEG
 70
       DUMP DEVICE IS 711
 80
       CLEAR SCREEN
 90
       KEY LABELS OFF
       !---- Input Graph parameters
 100
       IMPUT "Plotting STATOR or ROTOR? (stator=0, rotor=1): ",Type
 110
 120
       IF Type=1 THEN
 130
       TypeS="ROTOR"
 140
      ELSE
 150
      TypeS="STATOR"
 160
      END IF
      PRINT "Input axis coordinates for "; TypeS; " blade profile plot:"
 170
 180
      IF Type=0 THEN
      INPUT "Enter Xa (nominal -1.0): ",Xa
 190
      INPUT "Enter Xb (nominal 3.0): ", Xb
 200
 210
      Type=1
 220
      ELSE
 230
      INPUT "Enter Xa (nominal 3.0): ",Xa
240
      INPUT "Enter Xb (nominal -1.0): ".Xb
 250
      Type=-1
260
      END IF
      Ya--.2
270
280
      Yb=ABS(Xa-Xb)/RATIO+Ya
290
      PRINT
      PRINT "Axis coordinates:"
300
      PRINT " Xa = ",Xa
PRINT " Xb = ",Xb
310
320
      PRINT " Ye = ", Ye
330
340
      PRINT " Yb = ".Yb
350
      PRINT
360
      !---- Input Data -----
      PRINT "Enter all angles in degrees."
370
      IMPUT "Enter T.E. wedge angle (epsilon): ",E1
390
      INPUT "Enter T.E. radius /spacing: ",R8
      INPUT "Enter output relative flow angle (alpha2 or beta2): ",B3
400
410
      B3=B3*Type
      1---- EQ. 26 ----
420
      A5=COS(B3)-8*R8*(1-B3/90)
430
440
      A0=COS(B3)-8*R8*(1-ATN(SQR(1-A5^2)/A5)/90)
450
      IF ABS(A0-A5)<.00001 THEN 480
460
      A5-A0
470
      SCTO 440
      IMPUT "Enter inlet rel. flow angle(alphal or betal): ",82
480
     B2=-B2*Type
490
500
      IMPUT "Enter L.E. radius /spacing (le/S): ",R9
510
      INPUT "Enter L.E. wedge angle (delta): ".D1
     INPUT "Enter axial chord/spacing: ",B0
520
530
      Z0=2*(TAN(B3)+TAN(B2))*COS(B3)^2/B0
540
     S0=1
550
     B1=B2-10
560
     IF D1>20 THEN 580
570
     B1=B2-D1/2
580
     G1-B1+D1
590
     A9=(A0+2*R8)/S0
600
     E2=E1/2
610
     A8=A9/(1+TAN(E2)^2)
520
     A8-A8-SQR(A8^2-(A9^2-TAN(E2)^2)/(1+TAN(E2)^2))
     A1=ATN(A8/SOR(1-A8^2))
640
     R1*(B0-R8*(1+COS(A1+E1))-R9*(1+SIN(B1)))/(COS(A1+E1)+SIN(B1))
650
     R2=S0*COS(A1+E1)/SIN(E1)+R8
```

Figure Dll TPL Program: TURB3

```
660
     EO=1/(1+SIN(G1-A1-E1))
670
     F0=(SIN(G1-A1-E1)+COS(D1))/(1+SIN(G1-A1-E1))
680
      G0=(2*(COS(D1/2))^2)/(1+SIN(G1-A1-E1))
     R3=A0*E0*(COS(G1)*(SIN(A1+E1)-S0/A0)-SIN(G1)*COS(A1+E1))+R1*F0+R9*G0
690
700
     !---- PRINT DATA -----
      PRINTER IS 711
710
720
      PRINT
      PRINT "
730
                      Turbine Blade Profile"
740
      PRINT "
750
      PRINT
                                 - ";BO
760
     PRINT "For Axial Cherd
                 Blade Spacing = ";SO
Fort Width = ";AO
      PRINT "
770
      PRINT "
780
      PRINT "
                                 - ";R9
790
                  L.E. Radius
800
      PRINT "
                 T.E. Radius
                                - ":R8
      PRINT "
                 L.E. Wedge Angle= ";D1
810
      PRINT "
                 T.E. Wedge Angle= ";E1
820
830
      PRINT
      PRINT "Design Rel. Inlet Flow Angle = ";-B2*Type
840
      PRINT "Design Rel. Outlet Flow Angle = "; B3*Type
850
860
      PRINT "Zweifel Coefficient
870
      PRINT
880
     PRINT
890
      PRINT "Calculated Blade Parameters:"
     PRINT "---
900
     PRINT "
                           - ";A1
910
                  Alpha
     PRINT "
                           - ";B1
920
                 Beta
     PRINT "
                           - ";G1
930
                 Gamma
     PRINT
940
     PRINT "
950
                 R1
                           - ";R1
                           - ";R2
960
     PRINT "
                 R2
     PRINT "
970
                 R3
980
     PRINT
990
     PRINT
1000
     PRINTER IS CRY
1010 DISP "Press F2 to view plot, F3 for new inputs and recalculate values."
1020 PAUSE
1030 CLEAR SCREEN
1040 !---- Calculate and Plot data to CRT screen -----
1050 ! Graph parameters:
1060 X_range=Xb-Xa
1070 Y_range=Yb-Ya
1080 Dx-10
1090 Dy-10
1100 GINIT
1110 PEN 4
1120 LORG 6
1130 MOVE 100*RATIO/2,100
1140 LABEL TypeS;" Blade Profiles"
1150 CSIZE 3.5
1160 MOVE 100*RATIO/2,0
1170 LORG 4
1180 LABEL "Meridian Plane"
1190 LDIR 90
1200 LORG 6
1210 MOVE 0,50
1220 LABEL "Chord"
1230 LDIR 0
1240 LORG 2
1250 VIEWPORT 10,95*RATIO,10,95
1250 FRAME
1270 WINDOW Xa, Xb, Ya, Yb
1280 AXES X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xa,Ya
1290 AXES X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xb,Yb
1300 CLIP OFF
```

Figure Dll (cont) TPL Program: TURB3

```
1310 CSIZE 3.0, 4
1320 LORG 6
1330 FOR I=Xa TO Xb STEP X_range/Dy
1340 MOVE I, Ya~. 01*Y_range
1350 LABEL USING "#, MD.DD"; I
1360
     NEXT I
1370 LORG 8
1380 FOR I=Ya TO Yb STEP Y_range/Dy
     MOVE Xa-.01*X_range,I
1390
1400 LABEL USING "#,MD.DD"; I
1410 NEXT I
1420 K1=0
1430 !---- Trailing Edge ----
1440 T2=-A1
1450 T3=180-A1-E1
1460 T4=(T3-T2)/20
1470 FOR T1=T2 TO T3 STEP T4
1480 X=-R8*SIN(T1)
1490 Y=R8*(1-COS(T1))
1500
      PLOT X, Y
1510 NEXT T1
1520 !---- Pressure Side -----
1530 X1=-(R1+R8)*SIN(A1+E1)
1540 Y1=R8+(R1+R8)*COS(A1+E1)
1550 T2=-90+A1+E1
1560
     T3=B1
1570 T4=(T3-T2)/20
1580 FOR T1-T2 TO T3 STEP T4
1590 X-X1+R1+COS(T1)
1600 Y-Y1+R1*SIN(T1)
1610
     PLOT X.Y
1620 NEXT T1
     !---- Tip Radius ----
1630
1840
     X4=X1+(R1+R9)*COS(B1)
1650 Y4=Y1+(R1+R9)*SIN(B1)
1660 T2--B1
1670 T3=180-G1
1680 T4=(T3-T2)/20
1690 FOR T1=T2 TO T3 STEP T4
1700 X=X4-R9*COS(T1)
1710 Y=Y4+R9*SIN(T1)
1720 PLOT X.Y
1730 NEXT T1
1740 X6-X
1750
      Y6-Y
     PENUP
1760
     !---- Suction Side ----
1770
1780
     PEN 4
1790 X2--(R2-R8)*SIN(A1)
     Y2=R8+(R2-R8)*COS(A1)
1800
1810 T2=0
1820 T3-E1
1830 T4=(T3-T2)/20
1840 FOR T1=T2 TO T3 STEP T4
1850 X-X2+R2*SIN(T1+A1)
1860
     Y=Y2-R2*COS(T1+A1)
1870 PLOT X, Y
1880 NEXT T1
1890 !---- Suction Side Radius R3 ----
1900 X5-X2+R2*SIN(E1+A1)
1910 Y5-Y2-R2+COS(E1+A1)
1920 X3=X5-R3+SIN(E1+A1)
1930 Y3=Y5+R3*COS(E1+A1)
1940
      T2=-(90-A1-E1)
1950 T3-G1
```

Figure Dll (cont) TPL Program: TURB3

```
1960 T4=(T3-T2)/20
1970 FOR T1=T2 TO T3 STEP T4
1980 X=X3+R3*COS(T1)
1990 Y=Y3+R3*SIN(T1)
2000 IF Y<Y6 THEN 2060
2010 PENUP
2020 PRINT
2030 PRINT "These values give discontinuous slope on suction side"
2040 PRINT
2050 GOTO 370
2080 PLOT X, Y
2070
      NEXT T1
2080 PLOT X6, Y6
2090 PENUP
2100 IF K1-1 THEN 2140
2110 K1=1
2120 WINDOW Xa-SO, Xb-SO, Ya, Yb
2130 GOTO 1430
2140 !---- Area Progression Thru Passage -----
2150 WINDOW Xa, Xb, Ya, Yb
2160 X7≈λ1+S0
2170 Y7-Y1
2180 T2=-(90-A1-E1)
2190 T3=B1
2200 T4=(T3-T2)/20
2210 PEN 7
2220 LINE TYPE 5
2230 FOR T1=T2 TO T3 STEP T4*2
2240 X=X7+(R1-A0)+COS(T1)
2250 Y=Y7+(R1-A0)*SIN(T1)
2260 PLOT X,Y
2270 NEXT T1
2280 DUMP GRAPHICS
2290 DISP "F2 to continue "
2300 PAUSE
2310 CLEAR SCREEN
2320 INPUT "Calculate blade number? (1=Yes, 0=No): ",NO
2330 IF NO=0 THEN 2470
2340 PRINTER IS 711
2350 INPUT "Enter axial chord (in.): ",B
2360 INPUT "Enter mean radius (in.): ",R5
2370 S-b/B0
2380 Z1=2*PI*R5/S
2390 B-B0*S
2400 A-A0*S
2410 PRINT
2420 PRINT "Axial chord
                               = ";B;" in."
                             = ";S;" in."
= ";A;" in."
2430 PRINT "Blade space
2440 PRINT "Throat width = ";A;
2450 PRINT "Number of blades = ";Z1
2460 PRINTER IS CRT
2470 DISP "F2 to exit, F3 for another run"
2480 PAUSE
2490 LOAD "DESIGN_MENU", 10
2500 END
```

Figure Dll (cont) TPL Program: TURB3

```
! Title: TURB4
! Author: R. P. Shreeve (09/01/88)
  10
  20
  30
        ! Updated: R. A. Wendland, LCDR, USN, (12/17/91)
        ! Program: Calculate blade height and lossess for given mean
  40
  50
                   line conditions for a single stage axial turbine
  60
 70
       DIM 0(3,17)
       CLEAR SCREEN
       PRINTER IS CRT
  90
 100
       DUMP DEVICE IS 711
 110
       KEY LABELS OFF
 120
       !---- Design Input Data -----
 130
       PRINT "Input data from program 4431T:"
       INPUT "Enter Pt0 (psia): ",P0
 140
       INPUT "Enter TtO (deg R): ",TO
INPUT "Enter delta Tw (DELTW deg R): ",JO
 150
 160
 170
       INPUT "Enter w dot (lbs/sec): ",WO
 180
       !---- Gas Properties -----
       R4=53.393
 190
 200
       G9=1.4
 210
       C9=.24
       J9=778
 220
 230
       G8=32.174
       !---- Velocity Diagram Data -----
 240
 250
       INFUT "Enter Alpha_e (deg): ",L3
INFUT "Enter delta alpha (deg): ",L4
 260
 270
 280
       INPUT "Enter Micr: ",M1
       INPUT "Enter Beta_e (deg): ",B3
 290
       IMPUT "Enter delta beta (deg): ", B4
 300
       IMPUT "Enter M'cr1: ",M3
 310
       INPUT "Enter M'cr2: ",M4
 320
       1---- Stator Blade Data
 330
      CLEAR SCREEN
 340
       PRINT "Input STATOR blade data from TURB3:"
 350
      INPUT "Enter number of blades (z): ", Z1
 360
       INPUT "Enter throat width (a): ",A
 370
       INPUT "Enter axial chord (b): ",B
380
      INPUT "Enter blade spacing (S): ",S
390
      INPUT "Enter blade chord (c): ",C
INPUT "Enter trailing edge thickness (ts): ",T7
 400
410
420
      INPUT "Enter maximum blade thickness (tmax): ",T8
430
      IMPUT "Enter tip clearance (delta t): ",T9
440
      !---- Analysis of the Stator -----
450
      K=1
460
      CLEAR SCREEN
470
      INPUT "Enter STATOR profile loss (fig 15 (ref: 1174VA1)): ",S1
480
      S9-2*S1
490
      NO-1
      X8=M1^2*(G9-1)/(G9+1)
500
510
      X9=X8/(1-S9)
520
      R0=P0*144/(R4*T0)
530
      V0=SQR(2*C9*T0*G8*J9)
540
      P5=(1-X9)^(G9/(G9-1))
550
      T5-1-X8
560
     Ti-T5*TO
570
     P1=P5*P0
580
     R1=R0*P5/T5
590
      !--- Re into stator
600
     X6=X8*(COS(L3)/COS(L3-L4))^2
610
     T=1-X6
620
     P-T^(G9/(G9-1))
630
     R=RO*P/T
640
     J1=T*T0
650
     M8=1.153E-5*.06333*SQR(J1)/(198.72/J1+1)
```

Figure D12 TPL Program: TURB4

```
R9=SOR(X6)*V0*R*C/(M8*12)
660
670
     Q8=R0*V0*SQR(X9)*(1-X9)^(1/(G9-1))
680
     D8-L4
690
     D7=L3
     M-SQR((2/(G9-1))*X8/(1-X8))
700
     PRINT
710
720
     PRINT
     PRINT "STATOR Blade Analysis:"
730
740
     PRINT "-----
750
     PRINT
760
     GOSUB Blading_loss
770
     IF ABS(S9-S6)<.002 THEN 840
780
     PRINT "Above results ere for interation "; NO
     59-56
790
800
     NO=NO+1
810
     GOTO 510
820
     PRINT
830
     PRINT
     PRINT " Blade height = "; E9; " in."
PRINT " Exit press. = "; P1; " psis"
PRINT " Exit temp. = "; T1; " deg R"
840
850
860
870
     PRINT
880
     PRINT
890
     PRINT
     O(K, 16)=P1
900
910
     O(K, 17)=T1
920
     DISP "F2 to continue"
930
     PAUSE
940
     !---- Rotor Blade Data -----
950
     K=2
960
     PRINT "Input ROTOR blade data from TURB3:"
     INPUT "Enter number of blades (z): ", Z1
970
     IMPUT "Enter throat width (a): ",A
980
990 IMPUT "Enter exial chord (b): ",B
1000 IMPUT "Enter blade spacing (S): ",S
1010 IMPUT "Enter blade chord (c): ",C
1020 INPUT "Enter trailing edge the kness (ts): ",T7
1030 INPUT "Enter maximum blade thickness (tmax): ",T8
1040 IMPUT "Enter tip clearance (delta t): ",T9
1050 INPUT "Enter ROTOR profile loss (fig 15, ref: 1174VA1): ",S1
1060 S9-3*S1
1070 NO-1
1080 G7=(G9-1)/(G9+1)
1090 Y8-M4^2*G7
1100 Y9=Y8/(1-S9)
1110 T4=(1-G7*M1^2)/(1-G7*M3^2)
1120 P4=(T4/T5)^(G9/(G9-1))
1130 R3-P4*P5*R0/T4
1140 W3=V0*SQR(T4)
1150 P6=(1-Y9)^(G9/(G9-1))
1160 T6-1-Y8
1170 P2=P6*P4*P1
1180 T2-T5*T4*T0
1210 Y7-M3^2*G7
1220 R9-SQR(Y7)+W3+R1+C/(M8+12)
1230 Q6=R3*W3*SQR(Y9)*(1-Y9)^(1/(G9-1))
1240 D8-B4
1250 D7-B3
1260 M=SQR((T4/T5-1)*2/(G9-1))
1270 PRINT
1280 PRINT
     PRINT "ROTOR Blade Analysis:"
1290
```

```
1310 PRINT
1320 GOSUB Blading_loss
1330 IF ABS($9-$6)<.002 THEN 1380
1340 PRINT "Above results are iteration "; NO
1350 59-56
1360 NO=NO+1
1370 GOTO 1100
1380 PRINT
1390 PRINT
1400 PRINT "
                Blade height = ";H9;" in."
                Exit press. = ";P2;" psis"
Exit temp. = ";T2;" deg R"
1410 PRINT "
1420 PRINT "
1430 PRINT
1440
     PRINT
1450 PRINT
1460 O(K, 16)=P2
1470
     O(K, 17)=T2
1480 DISP "F2 to continue"
1490 PAUSE
1500
     !---- Calculate Stage Performance -----
1510 K-3
1520 P8-P0/P2
     P9=P2*((T0-J0)/T2)^(G9/(G9-1))
1530
1540
     PU-PO/PS
1550
     E8=T0*(1-(1/P8)^((G9-1)/G9))
1560
    E8-J0/E8
1570
     E9=T0*(1-(1/P9)^((G9-1)/G9))
1580
     E9-J0/E9
1590 PRINT
1600
     PRINT "Stage Performence:"
     PRINT "-----
1610
1620
     PRINT
     PRINT "
              Pressure Ratio (T-S) = ";P8;" Efficiency (T-S) = ";E8
Pressure Ratio (T-T) = ";P9;" Efficiency (T-T) = ";E9
1630
     PRINT "
1840
1650
     PRINT
1660
     PRINT
1670 O(K,1)=P8
1680 O(K,2)=E8
1690 O(K.3)=P9
1700 O(K,4)=E9
1710 |---- Print Results -----
1720 PRINT "Data to be printed on Printer."
1730 PRINT "-- Ensure paper is correctly set, press F2 to continue."
1740 PAUSE
1750 PRINTER IS 711
1760 PRINT
1770 PRINT
1780 PRINT TAB(27); "Single Stage Axial Turbine Design"
1790 PRINT TAB(27):"-----
1800 PRINT
1810 PRINT
1820 PRINT TAB(41); "Stator"; TAB(61); "Rotor"
1830 PRINT TAB(41);"----";TAB(61);"----"
1840
     PRINT
1850
     FRINT USING "15X,K,11X,5D,15X,5D"; "No. of Blades"; O(1,8); O(2,8)
     PRINT USING "15X,K";"-----"
1860
1870
     PRINT
1880
     PRINT
1890 PRINT TAB(16); "Blade geometry (inches)"
1900
     PRINT TAB(16);"-----
1910 PRINT
1920 Format1: IMAGE 15X,K,5X,D.3D,14X,D.3D
                                             ",0(1,7),0(2,7)
1930 PRINT USING Format1: "Blade Height
                                             ",0(1,9),0(2,9)
1940 PRINT USING Format1; "Exit Width
                                             ",0(1,10),0(2,10)
1950 PRINT USING Format1; "Axial Chord
```

Figure D12 (cont) TPL Program: TURB4

```
",0(1,11),0(2,11)
1960 PRINT USING Formatl; "Spacing
1970 PRINT USING Format1; "Chord
                                             ",0(1,12),0(2,12)
1980 PRINT USING Formatl; "T.E. Thickness
                                             ",0(1,13),0(2,13)
                                             ",0(1,14),0(2,14)
1990 PRINT USING Formatl; "Max. Thickness
2000 PRINT USING Format1; "Tip Clearance
                                             ",0(1,15),0(2,15)
2010 PRINT
2020 PRINT
2030 Format2: IMAGE 15X, K, 5X, D. 4D, 13X, D. 4D
2040 PRINT TAB(16); "Blade Row Performance"
2050 PRINT TAB(16); "-----"
2060 PRINT USING Format2; "Ref. Profile Loss
                                             ",0(1,1),0(2,1)
",0(1,2),0(2,2)
2070 PRINT USING Format2; "Tot. Profile Loss
                                             ",0(1,3),0(2,3)
2080 FRINT USING Format2; "Sec. Flow Loss
                                             ",0(1,4),0(2,4)
2090 FRINT USING Format2; "Mixing Loss
                                             ",0(1,5),0(2,5)
2100 PRINT USING Format2; "Tip Clearance Loss
                                             ",0(1,6),0(2,6)
2110 FRINT USING Format2; "Total Loss Coeff.
2120 PRINT
2130 Format3: IMAGE 15X,K,5X,3D.2D,14X,3D.2D
2140 PRINT USING Formet3; "Exit Pressure (psia)", O(1,16), O(2,16)
2150 PRINT USING Forma',3; "Exit Temp. (deg R)",0(1,17),0(2,17)
2160 PRINT
2170 PRINT
2180 PRINT TAB(16); "Stage Performance"; TAB(39); "Total-Total"; TAB(59); "Tot-Static"
2190 PRINT TAB(16):"-----";TAB(39):"----";TAB(59);"-----
2200 PRINT
                                             ";0(3,3),0(3,1)
2210 PRINT USING Format1; "Pressure Ratio
                                             ":0(3,4),0(3,2)
2220 PRINT USING Format2; "Efficiency
2230 PRINTER IS CRT
2240 GOTO 2740
2250
     |---- Blading loss subroutine =
2250 Blading_loss: !
2270 !---- Total Profile Loss -----
2280 PRINT "Re = ";R9
2290 INPUT "Enter K(Re) (fig 23, ref: GA1074VA2): ",K1
2300 PRINT "Mach# = ";M
2310 IMPUT "Enter K(M) (fig 18, ref: 1174VA1): ",K3
2320 K2=1+2*(T8/C-.2)
2330 S2-S1*K1*K2*K3
2340 W9-W0+144/(Z1+Q8+A-2)
2350 H9-A*(W9*(1+.77*S2)+.025*S2*D8)
2360 !---- Secondary Flow Loss -----
2370 H5-(S-T7)+COS(D7)/H9
2380 S3=S2*.0323*D8*H5*(1+.962*S2)/(1-.03*D8*H5*S2)
2390 !---- Mixing Loss -----
2400 S4=(T7/S+.962+S2)/(1+.962+S2)
2410 S4=(COS(D7)*S4/(1-S4))^2
2420 $4-$4/(1+$4)
2430 !---- Tip Clearance Loss -----
2440 D6-D7-D8
2450 D5=ATN((TAN(D6)+TAN(D7))/2)
2460 S5=COS(D7)^2*(ABS(TAN(D6)-TAN(D7))^1.5/COS(D5))
2470 S5=2.26*S5*T9/(H9*SQR(B/S))
2480 35-85/(1+85)
2490 !---- Total Losses -----
2500 $6=$2+$3+$4+$5
                                = ";S1
2510 PRINT "Ref. Profile Loss
2520 PRINT "Tot. Profile Loss
                               = ";52
                              ■ ";S3
2530 PRINT "Sec. Flow Loss
2540 PRINT "Mixing Loss
                                - ":54
2550 PRINT "Tip Clearance Loss = ";S5
2560 PRINT
2570 PRINT "
                  Total Loss = ";S6
2580 O(K,1)=S1
2590 O(K,2)=S2
2600 O(K,3)=S3
```

Figure D12 (cont) TPL Program: TURB4

```
2610 O(K,4)=$4
2620 O(K,5)~85
2630 O(K, 6)-S6
2640 O(K,7)=89
2650 O(K,8)-Z1
2660 O(K,9)-A
2670 O(K, 10)=B
2580 O(K,11)=S
2690 O(K, 12)-C
2700 O(K, 13)=T7
2710 O(K,14)=T8
2720 O(K, 15)=T9
2730 RETURN
2740 DISP "F2 to exit, F3 for another run"
2750 PAUSE
2760 PRINTER IS CRT
2770 LOAD "DESIGN_MENU", 10
2780 END
```

Figure D12 (cont) TPL Program: TURB4

```
!Program: DESIGN MENU
20
     !Description: Program to provide Function Key menu selection of programs.
30
40
     CLEAR SCREEN
50
     PRINTER IS CRT
50
     KEY LABELS ON
70
     ON KEY 1 LABEL "R 4431T" GOTO R 4431t
     ON KEY 2 LABEL "A 4431T" GOTO A 4431t
80
     ON KEY 3 LABEL "TURBS" GOTO Turb3
90
    ON KEY 4 LABEL "TURB4" GOTO Turb4
100
     ON KEY 5 LABEL " " GOTO Hold
110
     ON KEY 6 LABEL " " GOTO Hold
120
     ON KEY 7 LABEL "MAIN MENU" GOTO Main
130
     ON KEY 8 LABEL "EXIT
                           MENU" GOTO Exit
140
150
160
     PRINT "Turbo-propulsion Design Programs"
170
     PRINT
180
     PRINT "Item:
                                           Select Function Key"
190
     PRINT
     PRINT " R_4431T: Performanc Calculations
200
     PRINT "
     210
220
                                                     F2"
230
     PRINT " TURB3: Draw Blade Profiles
                                                     F3"
240
     PRINT " TURB4: Blade Height and Loses
250
260
     PRINT
     PRINT " Main Menu
                                                     F7"
270
    PRINT " Exit Menu
280
                                                     F8"
290
300 Hold: !
310 GOTO Bold
320 R_4431t: !
330 LOAD "R 4431T", 10
340 A_44316: I
350 LOAD "A_4431T",10
360 Turb3: 1
373 LOAD "TURB3", 10
380 Turb4: !
390 LOAD "TURB4",10
400 Main: !
410 MASS STORAGE IS "/WORKSTATIONS"
420 LOAD "AUTOST",10
430 Exit: CLEAR SCREEN
440 END
```

Figure D13 TPL Program: DESIGN_MENU

```
!Program: SCAN
10
      !Descrip: Reads voltages from designated scanivalve through scanner #1
20
                and prints to CRT port # and voltages in pressure (in. Hg).
30
      !Devices: HP3495A(701) #1, HP3456A(722), HG-78(707), Scanivalve(1-5)
      !Modify:
40
               Using Molye routines.
50
      !Notes:
                Devices RP3495A and HG-78 use specific communication formats
60
                in the OUTPUT statements by utilizing the image form USING.
70
80
                   HP3495A: OUTPUT 701 USING "DDD"; V+9
                   BG-78: OUTPUT 707 USING "#.K":V
90
100
110
     DIM Press(1:50)
                                          !Assign array in Memory.
120
     !Designate Scanivalve:
     IMPUT "Input Scanivalve, First port, Last port: ", V, First, Last
130
140
150
     OUTPUT 722; "6STG10ST1T3"
                                          !Set-up HP3455A DVM.
160
     CLEAR 701
                                          !Reset HP3495A Scanner.
170
180
     FOR Port_reqd=First TO Last
                                          !Routine to read pressure values.
190
       GOSUB Read
                                          |Subroutine to read Scanivalve
                                          !port number from HG-78.
200
       WAIT .5
       OUTPUT 701 USING "DDD"; V+9
210
                                          !Set Scanner connect DVM to HG-78
220
       TRIGGER 722
                                          !Trigger DVM to read Scanivalve.
       ENTER 722; Press(Port_reqd)
230
                                          !DVM reads value, and writes to
       CLEAR 701
240
                                          !HP9000 memory. Scanner is reset.
250
     NEXT Port_reqd
260
     CLEAR 722
                                          !Reset DVM.
270
280
     PRINT "PORT #", "PRESS (IN. H20)"
                                          !Routine to print results to the
290
     PRINT
                                          HP9000 CRT.
300
     FOR I-First TO Last
310
      PRINT I, Press(I)*100000
320
     NEXT I
330
     GOTO Finish
340
     350
360
370
     380 Read: |
390
     OUTPUT 707 USING "#,K";V
                                      !Routine to call HG-78, ask for the
400
     P0-SPOLL(707)
                                      !current port assigned, read the port
410
     L-BINAND(PO, 15)
                                      Inumber, and convert it to decimal
420
     T=SHIFT(PO.4)
                                      !formet.
430
     M-BINAND(T,7)
440
     Port_read=10*M+L
                                      !Scanivalve port number in decimal
450
     CLEAR 707
                                      !formet. .
460
     IF Port_read=Port_read THEN Exit
                                      !Exit subroutine if reqd port selected
                                      !Advance S/V to next port
470
     OUTPUT 701 USING "DDD"; V-1
     CLEAR 701
                                      !Reset Scanner
480
     WAIT .1
490
500
     GOTO Read
                                      !Loop to Read for another port reading.
510 Exit:RETURN
520 | seesessee of Subroutinesseesesseesesseesesseeses
530 Finish:J
540 END
```

Figure D14 TPL Program: SCAN

```
10
       SUB Plot
 20
       ! Subroutine to display plot screen, less the plots of any curves
 30
       ! for the specified variables in the COM /Plot labels/ line.
       COM /Plot_labels/ Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf,Dx,Dy,TitleS,X_labelS,Y_labelS
 40
 50
       CLEAR SCREEN
 60
       KEY LABELS OFF
 70
       GINIT
                                          !Initialize graph routine
 80
       X_range=Xf-Xo
                                          !Length of X-axis
90
       Y_range=Yf-Yo
                                          !Length of Y-axis
 100
      LORG 6
                                          !Cheracter ref pt:top center
      MOVE 100*RATIO/2,100
110
                                          !Move cursor to screen loc for labels
120
      CSIZE 3
                                          !Sizes labeling
130
      LABEL TitleS
                                          !Plot title
      MOVE 100*RATIO/2,0
140
                                          !Move cursor to bottom center screen
150
      LORG 4
                                          !Character ref pt:bottom center
160
      LABEL X_labelS
                                          !X-axis label
170
      DEG
                                          !Desig degrees for LDIR
180
      LDIR 90
                                          !Sets Y-axis label on end
190
      LORG 6
200
      MOVE 0,50
      LABEL Y_labelS
210
                                          !Y-axis label
220
      LDIR 0
                                          !Reset label to horizontal orientation.
230
      LORG 2
                                          !Chr ref pt:left center
240
      VIEWPORT 10,90*RATIO,10,90
                                          !Sets graph screen size
250
      FRAME
                                          !Box around VIEWPORT
      WINDOW Xo,Xf,Yo,Yf
250
                                          !Set axis lengths in VIEWPORT
270
      AXES X_renge/Dx,Y_renge/Dy,Xo,Yo
                                               !Axes intersect at lower left
      AXES X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xf,Yf
280
                                               !Axes intersect at upper right
290
      GRID X_range/Dx,Y_range/Dy,Xo,Yo,Dx,Dy,.001 !Create dot grid background
                                         |So labels can print outside VIEWPORT
300
      CLIP OFF
      CSIZE 3.0,.4
310
                                         !Axes label size
      LORG 6
320
                                         ! Number X-axis
330
      FOR I=Xo TO Xf STEP X_range/Dx
        MOVE I,Yo-.01*Y_range
340
350
        LABEL USING "#, K"; I
360
      NEXT I
370
      LORG 8
                                         !Number Y-axis
      FOR I=Yo TO Yf STEP Y_range/Dy
380
390
        MOVE Xo-.01*X_range, I
400
        LABEL USING "#,K";I
410
      NEXT I
420
      CLIP ON
430
440
      SUBEND
```

Figure D15 TPL Subprogram: Plot

```
!DateS=FNDateS(TIMEDATE)
10
20
      DEF FNDateS(Seconds)
30
       Julian-Seconds DIV 86400-1721119
       Year=(4*Julian-1) DIV 146097
40
       Julian=(4*Julian-1) MOD 146097
50
60
       Day=Julian DIV 4
70
       Julian=(4*Day+3) DIV 1461
       Day=(4+Day+3) MOD 1461
80
90
       Day=(Day+4) DIV 4
       Month=(5*Day-3) DIV 153 ! Month
100
110
        Day=(5*Day-3) MOD 153
       Day=(Day+5) DIV 5
                                 ! Day
120
        Year=100*Year+Julian
130
140
        IF Month<10 THEN
150
         Month=Month+3
        ELSE
160
170
          Month=Month+3
180
         Year=Year+1
        END IF
190
200
        Year$=VAL$(Year)
210
        IF Month<10 THEN
         MonthS="0"&VALS(Month)
220
        ELSE
230
240
         Month$=VAL$(Month)
250
        END IF
        IF Day<10 THEN
260
270
          DayS="0"&VALS(Day)
        ELSE
280
          DayS=VALS(Day)
290
300
        END IF
        D$=Year$[3,4]&Month$&Day$
310
       RETURN DS
320
330
    FREND
```

Figure D16 TPL Subprogram: FNDate\$

```
10
      !Program:FILE_XFER
20
      Description: transfers selected files to a selected directory, and
                    PURGES the same file if desired.
30
      ON ERROR GOTO Error
40
50
      CLEAR SCREEN
60
      DIM Directory18[35]
70
      DIM Directory28[35]
80
      PRINT "This program transfers files from an existing specified INITIAL directory"
      PRINT "to a NEW directory."
90
     INPUT "Initial Directory? (ex. '/', '/WORK/')", Directory1S
100
      INPUT "New directory? (ex. '/', '/WORK/')", Directory2$
110
120
      CLEAR SCREEN
130
      CAT Directory13
140 Transfer: !
     INFUT "File for transfer (CAT to print directory, QUIT to Exit)", FileS
150
160
      IF FileS="QUIT" THEN Finish
      IF File8="CAT" THEN
170
        CLEAR SCREEN
180
190
        CAT Directory1$
200
       GOTO Transfer
     END IF
210
220 Copy: !
      COPY Directory1$&File$ TO Directory2$&File$
230
      PRINT "File "; Directory 1S&FileS; " transferred to "; Directory 2S&FileS
240
      IMPUT "Purge this file from current directory? (Yes=1 No=0)",Del
250
260
      IF Del=1 THEN
       FURGE Directory1$&File$
270
280
      END IF
290
      GOTO Transfer
300 Error: !
310
     IF ERRE-54 THEN
320
        PRINT "File: ";Directory2$&File$;" already exist."
        IMPUT "Do you want to purge? (0=No 1=Yes)",File_purge
330
340
        IF File_purge=1 THEN
350
          PURGE Directory256FileS
          PRINT "File: ";Directory2$&FileS;" purged."
360
370
          GOTO Copy
380
        ELSE
390
         FRINT "File: ";Directory2S&FileS;" NOT purged."
400
       END IF
410
     END IF
     GOTO Transfer
420
430 Finish: !
440 CLEAR SCREEN
450
    END
```

Figure D17 TPL Program: FILE XFER

- !Program: MAIN MENU returns working window to the Main Menu CONTROL CRT,5;4 !Reset screen color to Green. MASS STORAGE IS "/WORKSTATIONS" LOAD "AUTOST",10 10 20 !Reset screen color to Green.
- 30 40
- END

Figure D18 TPL Program: MAIN_MENU

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